



Government of The People's Republic of Bangladesh

Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Co-operatives

**Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)
Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)**



Report on Outcomes of Social Screening on Proposed improvement of 6 (DRP Camp Based) Hat-Bazar under the Package: EMCRP/W-01

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Abbreviations

Abbreviations	Descriptions
ARIPA	Acquisition and Requisition of immovable property Act;
BC	Bituminous Carpeting
BFS	Brick Flat Soiling
BOQ	Bill Of Quantity
CBO	Community Based Organization
CoC	Code of Conduct
CSO	Civil Society Organization
DOE	Department of Environment
DoF	Department of Forest
D&SC	Design & Supervision Consultant
EMCRP	Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project
ESMF	Environmental and Social Management Framework
FGD	Focus Group Discussion
GPS	Government Primary School
GRC	Grievance Redressed Committee
GRM	Grievance Redressed Mechanism
HBB	Herring Bone Bond
IUCN	International Union for Conservation of Nature
LGED	Local Government Engineering Department
LGRD	Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Co-operatives
N/A	Not Applicable
NGO	Non-Government Organization
OP	Operational Policy
PDO	Project Development Objective
PIU	Project Implementation Unit
PRA	Participatory Rural Appraisal
RCC	Reinforced Cement Concrete
RF	Resettlement Framework
RRRC	Refugee Relief & Repatriation commissioner
RoW	Right of Way
RPF	Resettlement Policy Framework
SMP	Social Management Plan
TP	Tribal People
TMP	Traffic Management Plan
TCP	Traffic Control Plan

1. Background of the project:

The Local Government Engineering department (LGED) under the ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Cooperatives (MoLGRD&C) is one of the government agencies to implement Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP) financed by World Bank. This Project (EMCRP) has been designed in order to reduce the vulnerability of Forcibly Displaced Rohingya People (DRP) along with people from the host communities in Ukhiya and Teknaf Upazila under Cox's Bazar District, to different disasters and improve the social service delivery system and disaster resilience to both the communities. This project will follow a sustainable development pathway that is resilient to disaster and climate change effects. There are twenty-six (26 as per Revised DPP) work packages under the project comprising different construction activities, among them one is Hat-Bazar packages. LGED has decided to improve these six markets to ensuring upgraded civic amenities which are situated in DRP camp with prior consent of CIC, RRRRC and relevant government agencies.. In accordance, a social screening survey has been conducted and it has found that the markets can be improved within the existing market space which is situated at the highest level of flood. EMCRP can be provided and improve adequate drainage system, necessary sheds, open selling and buying yard for male and female separately, safe water supply and necessary latrines facilities will be ensured by the project.

These social screening reports are being prepared for package-EMCRP/W-01 comprising 6 sub projects within the DRP camp following the guidelines of ESMF and RPF. (Details mentioned in below, SL # 2). LGED & D&SC screening results indicates that there are some temporary scattered shops such as grocery shops, Fish and Meat Shop, Multipurpose open sheds are situated within proposed area.

In addition, Hat-Bazar committee and existing traders informed safeguard team that when construction work will be started existing temporary shop replaced nearby open place for temporary basis to vacant RoW and after finished improvement work, they will replace with the new constructed shed. Consultation meeting told that Livelihood will not be hampered during construction period because they replace their business nearby places their own initiatives. These Hat-Bazars have been established in government social afforestation land which is using as DRP camp as decided by government of Bangladesh. So, Land acquisition shall not be needed to implement these sub projects and no trees, structures, community properties or any other assets will be affected by the implementation of sub-projects (6 Hat-Bazar).

2. Location of Sub project

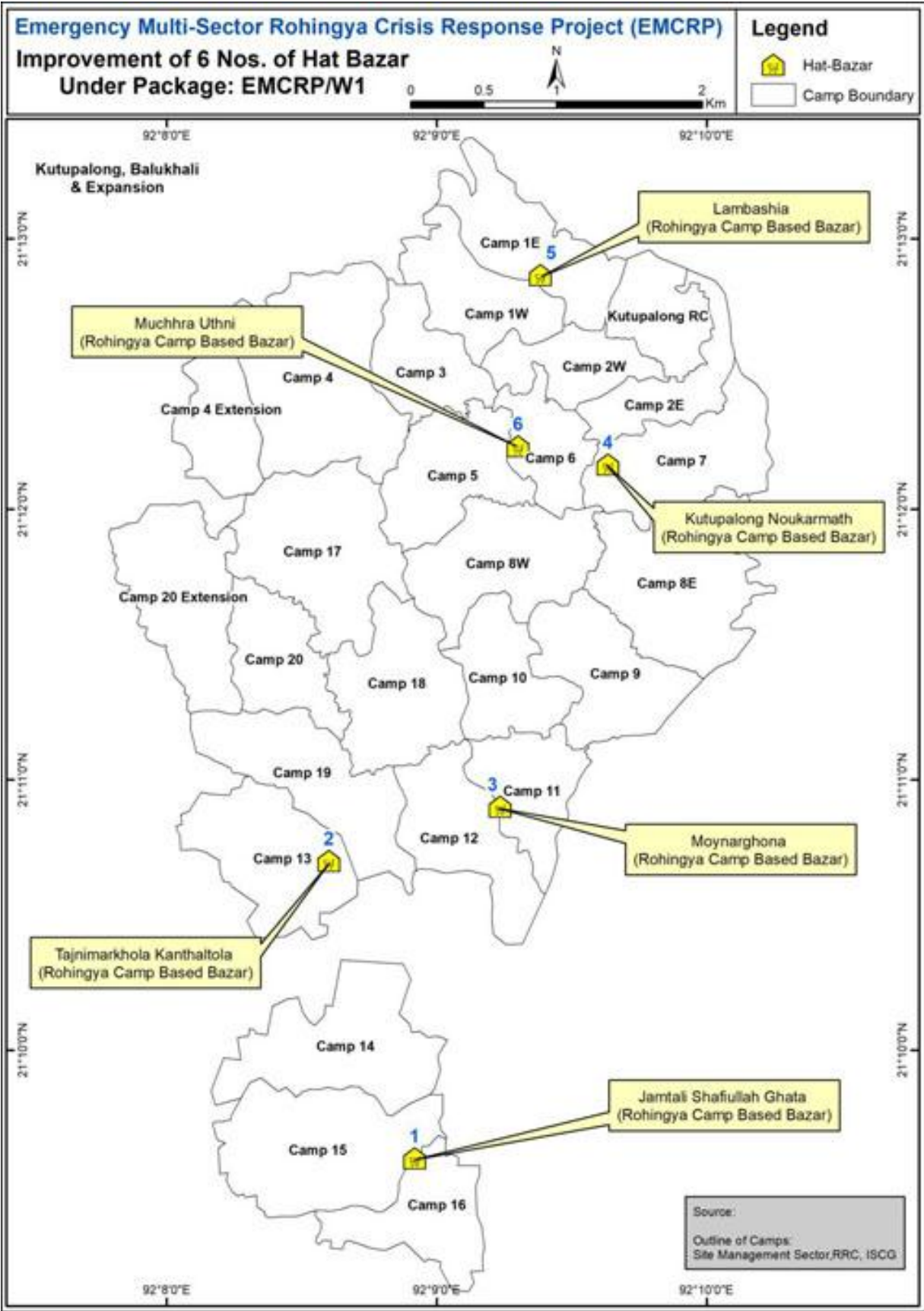
Name of District	Name of Upazila	Sub Package Number	Sub-Project Name (Hat-Bazar)	Total Land of Each Hat-Bazar (Square Feet)	Within the DRP Camp (Number)	Within the Host Community (Number)	Tentative Facilities in Each Hat-Bazar	Remarks
Cox's Bazar	Ukhiya	EMCRP/W1.1	Jamtoli Shafiullah Ghata (DRP Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	110000	1	0	Fish Shed – 1, Meat Shed-1, Multipurpose Shed-1,	Hat-Bazar will be improved 3525 square feet by the replacement of temporary shops/open platform within existing Hat-Bazar.
		EMCRP/W1.2	Tanjimarkhola Kanthaltola (DRP Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	8050	1	0	Women's Market-1, Open Sale Platform - 1,	
		EMCRP/W1.3	Moynarghona (DRP Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	15000	1	0	Toilet cum Urinal-2,	
		EMCRP/W1.4	Kutupalong Noukarmath (DRP Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	5000	1	0	Tubewell-3, Internal Road (if required), and very shallow depth surface drain (if required)	
		EMCRP/W1.5	Lambashia (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	6500	1	0		
		EMCRP/W1.6	Muchra Uthni (DRP Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	15000	1	0		

The Project Map and details location of sub-projects are given below;

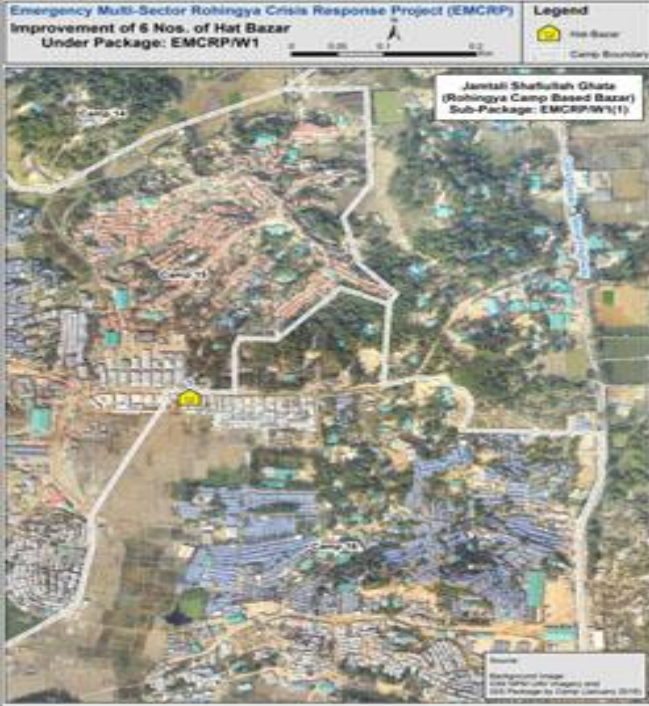
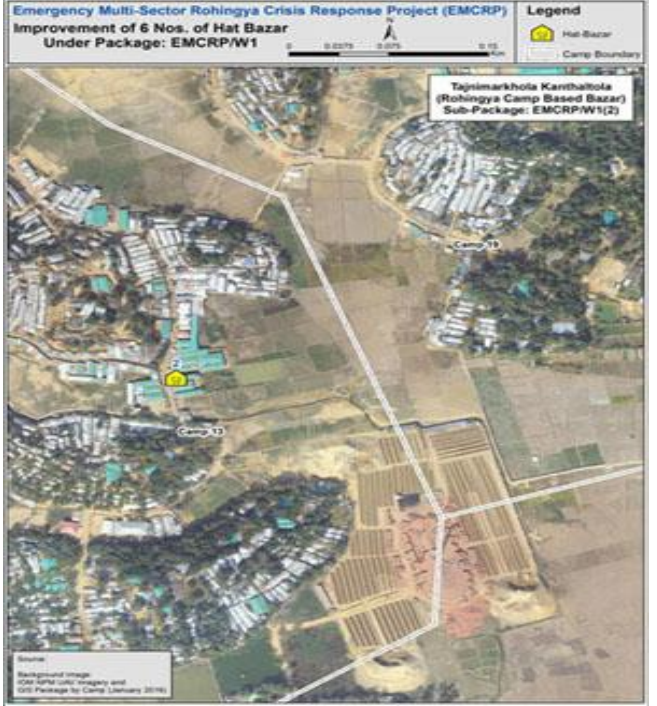


3. Map of Cox's Bazar District with Project Location

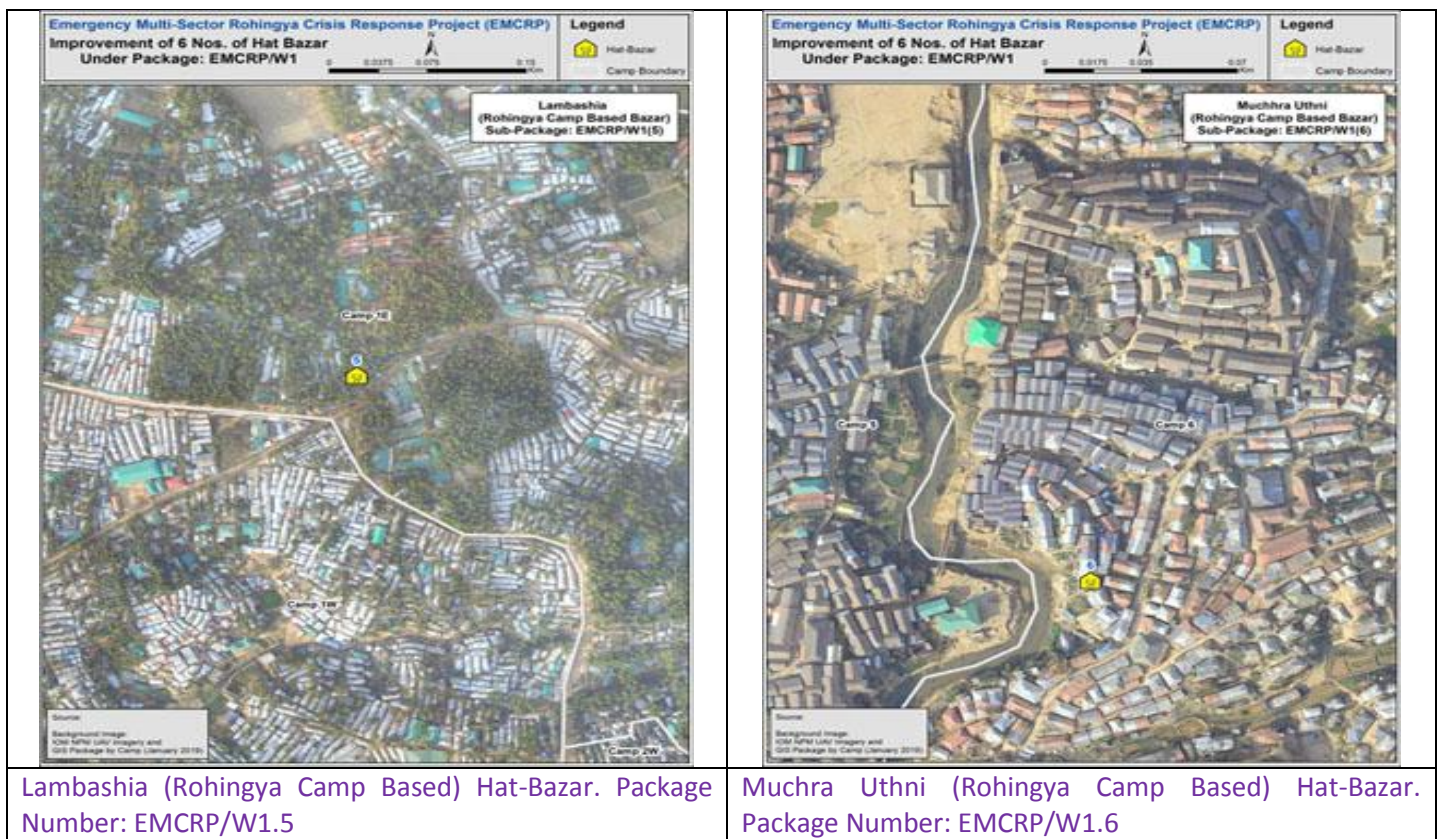


Map illustrating 6 (Six) nos. Hat-Bazar of Work Package EMCRP/W1 locations in the Ukhiya Upazila



4. Map of Sub-Project Location

	
<p>Jamtoli Shafiullah Ghata (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar. Package Number: EMCRP/W1.1</p>	<p>Tanjimarkhola Kanthaltola (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar. Package Number: EMCRP/W1.2</p>
	
<p>Moynarghona (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar. Package Number: EMCRP/W1.3</p>	<p>Kutupalong Noukarmath (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar. Package Number: EMCRP/W1.4</p>



5. Objective of the Screening

Main objective of social screening is to identify existing problems of both buyer and Seller of DRP and host communities and capturing suggestion from them how to mitigate it by providing and enhancing new facilities for the users. However, rural markets are typically smaller, and have a lower volume of trading, the real priorities for improvement are necessary to enhance actual facilities and trading for the DRP and host communities. This may be improved trading efficiency and hygiene. LGED targeted to improve these 6 (Six) Hat Bazars structure, open shed, free-draining, durable and reliable water supply and standard sanitation according to the local demands subject to available space.

Accompanied necessary paved internal roads and pathways have been planned to establish CC lined drains to take water away from the market and keep it dry at all times, tube well pump water supply for use by all market users. Separate supplies may be provided for fish and meat selling sheds, separate toilet facilities for men and women, Multi-purpose selling sheds for the selling of products such as rice, milk, vegetables, spices and household goods Fish and meat selling sheds will be provided according to need there a close a water supply facilities will be ensured.

The project idea is direct improvement of rural infrastructure services and strengthens the capacity of local institutions to manage and finance local transport and trade infrastructure services. In achieving these goals the project will improve quality of life in rural areas by increasing opportunities and assets of the rural poor, and support growth in agriculture and non-farm activities. Furthermore, by promoting participatory approaches the project will encourage greater involvement of local government, communities, and women in local activities, and thus increase the sustainability of rural development achievements.

The overall objective of the screening is to make an assessment of the effect of investments done in developing the markets into DRP camp. The specific objectives of the study have been defined as to:

- Find out the physical changes that took place in the markets and see how well the developed infrastructures and other facilities are being utilized. Also find out the reasons for under-utilization or non-utilization of the infrastructures and other facilities, if any.
- Assess the nature of benefits derived by the participants traders and the general users of the markets and identify the status and categories of the beneficiaries,
- Observe how the private sector investments in and around the developed markets followed the project investments to turn them as real markets with necessary services and trading facilities,
- Record the changes that have followed in the volume of traded goods, number of buyers and sellers, collection of revenues, tolls etc. and
- Profit margins achieved through reduction in spoilage, congestion etc.
- Changes in the overall socio-economic condition of the beneficiaries.

5.1 Yearly Lease Money and Toll of Hat Bazar

Every developed hat bazars has been leased under local administration (UNO) by open tender under the administrative control of ADC (Revenue) of DC office, after awarded the lease holder, the holder will collect the toll money from the seller of hat bazars on regular basis. Meanwhile, traders who are in business in the market has taken a initiative to be formed a Market Management Committee (MMC) from the traders by holding a meeting. Whenever it will be formed (MMC) then the market management committees have careful and more active. Then the committees will take care of the markets which are a good positive side of development and maintenance. It has been found that the market management committees (MMC) not yet formed, somewhere found committee but not active. For sustainable improvement and taking decisions on development and maintenance and further improvement is necessary to be established MMC.

However, the situation undoubtedly will improve in all respects concerning lease, maintenance and management. These issues has been expressed through on lease value and toll collection money which is already been taken initiative by Upazila administration and will be effected after getting consent by CIC.

6. Methodology:

A team consisting of social and environment Specialists of PMU and a design & supervision consultant (D&SC) visited the sub-projects and conducted focus group discussion (FGD) with relevant stakeholders and users (both Host & Rohingya) are participated in formal and informal interactions with existing ad hoc committee of Hat-Bazar along with DRP camp representatives. The Social Development Specialist and Field level Environmental Specialist of Projects Management Unit (PMU) has been provided necessary technical assistance to the screening survey team. A structured questionnaire was used to obtain necessary primary data relating to location and improvement of Hat-Bazar, land acquisition requirement, land ownership, losses of land, assets and other factors. Further information have been collected through interviews by key informants system (KIS) and stakeholder consultation meetings followed by FGD approach to capture the Hat-Bazar committee's opinion and feedback about the sub-projects.

7. Summary of Key Findings:

7.1 Summary impacts:

Proposed sub project will be constructed on a part of existing established temporary Hat-Bazar of DRP camp, it's a government land and no land acquisitions are required proposed Hat-Bazar. Only existing markets will be developed within the periphery which are using as market from the long time. Social Screening surveys predicting that the constructions may affect some temporary grocery shops, fish shop, meat shop, multipurpose business and open sale platform. It is confirmed that no trees require to cut off or

no structures of CRP will be affected. Sub-project will not cause any negative livelihood impacts because Hat-Bazar committee and shopkeepers also informed the team that, when construction work will start temporary business will be shifted nearby open place by their own initiatives and after completion of construction they will revert back to the improved shop or shed. So, livelihood will not be hampered. However, due to change of alignment or if any new impacts are identified, mitigation measures will be taken according to RPF and ESMF. No tribal people are identified during screening. No squatters will be affected by the project.

Even though, we are anticipating and conscious about the possible impact may be occurred during and after construction of Hat-Bazar. LGED obviously take necessary steps as against the negative impact and will take necessary steps with prior consultation with CIC. Local community to address the potential impacts as such;

- Rapid changes in the price of necessary goods due to influxes workers. It also leads to abrupt changes to livelihood systems.
- Due to increases male workers Rohingya people may face many new diseases.
- Unexpected loss of social and cultural relationship between social groups may hamper

The social team has been felt that the process of on-going communication and public involvement ultimately aided in streamlining the process by dealing with issues before they became problems.

7.2 Existing Scenario of Proposed Hat-Bazars:

The sub project does not have any land acquisition or population displacement due to improvement. As hat-bazar are situated within the DRP camp, but from the long time and before Rohingya influx host communities are continuously using these hatbazar, even at present DRP and Host community also regularly using without any obstacle. . Management committee of hat bazar and local communities are consulted by several meeting which are reflected in consultation out comes table-2. During screening, the Hat-Bazar found some temporary shops and sheds. The social survey team has not found any dedicated places in six markets for the female shopkeepers, but project has taken initiative to establish a female corner and those will be operated by females. There have not found any permanent Structures, trees, Common properties or any other permanent assets that will be affected by the sub-projects. Some temporary/venders shops may be shifted at nearby vacant place for the time being. After completion of construction work they will back at improved places. However, during implementation, if any impacts are identified, those will be addressed following the guidelines of RPF and ESMF. Scenarios of key findings are attached in Annex-1.

7.3. Construction induced impact issues:

Since, Existing Hat-Bazars are being implemented in government land, therefore, no land acquisition needed but when construction will be commenced then some temporary shop to be replaced for the time being. However, for carrying the construction materials during the construction of Hat-Bazar may causes damage of road or assets. If any damages are reported by the community or organization, then LGED will arrange consultations along with CIC and contractors to take mitigation measures following to ESMF and RPF.

In addition, LGED has been suggested to construction contractors that to avoid damage of connecting roads, contractor should be mobilized construction materials along strong paved road or highway then bring it at site by small motorize/non-motorize vehicles or using alternative.

7.4 Construction Yard and requisition of land (if required):

The LGED has conducted necessary consultations with stakeholders regarding the construction yard. It has been confirmed that the contractor will use vacant government land as a construction yard during the improvement of the Hat-Bazar. In the event that the contractor needs additional land for the construction

yard and no government land is available, land can be rented from the private landowners for a certain period. However, If LGED prefer to requisition the land, the following steps will be followed.

For requisition of land for temporary purposes, the Acquisition and Requisition of Immovable Property Act 2017 (ARIPA) is the principal legislation governing eminent domain land acquisition and requisition in Bangladesh. The Act requires compensation to be paid for: (i) vacating the requisitioned property (ii) reoccupying the property upon release from the requisition (iii) damaged, the cost to the property during the period of requisition including the expenses that may have to be incurred for restoring to the original condition.

Under the ARIPA 2017, The Deputy Commissioner (DC) determines the value of the requisitioned assets under section 22 (1) and 22 (2) with due consultation with the landowners. According to section 22(6), requisition is allowed only for 2 years. If land is required more than 2 years, a new contract is required with the land owners with an agreed compensation rate. Under section 23, DC will pay the compensation to the land owners. If the land requisitioned has standing crops cultivated by a tenant (Bargadar) under a legally constituted written agreement, the law requires that compensation money be paid in cash to the tenants as per the agreement. Under no circumstances, land requisition is not allowed due affecting residential and community properties. However, under section 20, requisition is only allowed for emergency road repairing. Any losses for structures, trees, and business will follow the provisions of ARIPA 2017.

However, land will not be required for constructor because there is available government land within the market area situated in DRP camp.

7.5 Impact Mitigation Measures:

Apart from the land required for the Hat-Bazar, more land is required for the Hat-Bazar construction sites for establishing temporary facilities, such as contractor labor shed, materials stack yard and store etc. In such cases, the contractor can arrange land for temporary works from outside of the construction area. LGED will make sure the land is free and available in construction site with close consult with CIC without subjecting them to undue influence or force. PMU will follow up the matter.

In addition, the contractor will make sure that the construction area is clearly marked with signage as construction work underway. All signage shall be provided by contractor with good conditions with ease movement and adequate space. **See details in Annex-13.**

8. Consultation:

Consultation involves interaction with relevant stakeholders to inform them about the sub-projects. Involving stakeholders in the process will ensure that the opinions and concerns of various groups are taken into account to facilitate a smooth execution of projects. But the proposed hat bazars are situated in DRP camp hence; it has some limitation of vast consultation as suggested by CIC. More ever female are very reluctant in this area and not agree to attend any public gathering.

Total 77 numbers participants were attended in the consultation meeting shown in table -1. The social safeguard team of EMCRP along with PMU social and environment specialist has conducted a stakeholder consultation meeting at camp with face to face and audio-visual participation of CIC and other officials, local government and civil society's representative. Five (5) CIC officials, fifty-six (56) DRP & DRP Representatives of temporary Market Management Committee (Not yet approved by Deputy Commissioner) and Sixteen (16) Local Stakeholders (Host Communities), Temporary Market Management committee (Not Approved by Divisional Commissioner) & union Parishad Representatives were attended the consultation and provided valuable opinions/suggestions/feedbacks regarding the sub-projects' implementation. Females are very reluctant to attend in a public consultation due to conservative minded. Hence, we have not conducted consultation with female users; even we did not get any female shopkeepers within the existing periphery of the hatbazar. Category wise participants list with date, summery of consultation/FGD outcomes are mentioned below table 1, 2 & 3;

Table: 1: Summary of Consultation Meetings/ FGDs participant's number

No.	Date	Main Participant Groups	No. of Participants		Total
			Male	Female	
1	09/10/2020, 11/10/2020 & 13/10/2020	CIC	5	0	5
2	09/10/2020, 11/10/2020 & 13/10/2020	DRP & DRP Representatives of temporary Market Management committee (Not Approved by Divisional Commissioner)	56	0	56
3	09/10/2020, 11/10/2020 & 13/10/2020	Local Stakeholders (Host Communities), Temporary Market Management committee (Not Approved by Divisional Commissioner) & union Parishad Representatives	16	0	16
Total participants			77	0	77

Table: 2: Summary of Consultation Outcomes

Issues	Opinion and questions	Reply from LGED
Compensation	Have any compensation provision if affected any assets by the project?	Yes, if affected any assets LGED will take necessary steps for compensation based on RPF, WB operational procedure and relevant Government rules and regulations (ARIPA-2017)
Vulnerable traders/severely affected traders	Have any Vulnerable /Severely affected traders/shop keeper along the alignment	If vulnerable traders/shop keeper are identified, mitigation measures will be taken as guided with the RPF. Moreover, contractors will engage vulnerable traders/shop keeper as unskilled labor during construction if they wanted to work.
Improvements of local business facilities	Business facilities will be increased after hat bazar development?	Yes, after Hat-Bazar development economic transaction as well as business related communication will be increased, which will contribute the national economy.
Grievance redress committee	If we have any grievances, what are the processes to raise the grievances?	LGED formed and establish well grievance management procedures by GRC to resolve sub project related grievances if arise. People can entries their grievances by written in a register book preserved in Upazila Engineering office.
structure	Any permanent structure will affect?	No permanent structures were identified within the area during the screening. However, after final design completion if any permanent structures are identified affected during implementation, compensation will be paid following the guidelines of RPF.
land	Except market area any additional land will be required?	Sub project will be implemented within existing Hat-Bazar. So, additional land will not be required for improvement. Additional land may be required for the construction Yard. However, the construction yard shall be chosen from the government land.
livelihood	Livelihood will be hampered?	No, there are no livelihood of Rohingya people will be hampered but some traders need to replace their business adjacent nearby open place for continuing their business and PMU will monitor the subjects closely. So,

Issues	Opinion and questions	Reply from LGED
		Livelihood will not be hampered.
CPR	Any Community properties will affect? Or if affected what sort of mitigation measures will take by LGED	Mosque, temple, historical and cultural establishments will not be affected partially or entirely for the sub-project's implementation.
Trees	Any Trees will affect?	There are no trees has been detected within the market area.
Business loss	Any permanent or temporary business will be affected?	During screening there are some temporary scattered shops such as grocery shops, Fish seller, Meat Shop, Multipurpose shed available in the proposed Hat- Bazar and it will be replaced available nearby vacant places when construction works start. However, if they are affected during construction, mitigation measures will be taken following the guidelines of RPF and ESMF.
Wage loss	Are there any Job opportunities for the daily labor?	Yes, job opportunities will be created for daily local/DRP camp both skill and unskilled labour.
Road safety	During construction work accident may occur, have any plan to mitigate these issues.	Yes, improvement areas safety will be maintained strictly. Before start work contractor will arrange a safety related orientation for staff, traders & DRP camp.

Table: 3: Attendance of numbers Hat-Bazar (CIC, DRP & Host Community) Consultation as follows

Sl. #	Name of Hat-Bazar	Date of Meeti ngs	Meetin g Places	Number of Participants						Total	Issues Discussed	Replied by LGED
				Host		DRP		CIC				
				Male	Fem ale	Male	Fem ale	Male	Fem ale			
1	Jamtoli Shafiullah Ghata (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	09/10 /2020	Mr. Shamsul Alam Shops, Jamtoli, Baggon a.	2	0	8	0	0	0	10	The following issues were discussed during the consultatio n meeting with Community and Institutional stakeholder ; 1.Who will coordinate with constructio n work? 2.Who will monitor the activities? 3.Will	LGED is overall responsible for the project implementation, through the PMU, including the Upazila Engineer, XEN, D&S Consultants and PMU safeguard team also be responsible for coordination and monitoring of the progress of all aspects. Health and safety training shall ensure to the labors during construction for safety and ensured satisfactory mitigation measures as against any adverse impact. Due to female labor force participation being low, GBV training at the work sites will be ensured before the start of construction work to
2	Tanjimark hola Kanthaltol a (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	13/10 /2020	Mr. Sikandar's Shop, Kanthaltol a Bazar	10	0	8	0	1	0	18		
3	Moynargh ona (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	13/10 /2020	Riyadh Store (Moyna rghona Bazar), Block-C5-C6	1	0	11	0	2	0	12		

4	Kutupalong Noukarmath (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	11/10 /2020	Kutupalong Noukarmath Bazar, Camp-7, Block-F & CIC office	0	0	12	0	3	0	15	ensure Safety issues within constructio n area? 4.Asked about GBV or other harassment s.	avoid any conflict with male workers. Also inform to participants that LGED will implement these sub projects with community participants and have scope to complain any grievances to UZ level GRC. No land acquisition will be required as Hat-Bazar will be improved on existing Hat- Bazar, which is entirely Government land. Contractor needs temporary basis additional land for construction materials. Hat- Bazar committee and DRP camp (in consultation with CIC) has agreed to provide space beside the Hat Bazar keep the construction materials during construction work.
5	Lambashia (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	13/10 /2020	Lambashia Char Raster Moar	3	0	4	0	0	0	7	5.Have any scopes to entry any grievances? 6.During constructio n to need additional land for temporary basis? 7.Livelihood of local or Rohingya peoples will be hampered? 8.Have any scope for Rohingya labor? 9.Hat-Bazar constructio n will be hampered movement during work.	No, there are no livelihood of Rohingya people will be hampered but some traders need to replace their business adjacent nearby open place for continuing their business. So, Livelihood will not be hampered. Contractor need to engage local labor as well Rohingya labor (male and Female) priority during their construction work. Contractor shall make sure the temporary barricade surrounding construction areas for traffic movement as well as safety measurement maintain strictly.
6	Muchra Uthni (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	13/10 /2020	Mr. Shafiqul Islam's Shop, Muchra Bazar	0	0	13	0	0	0	13		
				16	0	56	0	5	0	77		

The key outputs of stakeholder consultation meeting are as follows; (See Annex-13 to 19):

- Effective collaboration held on the consultation/ FGD meeting between the stakeholders (Hat-Bazar committee, traders and site management) and LGED regarding these sub-projects' implementation.
- If any daily labor affected during construction, mitigation measures will be taken following the guidelines of RPF.
- Availability of first-aid boxes at the proposed sub-projects site.

- Training for concern stakeholders regarding social safety & security, traffic management, labor influx, among others.
- Avoiding and minimizing adverse social impacts for the site selection, design and construction.
- Ensured various stakeholders' participation, this enhanced their sense of belonging in the proposed sub-projects.
- Identifying unavoidable adverse impacts and will ensure effective mitigation measures.
- Ensuring social conflicts and grievance management during construction period.
- Following labor laws strictly, including recruitment of child labor, adequate code of conduct (CoC) for labor, wages, avoiding discrimination between male and female workers etc.
- Ensuring equal wage for female labor including site security and facilities.
- Ensuring that GBV is not occurring at the working site.

9. Tentative Work Package Components:

The improvement/construction of 6 (six) Hat-Bazar will generally follow the EMCRP designs (concrete structure with tin shed roofing). Each design will be site specific and prepared by the respective Design and Supervision Consultants (D&SC). However, final design and specifications documents prepared will be followed for design and bidding purposes.

EMCRP has taken an enthusiasm decision & included women's market in the design. The increased productivity resulting from low cost and easy supply of inputs and cultivation of high yielding variety of crops in agriculture sector has also given ample opportunities for employment of poor people in the concerned areas.

EMCRP will be installed latrines and urinals separately for both male and female for safe defecation and also be installed tube well ensuring safe drinking water. This healthy environment of the market will be contributed much in attracting large number of buyers and sellers. MMC will look after and ensure all the facilities, if any temporary impact arise they will inform to local administration for necessary steps.

The overall observation on the women market sections is positive so far as the support and cooperation of the community and enthusiasm of the selected women traders are concerned. A report on the use, operation and management manuals of the women market sections already been prepared by LGED HQ which incorporated all related issues and aspects mainly the trading facilities and different aspects of its potential use, community support, management, future prospects etc. Earlier, LGED implemented women's market unit is found fully in operational. Following intervention/components of sub project under Package-W1 will be included as given below in Table 4:

Table 4: Tentative Facilities of the Sub-project

Serial No.	Feature type	Dimensions	Coverage Facilities
1	Fish Shed	25'-0" x 15'-0"	1nos
2	Meat shed	25'-0" x 15'-0"	1nos
3	Multipurpose Shed	40'-0" x 15'-0"	1 to 2nos
4	Women's Market	40'-0" x 15'-0"	1nos
5	Open Sale Platform	40'-0" x 15'-0"	1nos
6	Toilet cum Urinal both male & female	15'-0" x 10'-0" (each)	2nos

7	Tube well	10'-0" x 10'-0" (each)	2 to 3nos
8	Very Shallow depth surface drain		(if required)
9	Internal Road	Not yet decided	

.Note: Depending on the budget allocation and final design the above items may increase or decrease

10. Contractor and Labor Management:

Excluding a small percentage of the skilled workforce (technical), most of the workforces are expected to come from the local Community including DRP Camp who belong to same socio-economic, cultural, religious and demographic background. Based on consultations with stakeholders, implementing contractors need to hire skilled workers from outside the project area or from the host communities. Everybody have to inform that, the Rohingya communities are not permitted by the government to work at any construction site. Therefore, due to only a small percentage of the workforce being from outside, the possibility of any conflicts within the workforce is low. Based on consultations it has been reported that women's participation in construction work is very limited. Due to female labor force participation being low, GBV training at the work sites will be ensured before the start of construction work to avoid any conflict with male workers.

Contractor's area in each site is a combination of the working area surrounding the construction site, material stacking and storing area, labour shed and the office area. Either whole or a major portion of this area shall be just at the construction site for easily handling the labor. Strict instructions have been given to all the contractors to keep their working areas and stacking areas free of garbage, debris and wastes, and free of dust for ongoing EMCRP work areas. They have been held responsible to keep all bulk construction materials such as stone chips, sand, steel etc. covered with plastic sheet.

11. Opportunity of Employment Generation:

Maximizing income-generating opportunities will be created for rural and urban peoples in the project areas, particularly the poor and women, through the construction work as well as future maintenance of the improved transport network. In connection that, during the project implementation period it is assuming that changes in employment generation in terms of direct and indirect employment caused by the project intervention.

Beside the occupational involvement, the survey also attempted to see and compare the employment status in terms of time efficacy. The survey result in project area shows positive effects in both fulltime and part time employment. Eventually fulltime employment both of male and female will be increased respectively and the part time employed members also will be increased by the sub project investment. The numbers of unemployed member will be reduced in project area due to construction work.

Employment generation will be created in a label which we expecting at the level of satisfactory. The survey also revealed that, both income & expenditure of the families may be increased significantly in project area, which will be contributed in our national economy definitely.

Table No: 4: Subproject wise no of labor and total active working days

Sub Package ID # (Hat-Bazar))	Name of Subproject	Total Land of Each Hat-Bazar (Square Feet)	Tentative Per day labor (No)	Days	Total active working days
EMCRP/ W1.1	Jamtoli Shafiullah Ghata (DRP Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	110000	20	270	5400
EMCRP/ W1.1	Tanjimarkhola Kanthaltola (DRP Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	8050	15	270	4050

EMCRP/ W1.1	Moynarghona (DRP Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	15000	18	270	4860
EMCRP/ W1.1	Kutupalong Noukarmath (DRP Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	5000	12	270	3240
EMCRP/ W1.1	Lambashia (DRP Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	6500	14	270	3780
EMCRP/ W1.1	Muchra Uthni (DRP Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	15000	18	270	4860
Grand Total =		159550	97	1620	26190

12. Labor and Contractors Management due to COVID-19:

Contractors will develop specific procedures or plans so that adequate precautions during hat Bazar construction work as like ongoing road & shelter construction works are in place to prevent or minimize an outbreak of COVID-19, and what shall be done if a worker gets sick.

- Assessing the characteristics of the workforce, including those with underlying health issues or who may be otherwise at risk.
- Confirming workers are fit for work, to include temperature testing and refusing entry to sick workers
- Considering ways to minimize entry/exit to site or the workplace, and limiting contact between workers and the community/general public.
- Training workers on hygiene and other preventative measures, and implementing a communication strategy for regular updates on COVID-19 related issues and the status of affected workers.
- Treatment of workers who are or should be self-isolating and/or are displaying symptoms.
- Assessing risks to continuity of supplies of medicine, water, fuel, food and PPE, taking into account international, national and local supply chains.
- Reduction, storage and disposal of medical waste.
- Adjustments to work practices, to reduce the number of workers and increase social distancing
- Expanding health facilities on-site compared to usual levels, developing relationships with local health care facilities and organize for the treatment of sick workers.
- Building worker accommodations further apart, or having one worker accommodation in a more isolated area, which may be easily converted to quarantine and treatment facilities, if needed
- Establishing a procedure to follow if a worker becomes sick (following WHO guidelines).
- Implementing a communication strategy with the community, community leaders and local government in relation to COVID-19 issues on the site.

For supporting health facilities, plans or procedures will be in place to address the following issues:

- Obtaining adequate supplies of medical PPE, including gowns, aprons, curtains, medical/non-medical fabric masks and respirators (N95, KN95 or FFP2); gloves (medical, and heavy duty for cleaners); eye protection (goggles or face screens); hand washing soap and sanitizer; and effective cleaning equipment. Where relevant PPE cannot be obtained, the plan should consider viable alternatives, such as cloth masks, alcohol-based cleansers, hot water for cleaning and extra handwashing facilities, until such time as the supplies are available.
- Training medical staff on the latest WHO advice and recommendations on the specifics of COVID-19.
- Conducting enhanced cleaning arrangements, including thorough cleaning (using adequate disinfectant) of catering facilities/canteens/food/drink facilities, latrines/toilets/showers, common areas, including door handles, floors and all surfaces that are touched regularly.
- Training and providing cleaning staff with adequate PPE when cleaning consultation rooms and facilities used to treat infected patients.

- Implementing a communication strategy/plan to support regular communication, accessible updates and clear messaging to health workers, regarding the spread of COVID-19 in nearby locations, the latest facts and statistics, and applicable procedures.

Most critical social issues are being maintaining at the site during COVID-19 pandemic. With the lockdown imposed by the government with effect from 26th March, 2020, work in all EMCRP packages contractors as well as workers has been following the below Site Poster Illustrating COVID-19 as Precautionary Measures;





13. Traffic Management:

During the construction of shed and internal road, alternative roads need to be ensure for easy movement for buyer & Sellers both camp peoples and local people. The contractor will ensure alternative road for smooth movement of the hat bazar users.

14. Monitoring System:

LGED is overall responsible for the project implementation, through the PMU, including the Upazila Engineer, XEN, D&S Consultants and PMU safeguard team for the collection, collating, analysis and reporting. In addition, the field level team is also responsible to collect and update information of any adverse impact that has occurred during construction. These stakeholders will be responsible for monitoring the progress of all aspects of the project, will identify any significant impacts that are raised and will suggest actions to be taken regarding any adverse impacts. The construction contractor will be deployed a Social Safeguard officer to monitor the field level safe guard activities and will report to the concern persons. Field level data will be collected on a regular basis to check the progress on whether sub projects activities are on track or not.

15. Grievance Redress:

The EMCRP has formally formed a grievance redress committee of 07 members consisting of the Upazila Engineers of each of the concerned Upazila. During construction if raise any grievances those will be addressed by this existing committee. A grievance register is maintaining at each Upazila and communities. Community members are encouraged to present any complaints to Upazila level GRC and women are encouraged to complain at their place of convenience, which are given to the GRC to resolve. In addition, the PMU will be using contact details displayed on the Environmental and Social signboard and details stated in GRC leaflet, which will be disclosed within projects area very soon.

To address host communities' grievances, a four level GRM has established with the support of LGED. Details are given below;

First level (community and camp level grievance reporting): The first level and most accessible and

immediate contact for the fast resolution of grievances will be on-site at community level. Due to the nature of the project, there will be two grievance reporting procedures.

Grievance reporting by Host communities: Grievances may also emerge from host communities primarily due to project activities; these grievances may be reported to the grievance focal point of LGED/D&SC and representative from LGED (Specialist of social safeguard) team. If the grievances are not resolved at this stage, they will be referred to the XEN of LGED for further steps. With the first level grievance committee, will be engaged.

The focal person will fully document the following information: (i) name of the person; (ii) date complaint was received; (iii) nature of complaint; (iv) location; and (v) how the complaint was resolved.

Second level GRM (Camp Level): All the shelter situated within host community. So, no scope to entry any grievance from DRP communities for shelter construction.

For Host Community (if remain unresolved at local level), Environmental/Social safeguard specialist (Upazila Engineer and PIU, LGED) will raise the matter to Executive Engineer Level Grievance Redress Committee (XEN-GRC) at the office of LGED Cox's Bazar. The safeguard specialist will fully document the following information: (i) name of the person; (ii) date complaint was received; (iii) nature of complaint; (iv) location, and (v) how the complaint was resolved.

Third level (District level GRC): If the grievances remain unresolved at LGED Executive Engineer's Office level, the LGED PIU will activate the third level of the GRM by referring the issue (with written documentation) to a Grievance Redress Committee (GRC). Which will, based on review of the grievances, address them in consultation with the DPD & PD and safeguard consultants? A software-based system will be developed to register and follow-up grievance cases. Parallel, manual systems are being following to assure functionality in the initial stages of the project.

Fourth Level (National Level): If a grievance remains unsolved at district level, it will be referred to the respected agencies at the national level i.e. MOLGRD&C. LGED will address the referred grievances using their existing grievances resolution protocols Safeguards focal points of relevant agencies will be responsible for facilitating the resolution process. All the meeting minutes of a particular case (level 1-level 3) must be presented before the hearing. Based on the hearing and supporting document, committee will solve the issues. Moreover, in case of any labor related issues, labors can directly complain to the contractors and contractors are bound to solve the issues immediately by Bangladesh Labor law 2006. Labors of host communities are also allowed to complain to any level directly.

In addition, communities and individuals who believe that they are adversely affected by this World Bank (WB) supported project may submit complaints to existing project-level grievance redress mechanisms or the WB's Grievance Redress Service (GRS). Complaints may be submitted at any time after concerns have been brought directly to the World Bank's attention.

16. Positive impacts by the sub-project:

The proposed sub-project implementation will contribute to better socio-economic conditions and will have positive impacts on the quality of life of the DRP and local community. The social opportunities that will contribute positive impacts are given below;

- Easy movement will be ensured for the vulnerable sections of host community persons and Rohingya people also such as; Older people, Women's and children.
- Traders will get available hygiene space.
- Buyer and sellers will get improved facility for safety movement due to improvement of the Hat.
- Local farmers will get actual price of their productive commodities.
- Employment opportunity will be created and income of local people will also be enhanced.
- Livelihood will be improved.
- Reduce spoilage of perishable items.

17. Social Management Plan (SMP):

Based on public consultation, a Social Management Plan identifies the mitigation and management activities that need to be in place in order to eliminate the marginal social impacts or to reduce them to an acceptable level and the process will be continued subsequently. Site-specific mitigation plans are given below;

Potential Social impacts/ Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Project stage	Institutional responsibility	Supervision Responsibility
Loss of land / and other physical assets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No land acquisition will be required as Hat-Bazar is inside the camp. No additional land will be required to construct the Ha-Bazar. Carrying out analysis of alternatives to avoid involuntary taking of land and other physical assets. Separate census survey may be needed if tents/shelters are required to be shifted temporarily. We expecting no grievances will be found from the neighboring in the sub projects. If we get any grievances from the sub project then it will be recorded then we will take necessary steps to solve the problems in consultation with CIC. 	Pre-Construction stage	PIU	Social Development Specialist, Environmental Specialist and Gender Specialist of PIU, PSC and D&SC
Loss of livelihood	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In case of temporary shops and vendors need to be replaced then keeping continuous their business and income, project will provide continued business necessary measures. Contractor will engage host labor as priority (both skilled and unskilled) at their construction work. Preferable employment with contractor for the affected unskilled workers if available. Woman labor shall get priority from the DRP (Only in Camp) and host community at the time of labor recruitment. No cash compensation to the DRP is allowed If structures are affected within the camp, contractors/project will replace/reconstruct the affected structures with the cost of project. Must be maintained code of conduct is required within construction site for both Rohingya and outside labors. <p>During construction work social safeguard</p>	Pre-Construction stage	PIU & Contractor	Social Development Specialist, Environmental Specialist and Gender Specialist of PIU, PSC and D&SC

	compliance will be maintained properly by the contractor.			
Loss of Business	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cash compensation equivalent replacement value of structure (or part of structure) constructed by the DP. 	Pre-Construction stage	PIU & Contractor	Social Team and PIU
Loss of Trees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cash compensation will ensure and will incur in BOQ for fruits bearing trees based on annual net product market multiplied by productive years. Cash compensation equivalent to prevailing market price of timber for non-fruit trees. 	Pre-Construction stage	PIU & Contractor	
Stakeholders Engagement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All the project stakeholders will be consulted. All the safeguard documents will be disclosed to all the relevant stakeholders before the start of construction works. Ensured consultation meeting with Rohingya male and female about the project objectives and scope of works. All the stakeholders will be informed about the GRM. 	Pre-Construction stage	PIU & Contractor	Social Development Specialist, Environmental Specialist and Gender Specialist of PIU, PSC and D&SC
Loss of right to access induced impacts.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In case of unavoidable circumstances, alternative access will be provided. Mitigation measures will be taken at the satisfactory level after discussion with Hat-Bazar committee. 	Pre-Construction stage	PIU	Social Development & Environmental Specialist and Gender Specialist of PIU, PSC and D&SC
Site Selection & implementing interventions: Human-elephant conflict	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selection of sub-project sites and all implementing interventions must take place outside of the elephant corridor/influence area. Elephant Human conflict need to be avoided. A consultation meeting has to be conducted with CIC during site selection. 	Pre-Construction stage	PIU	Social Development Specialist, Environmental Specialist and Gender Specialist of PIU, PSC and D&SC
Site Preparation: Soil Erosion; Alteration of natural drainage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construction facilities including material are to be placed at least 30 meters away from any water body in order to minimize impacts on water bodies and natural flow paths. Any disruption of socially sensitive areas with regard to human habitation and areas of cultural significance will be avoided. Social, cultural and religious institution like; Educational institution, Mosque, temple, archeological structure shall 	Pre-Construction stage	PIU	Social Development Specialist, Environmental Specialist and Gender Specialist of PIU, PSC and D&SC

	<p>take care of carefully for avoiding or minimizing physical fractures and esthetical values.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minimize cut & fill operations, the site clearing and grubbing operations will be limited to specific locations only. The contractor shall ensure that site preparation activities do not lead to disruption of activities of the local resident's even sellers, buyers and traders. 			
Dust	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construction machinery shall be properly maintained to minimize exhaust emissions of CO, particulate matter (SPM, PM_{2.5}, 10) and Hydrocarbons. Dust generated as a result of clearing, leveling and site grading operations shall be suppressed using water sprinklers. Dust generation due to vehicle movement on haul roads/access roads shall be controlled through regular water sprinkling. 	Pre-Construction stage	Contractor	Environmental Consultant of PIU, PSC and D&SC.
Safety Issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An unauthorized person entry to the proposed site shall be restricted and proper storage and control of hazardous materials on site ensured. Health and safety training should be ensured to the Rohingya labors. All the camp labors to wear ID cards. Child labors are not allowed for any form of activities Site(s) shall be secured by fencing and by fencing and ridge (if needed). Ensuring that clear safety policies and procedures are in place and strictly enforced is essential, as is regular inspection and maintenance of all workplace equipment. To be ensured immediately testing for COVID-19 affected labor even ensures testing for everybody working together and urgently consult with health experts consult with health experts. Contractor will take necessary measures with prior consent of local LGED, D&SC and PMU. 	Construction stage	Construction Contractor	
Traffic Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Traffic management plan (TMP) will be developed by construction contractors. Contractor will develop traffic control plan (TCP) considering the car 	Construction stage	Construction Contractor	Social & Environmental Specialist of PIU and D&SC

	<p>movement, bi-cycle, and Rickshaw movement, pedestrian facility, storage, Load and unload of materials from the transport etc. Clear and specific indication will be in the TMP where parking lot will be established and how it will be managed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adequate arrangement will be in TMP for reducing inconveniences of pedestrians, disabled persons, cyclists, transit service, emergency vehicles, trucks and general-purpose traffic. • Adequate alternative arrangements to be made to minimize impact on motorist and pedestrians. • Traffic signs will be both in Bangla and Rohingya language at appropriate places 			
Quality construction work of the Hat-Bazar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Respected community deserving quality construction works (side by side with the construction engineers and Design and Supervision Consultant). 	Construction stage	Construction Contractor	Social & Environmental Specialist and D&SC
Safety during construction of the Hat-Bazar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Awareness building program will be taken on social safety matters through providing training from the project before commencement. • At the same time, compliance will be ensured by the contractors. 	Construction stage	Construction Contractor	Social & Environmental Specialist of PIU and D&SC
Drinking water and sanitation facility for male and female workers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construction hosts shall have adequate drinking water facility by ensuring water filter, water sealed latrines, urinals and appropriate bathing facilities. 	Construction stage	Construction Contractor	Social & Environmental Specialist of PIU and D&SC
Noise from construction works	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construction activity shall be restricted to daytime as far as possible to avoid noise and sound pollution. 	Construction stage	Construction Contractor	Social & Environmental Specialist of PIU and D&SC
Followed PPE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wherever required, personal protective equipment (PPE) such as ear plugs, earmuffs, helmets, etc. will be provided by the contractor to the persons working in high-risk areas. 	Construction stage	Construction Contractor	Social & Environmental Specialist of PIU and D&SC
Labour Base Host: Conflicts with the local residents	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An alternate arrangement for fuel wood, heating and cooking should be arranged for the labors at labor camp. • Awareness building about nutrition, disaster risk resilience or mitigation, adoption of clean energy for cooking; and prevention of child abuse, child marriage, GBV, sexual harassment, trafficking of women and children as 	Construction stage	Construction Contractor	Social Development Specialist and Gender Specialist of PIU, PSC and D&SC

	<p>well as illegal drug trade.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work force should be prohibited from disturbing the flora, fauna including hunting of animals, wildlife hunting, poaching and tree felling. • Treated water will be made available at site for labour drinking purpose. • Adequate accommodation arrangements for labour and code of conduct to be disclosed through consultation and FGD. 			
Health & Safety Risks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The potential for exposure to safety events such as tripping, working at height activities, fire from hot works, smoking, failure in electrical installation, mobile plant and vehicles, and electrical shocks. • Exposure to health events during construction activities such as manual handling and musculoskeletal disorders, hand-arm vibration, temporary or permanent hearing loss, heat stress, and dermatitis. • All construction equipment used for the execution of the project works shall be fit for purpose and carry valid inspection certificates and insurance requirements. • The risk assessment shall be prepared and communicated prior to the commencement of work for all types of work activities on site. • Provide signposted and with adequate lighting for diversion road or temporary road. • Signposts clearly mention any slippery areas of diversion. • Carry out fire risk assessment for the construction areas, identify sources of fuel and ignition and establish general fire precautions including, means of escape, warning, and fighting fire. • Set up a system to alert workers on site. This may be temporary or permanent mains operated fire alarm. • Fire extinguishers will be located at identified fire points around the site. The extinguishers shall be appropriate to the nature of the potential fire. • Establish and communicate emergency response plan (ERP) with all parties, the ERP to consider such things as 	Construction phase	PIU and Contractor	Environmental Consultant as well as Social Development and Gender Specialists of PIU, PSC, and D & SC

	<p>specific for foreseeable emergency situations, organizational roles and authorities, responsibilities and expertise, emergency response and evacuation procedure, in addition to training for personnel and drills to test the plan.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical equipment must be safe and properly maintained; works shall not be carried out on live systems. • Only competent authorized persons shall carry out maintenance on electrical equipment, adequate personal. • Electrical equipment must be safe and properly maintained; works shall not be carried out on live systems. • Only competent authorized persons shall carry out maintenance on electrical equipment, adequate personal. • Protective Equipment (PPE) for electrical works must be provided to all personnel involved in the tasks. • An adequate number of staff and first aiders shall be on site in accordance with Bangladesh Labor Law requirements. • First aid kit with adhesive bandages, antibiotic ointment, antiseptic wipes, aspirin, non-latex gloves, scissors, thermometer, etc. shall be made available by the contractor on site. • Emergency evacuation response shall be prepared by the contractor and relevant staff shall be trained through mock-up drills. • Ensure all equipment is suitable for jobs (safety, size, power, efficiency, ergonomics, cost, user acceptability etc.), provide the lowest vibration tools that are suitable and can do the works. • Ensure all tools and other work equipment are serviced and maintained in accordance with maintenance schedules and manufacturer's instructions. • Regular noise exposure assessments and noise level surveys of noisy areas, processes and equipment shall be carried out in order to form the basis 			
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	<p>for remedial actions when necessary.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Awareness training sessions will be established and provided to all personnel involved during the construction phase in order to highlight the heat related illnesses of working in hot conditions such as heat cramps, heat exhaustion, heat stroke, dehydration. • Ensure adequate quantities of drinking water are available at different locations within the site. • Eliminate the risk of exposure whenever possible, provide proper PPE wherever necessary and to ensure that there are satisfactory washing and changing facilities. • Ensure that all workers exposed to a risk are aware of the possible dangers. They will be given thorough training in how to protect themselves and there will be effective supervision to ensure that the correct methods are being using. • Based on ESMF construction, contractor will deploy Social Safeguard officer to ensure safety measures. 			
The sub-projects are expected to be sustainable	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The safeguard issues and maintenance of the Hat-Bazar will be taken care of by the concerned Union Parishad and Upazila Parishad for sustainability. 	Operation & Maintenance	Union council and Upazila Parishad	LGED and Local Governance institution
<p>Health & safety risks to workers & Local community/DRPs</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pollution from waste materials <p>Health & Safety risks to workers and local community/DRPs</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The main mitigation and monitoring measures to minimize or reduce the environmental and social impacts during decommissioning are anticipated to be similar to those identified for the construction phase. 	Decommissioning during the project implementation period (including site clearance after the construction)	PIU, Contractor, D & SC	LGED and Upazila Parishad

18. Recommendations:

Disclosure of all relevant project construction information during consultation processes with concerned DRP camp is crucial. The involvement of relevant stakeholders in the sub-project's (Hat-Bazar) implementation process will help to build a sense of belonging within the DRP camp. Furthermore, establishing and maintaining an effective Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM) would enable any affected parties to present their issues and gain equitable solutions to their problems by impartial hearing.

Issues of social safety are important during the construction period. Before starting construction work, the stakeholders to be engaged for the construction of Hat-Bazar will undergo a short orientation course (to be organized by the contractor) on necessary awareness, motivation and compliance of their assigned responsibilities properly.

19. Conclusions:

Land acquisition will not be required for improvement of the sub projects; owner of the required land is government. Furthermore, issues of the temporary replacement of the sellers or displacement of temporary shops are not expecting to create major problem during the construction. Before starting construction work traders are willingly replace their shops nearby vacant place subject to necessity. The proposed Hat-Bazar will be implemented on government land within existing hat bazar occupied by DRP camp which is sufficient for implementation of the proposed sub projects. A Management Plan has been prepared for mitigation of problems if any arise during the construction period. Additionally, the proposed sub projects are not expected to affect any community/Common property/cultural center /archeological properties. The proposed sub-projects implementation is not expected to generate any significant negative social impacts.

Through the implementation of the sub projects, direct and indirect employment will be generated through the engagement of construction work, which will positively impact the host community as well as DRP camp. The project will also require a good number of unskilled workers that will also be taken from the host community/DRP camp which also contribute to the local economy. Peoples are expecting to introduce modern hygiene facilities. All these factors have incremental value on socio-economic aspects as well as the local economy. Therefore, implementations of the proposed sub-projects are safe and highly recommended.

Annex-01: At a Glance Key Findings by Social Screening of 6 Sub Project's under package number EMCRP/W.1 (Hat Bazar), LGED.

Sl #	Name of Subproject (Hat-Bazar)	Package Number	Nature of work	Location of Sub Project	Total Land of Each Hat-Bazar (Square Feet)	Ownership of Proposed Land	Loss of livelihood due to construction	Status of Land Acquisition (LA) Yes/No	Status of Replacement & Relocation (Yes/No)**	Status of Resettlement Yes/No	Tribal People	Status of Stakeholders Consultation	Recommendation
01	Jamtoli Shafiullah Ghata (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	Package Number: EMCRP/W1.1	Open Platform (Basement-Concrete Made and Shed-Tin)	Ukhiya Upazila in Cox's Bazar district	110000	Government land	No	No	Yes	No	No	Done	Recommended for implementation
02	Tanjimarkhola Kanthaltola (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	Package Number: EMCRP/W1.2	Open Platform (Basement-Concrete Made and Shed-Tin)	Do	8050	Government land	No	No	Yes	No	No	Done	Recommended for implementation
03	Moynarghona (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	Package Number: EMCRP/W1.3	Open Platform (Basement-Concrete Made and Shed-Tin)	Do	15000	Government land	No	No	Yes	No	No	Done	Recommended for implementation
04	Kutupalong Noukarmath (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	Package Number: EMCRP/W1.4	Open Platform (Basement-Concrete Made and Shed-Tin)	Do	5000	Government land	No	No	Yes	No	No	Done	Recommended for implementation
05	Lambashia (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	Package Number: EMCRP/W1.5	Open Platform (Basement-Concrete Made and Shed-Tin)	Do	6500	Government land	No	No	Yes	No	No	Done	Recommended for implementation
06	Muchra Uthni (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	Package Number: EMCRP/W1.6	Open Platform (Basement-Concrete Made and Shed-Tin)	Do	15000	Government land	No	No	Yes	No	No	Done	Recommended for implementation

Note: ** Status of Replacement & Relocation: -Though existing Hat-Bazar have some temporary scattered shops such as grocery shops, Fish seller, Meat Shop, Multipurpose open shed available in the proposed RoW. But Hat-Bazar committee and traders informed screening team that when construction work will be started existing temporary shop replaced nearby open place for temporary basis and after finished improvement work, they will replace with the new constructed shed.

Description of W1.1, W1.1, W1.2, W1.3, W1.4, W1.5 and W1.6 (According to field visit)

Sl #	Name of Subproject	Package Number	Name of the Upazila	Starting Point	Total Land of Each Hat-Bazar (Square Feet)	Consulting Meeting Date	Consulting Meeting time	Venue	Participants	Outcomes
1	Jamtoli Shafiullah Ghata (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	Package Number: EMCRP/W1 .1	Ukhiya Upazila	Latitude Value: 21°09'36" N Longitude Value: 92°08'55" E	110000 8050	09/10/2020	09.30 AM	CIC Office	CIC, ACIC & Focal	Government Representatives (CIC & Focal): - <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CIC suggested consultation team, bazar design should finalize in the consultation with CIC and need to inform Deputy commissioner (DC). In consultation meeting, UP representatives emphasized on speedy work and smooth implementation of the activities for interest of existing shop owners. In addition, they also raised some issues that need to consider by the project Management team with due importance. Upcoming Monsoon may create obstacle and in some cases project activities can slower down. Therefore, EMCRP-LGED need to adopt effective and dynamic strategy to complete the work before Monsoon. Local Government body also confirmed the safeguard team and other stakeholders of the project that no property or belongings of the camp HHs will be affected due to project intervention only some trader's temporary replaces their shops nearby open place. Stakeholders (DRP camp, Hat-Bazar committee, Host & Union Parishad Representatives): - <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DRP communities are main stakeholders are main driving forces as well as major stakeholder in this project implementation. In consultation with DRP camp, Hat-Bazar committee, Host communities the
						09/10/2020	11.00 AM	Sub-Project Area	Local Stakeholders (DRP, Host & Union Parishad Representatives)	
2	Tanjimarkhola Kanthaltola (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	Package Number: EMCRP/W1 .1	Do	Latitude Value: 21°10'42" N Longitude Value: 92°08'36" E	15000 5000	13/10/2020	10.00 AM	CIC Office	CIC, ACIC & Focal	
						13/10/2020	12.30 PM	Sub-Project Area	Local Stakeholders (DRP, Host & Union Parishad Representatives)	
3	Moynarghona (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	Package Number: EMCRP/W1 .3	Do	Latitude Value: 21°10'54" N Longitude Value: 92°09'14" E	6500	13/10/2020	10.20 AM	CIC Office	CIC, ACIC & Focal	
						13/10/2020	12.15 PM	Sub-Project Area	Local Stakeholders (DRP, Host & Union Parishad Representatives)	
4	Kutupalong Noukarmath (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	Package Number: EMCRP/W1 .4	Do	Latitude Value: 21°12'10" N Longitude Value: 92°09'38" E	110000 8050	11/10/2020	11.45 AM	CIC Office	CIC, ACIC & Focal	
						11/10/2020	02.30 PM	Sub-Project Area	Local Stakeholders (DRP, Host & Union Parishad Representatives)	
5	Lambashia (Rohingya)	Package Number: EMCRP/W1	Do	Latitude Value: 21°12'52" N	15000	13/10/2020	1.20 PM	CIC Office	CIC, ACIC & Focal	

	Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	.5		Longitude Value: 92°09'23" E	5000	13/10/2020	04.00 PM	Sub-Project Area	Local Stakeholders (DRP, Host & Union Parishad Representatives)	following aspect came out that should address properly for the betterment of the project implementation;
6	Muchra Uthni (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar	Package Number: EMCRP/W1 .6	Do	Latitude Value: 21°12'14" N Longitude Value: 92°09'18" E	6500	13/10/2020	11.30 AM	CIC Office	CIC, ACIC & Focal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Existing alignment should use to improvement of Hat-Bazar. DRP camp including shop owners are very much eager to see improved Hat-Bazar where hygienic facilities will remain inbuilt. There is some problem may arise at the time project intervention but they are very much willing to take these sorts of pain taking efforts. If arise social tension or undue influence by the vested interest group If necessary, they agree to provide open space for keeping construction materials.
						13/10/2020	04.00 PM	Sub-Project Area	Local Stakeholders (DRP, Host & Union Parishad Representatives)	

Annex-02: Pictures of Present Condition & location of 6 Sub-Projects (Hat-Bazar) under package EMCRP/W1, LGED.



Jamtoli Shafiullah Ghata (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar Package Number: EMCRP/W1.1



Tanjimarkhola Kanthaltola (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar Package Number: EMCRP/W1.2



Moynarghona (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar Package Number: EMCRP/W1.3



Kutupalong Noukarmath (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar Package Number: EMCRP/W1.4



Lambashia (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar Package Number: EMCRP/W1.5



Muchra Uthni (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar Package Number: EMCRP/W1.6

Annex-03: Social Screening of Jamtoli Shafiullah Ghata (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar.
Package Number: EMCRP/W1.1

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)
Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)
Social Screening of Sub-Project (Filled Form)

Section A: Sub-Project Overview

Description of sub-project/component interventions:

Proposed Jamtoli Shafiullah Ghata Hat-Bazar is situated within the catchment area of Jamtoli, Baghona and Shafiullah kata Rohingya camp area of Rohingya camp no. 15 under Palongkhali union, Ward-5 of Ukhiya Upazila. This targeted Hat-Bazar is outside from camp boundary. A 20 feet existing HBB road passing within the proposed Hat-Bazar as well as connect with Rohingya camp 15. During the pick hour (in morning from 9 am to 12 pm and at afternoon from 2:30pm to 4:30 pm), this place remains very busy with locals, stakeholders, different GO & NGOs officials, services providers etc. Some cultural, archaeological, religious sites near (within 1km) of site are at north side Comprehensive health care center (5m), Thaingkhali Bazar mosque (1km), Chiconchorra khal (1km), Rohingya camp-15 (50m), Tahingkhali Bazar (1km), Palongkhali UP (1km), Thaingkhali GPS (1km). At south side of the Hat-Bazar Baghona mosque (300m), Rohingya camp-15 (100m), Camp-15 CiC office (500m). At east side of the Hat-Bazar Jamtoli Jame mosque (150m), graveyard (150m), Ukhiya-Teknaf highway (500m), Jamtoli station (500m), Jamtoli hill (600m). At the west site of Hat Bazar Rohingya camp-15, Jamtoli camp mosque (200m), Brac site office (300m), Fish farm (400m). No scope to disturbance by this sub-project which bring religious and cultural values to the community people. The people of the area will directly benefit from the implementation of the sub-project which will contribute to the national development.

Sub-project Location:

The Sub-Project is categorized as a Rohingya Camp based Hat-Bazar. The consumers are almost Displaced Rohingya People (DRP) but sellers are combined with host communities and DRP. The proposed Hat-Bazar will be improved within a confined area on Government periphery with some identified interventions. The sub-project area is situated in Palongkhali Union, Ward-5 under Ukhiya Upazila of Cox's Bazar district. The sub-project area is located at 21009'36" N and 92008'55" E. The distance from the Upazila headquarter is about 15 km. Nearby major road is Ukhiya-Teknaf highway, which is connected to the proposed site with a 20 ft. wide HBB road. The proposed interventions are 01 no. Fish Shed (Dimension: 25'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Meat Shed (Dimension: 25'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 to 02 nos. Multipurpose Shed (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Women's Market (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Open Sale Platform (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 02 nos. Toilet cum Urinal (Dimension: 15'-0" x 10'-0"; each), 02 to 03 nos. Tube well (Dimension: 10'-0" x 10'-0"; each), apart these another facilities will be improved by Internal Road and Very Shallow depth surface drain (if and where required) are also included in the project activity.

Important Features of Sub-project Location	
Package No:	EMCRP/W1.1
District	Cox's Bazar
Upazila	Ukhya
Union	Palongkhali
WARD	05
Proposed Area	110000 sq. feet
Distance from Upazila Head quarter	15 Km
Present Condition of Hat Bazar	Camp Based Casually, scattered, open temporary sheds
Hat-Bazar Type	Rural

	Proposed Intervention Type	Temporary Camp Based Hat-Bazar	
	Jamtoli Shafiullah Ghata (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar Coordinates	Latitude Value: 21 ⁰ 09'36" N Longitude Value: 92 ⁰ 08'55" E	
	Land ownership	Government Land	
Expected construction period: 270 (Two hundred Seventy) days.			
Description of project intervention area and project influence area with schematic diagram (where relevant, indicate distance to sensitive environmental areas such as elephant corridors, water bodies, etc. and historical or cultural assets): Please also explain any analysis on alternative location was conducted:			
Answer: The proposed Sub-project Jamtoli Shafiullah Ghata (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar have no located historical sites were found. There are not required to relocate local community. There are many socio-cultural assets in this proposed area but that will not be affected by the construction work. In consultation meeting it has revealed that no Elephants corridors there and no elephant has been found last few years in the proposed sub-project area. The proposed sub-project was finalized through effective consultation of CIC, DRP, local community, Local Government Representatives and Concerned LGED officials.			

Section B: Social Screening

Key Screening questions	Aspects to Consider
Will the project potentially involve an influx of workers to the project location, and will the influx be considered significant for the local community?	<p>✓ How many foreign and local workers will be needed for the remaining period of the project, with what skill set? Answer: There are available skilled and unskilled work forces in the project location. No foreign workers will be needed for the remaining of the project. If contractors have need then some skilled workforces may be hired from the outside. In construction work approximately 20 skilled and unskilled workforces are expected to be required for the construction work. Among them 05 will be skilled and 15 will be unskilled workforces.</p> <p>✓ Can the project hire workers from the local workforce? Answer: Definitely, all the unskilled labors will be engaged from DRP communities. Skilled labors will be hired from either locality or from the other place of Bangladesh.</p> <p>✓ What is the size and skill level of the existing local workforce? Answer: Based on consultation with local stakeholders, most of the workforces are available in the locality. If contractors need to hire some skilled workers from outside to the project area for implementing work as per contractors need.</p> <p>✓ If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet project requirements? Answer: Unskilled labor is available and some skilled in this area; So, If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the need of the project, they can serve the purpose of skill labor as conducting skill training by the contractor within the time frame.</p> <p>✓ How will the workers be accommodated? Will they commute or reside on site or outside of the camp? If so, what size of camp will be required? Answer: Don't worry about for the local workers and their accommodation. Because an unskilled labor will be hired from DRP who are residing within the camp. The skilled labors are being accommodated on site of DRP camp by the contractors. Around 600 sq feet sized labor shed for 5 skilled labor.</p>
Is the project located in a rural or remote area?	<p>✓ What is the size of local population in the project area? Answer: The size of Host (Local) population in the project area is near</p>

	<p>about 1120. Total Household - 210</p> <p>✓ What is the size of the host Rohingya community?</p> <p>Answer: The sizes of DRP (Host Rohingya community) population in the project area are near about 49789. Total Household - 10510</p> <p>✓ Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders?</p> <p>Answer: Yes, local people are not allowed to visit camp without the permission of CIC.</p> <p>✓ What is the frequency and extent of contact between the local community and outsiders?</p> <p>Answer: From the observation, the frequency and extent of contact between the local community and outsiders Around 3200 peoples use this Hat Bazar daily.</p> <p>✓ Are there sensitive environmental conditions that need to be considered?</p> <p>Answer: There are no sensitive environmental conditions that need to be consider other than dust and noise and heavy vehicle can be generated by the sub-project during construction phases. Therefore, the following precautionary measures need to be considered.</p> <p>Proper fencing needs to make surrounding the construction site which will protect from dust and noise both local people and pedestrian and surrounding peoples who are living in close proximate.</p>
Based on the socioeconomic, cultural, religious and demographic qualities of the local community, Rohingya population and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence or interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?	<p>✓ Is it likely that the incoming workers and the local community come from a shared socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background?</p> <p>Answer: No.</p> <p>✓ What is the level of existing resources, and will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources?</p> <p>Answer: Incoming workers are very low in numbers, so there will be no competition in using of resources.</p> <p>✓ What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community?</p> <p>Answer: The expected duration of the incoming workers duration is about 270 working days but it may be extended.</p> <p>✓ Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any specific adverse impacts that may be anticipated?</p> <p>Answer: No. Project will benefit the DRP.</p>
Consultation with Community People	<p>✓ Has the project authority and contractors conducted any consultation meetings with the community people and Rohingya population?</p> <p>Answer: The Project authority and contractors conducted consultation several times with local community where their opinions have received with great honor. The implementing contractor will conduct consultation meetings with the community people after finalization of contract.</p> <p>✓ Are local people aware about the labors?</p> <p>Answer: Yes. Local people are very much aware of local labors but they do not have any idea about outside labor forces.</p> <p>✓ Has the project authority involved the local community with the project?</p> <p>Answer: Yes, local communities are closely involved with this project. Several consultation meeting and informal interaction with local community have been conducted effectively.</p>

Section B.2. Hat-Bazar acquisition and stakeholder screening

Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Donation/ Land Taking				
1. Will there be any land acquisition?		✓		No land will be required to Proposed Hat-Bazar.
2. Is the site for land taking known?	✓			Hat-Bazar will be constructed on existing temporary Hat-Bazar. Meanwhile, DRP, Hat-Bazar Committee, Union council, people of surrounding villages & government relevant department has given their consent to intend the Hat-Bazar.
3. Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be required temporary known?	✓			Land ownership is government. At present, the DRP's are temporarily running small businesses on the government land.
4. Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?	✓			In the camp area Provision is available be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW) within camp and project area.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land due to land acquisition?		✓		N/A, no additional land will be required.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?		✓		No question of land acquisition. So, agricultural and other productive assets will not be damaged or lost by the construction of Hat-Bazar.
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?		✓		No standing crops, trees and fixed assets will be lost due to avoiding and minimize land acquisition.
8. Will there be loss of businesses or enterprises due to land acquisition?		✓		Land ownership is government. Currently, some DRP (Rohingya People) are running various shops on a temporary basis. At the consultation meeting, they said they would voluntarily pick up the shop if Hat-bazar is built in the respective place.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?		✓		It is clearly revealed that income sources and means of livelihoods will not be hampered or lost by the Hat Bazar construction.
Involuntary restrictions on land use or on access to legally designated parks and protected areas				
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?		✓		People access to communal facilities and services will not be hampered by the project intervention.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?		✓		No scope to change site location.
12. Will access to land and resources owned communally or by the state be restricted?		✓		No
Information on Displaced Persons:				
Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project? [✓] No [] Yes				
If yes, approximately how many? N/A				

Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [V] No [] Yes
Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority groups? [V] No [] Yes
During Screening, project authority will conduct consultation with the primary and secondary stakeholders and provide their observations in the following sections (13 to 18)
<p>13: Who are the stakeholders of the project?</p> <p>Answer: DRP, local people, camp users, traders, Local communities, transport owners, surrounding villages peoples, religious leader and implementing agencies and their agencies, labors, CBO, local elected representative, local administration, DPHE, LGED, DoE, BFD, Development partners and local and international NGOs working with local communities and in DRP camp etc.</p>
<p>14: What social and cultural factors affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project?</p> <p>Answer: No social and cultural factors will affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project. Moreover, conducive environment in terms of social and cultural perspective are exist in the project area that is why stakeholder will get positive benefit from the project considering the scope of equal participation.</p>
<p>15: Are project objectives consistent with their needs, interests and capacity?</p> <p>Answer: Yes, the project objective is very much positive consistent with stakeholders needs interests identified by the community consultation and FGD.</p>
<p>16: What will be the impact of the project or sub-project on the various stakeholders, especially women and vulnerable groups?</p> <p>Answer: As a result of construction of Hat-Bazar, the various stakeholders especially women and vulnerable groups will get easy access to purchase their essential products. Transportation systems will be easier for the vulnerable section of the catchment area.</p>
<p>17: What social risks might affect project or sub-project success?</p> <p>Answer:</p> <p>As per the visit findings and consultation meeting with DRP community, Community leader (Majhi), other organizations representatives of in the scheme area, it has been revealed and perceived that the following some social risks might be affected sub-project success;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incoming labors may engage with anti-social activities which can challenge the values system of the society. So, scope to arise social conflict might be raised gender and gender-based violence issues eves teasing etc. are being addressed through mainstreaming activities. As the mitigation measure the D&SC & LGED team and GRC following the respective GRM, will aware on GBV and motivate the community through consultation meeting & counseling. • Noise and sound pollution may be generated in the locality. It also can hamper the study of the children as well as old ages during the construction period. • During the construction work, any kind of accident may occur.
<p>18: Has the project authority or any other organizations conducted any consultations with the affected community or people? If yes. Please provide a summary.</p> <p>Answer: The project authority has been conducted several consultations with the potential affected DRP community and Host people. During site selection LGED officials have been conducted several meetings with CIC officials, Site Management, service providers, DRP Community, local Union parishad representatives, and local governance representatives regarding the construction of Hat-Bazar. During the screening, the consultant of Design and supervision consultant and PIU consultant of LGED also organized the consultation meetings and informed them about project objectives and other safeguard related issues. They also provided their feedback which are given below;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The FGD results confirmed that decision of Hat-Bazar construction will increase the sense of security of the communities. • The DRP community will be able to purchase their necessities in a healthy environment. • Having all kinds of products in one place will save them time and less hassle. • The Hat-Bazar management committee should arrange special transportations for the businessperson so that they can carry their products in appropriate price. • During the monsoon, the DRP community will be able to buy their necessities very easily.

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)
Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)
Social Screening of Sub-Project (Filled Form)

Section A: Sub-Project Overview

Description of sub-project/component interventions:

Proposed Tanjmarkhola Kanthaltola (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar is situated within the catchment area of Burmapara, Thainkhali and Tajnimarkhola Rohingya camp area of Rohingya camp no. 13, Block-D under Palongkhali union, Ward-4 of Ukhiya Upazila. This targeted Hat-Bazar is inside Rohingya camp boundary. There are no establishments on this proposed location. This proposed camp-based Hat-Bazar connects with 18 feet existing HBB road named Thainkhali-Tasnimarkhola road. During the pick hour (in morning from 9 am to 12 pm and at afternoon from 2:30pm to 4:30 pm), this place remains very busy with locals, stakeholders, different GO & NGOs officials, some cultural, archaeological, religious sites near (within 1km) of site are at north side DRP settlements (30m), shops (20m), camp mosque (100m), camp-19 (1km). At south side of the Hat-Bazar DRP settlements (50m), shops (20m), camp mosque (200m), Churakhola (500m). At east side of the Hat-Bazar PHD Hospital (50m), shops (10m), mosque (300m), Gunarpara (500m). At west of the Hat-Bazar IOM Hospital (200m), DRP settlements (100m), Camp mosque (100m). No scope to disturbance by this sub-project which bring religious and cultural values to the community people. The people of the area will directly benefit from the implementation of the sub-project which will contribute to the national development.

Sub-project Location:

The Sub-Project is categorized as a Rohingya Camp based Hat-Bazar. The consumers are almost Displaced Rohingya People (DRP) but sellers are combined with host communities and DRP. The sub-project area is situated in Rohingya camp-13, Block-D of Palongkhali Union, Ward-4 under Ukhiya Upazila of Cox's Bazar district. The sub-project area is located at 21°10'42"N and 92°08'36"E. The distance from the Upazila headquarter is about 13 km. Nearby major road is Thainkhali-Telkhola road, which is connected to the proposed site with 18 ft. wide HBB road. The proposed Hat-Bazar will be improved within a confined area on Government periphery with some identified interventions. The proposed interventions are 01 no. Fish Shed (Dimension: 25'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Meat Shed (Dimension: 25'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 to 02 nos. Multipurpose Shed (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Women's Market (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Open Sale Platform (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 02 nos. Toilet cum Urinal (Dimension: 15'-0" x 10'-0"; each), 02 to 03 nos. Tubewell (Dimension: 10'-0" x 10'-0"; each), apart these another facilities will be improved by Internal Road and Very Shallow depth surface drain (if and where required) are also included in the project activity.

Important Features of Sub-project Location	
Package No:	EMCRP/W1.2
District	Cox's Bazar
Upazila	Ukhya
Union	Palongkhali
WARD	04
Proposed Area	8050 sq. feet
Distance from Upazila Head quarter	13 Km
Present Condition of Hat-Bazar	Camp Based Casually, scattered, open temporary sheds

	Hat-Bazar Type	Rural	
	Proposed Intervention Type	Temporary Camp Based Hat-Bazar	
	Tanjimarkhola Kanthaltola (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar Coordinates	Latitude Value: 21°10'42" N Longitude Value: 92°08'36" E	
	Land ownership	Government Land	
Expected construction period: 270 (Two hundred Seventy) days.			
Description of project intervention area and project influence area with schematic diagram (where relevant, indicate distance to sensitive environmental areas such as elephant corridors, water bodies, etc. and historical or cultural assets): Please also explain any analysis on alternative location was conducted: Answer: The proposed Sub-project Tanjimarkhola Kanthaltola (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar have no located historical sites were found. There are not required to relocate local community. There are many socio-cultural assets in this proposed area but that will not be affected by the construction work. In consultation meeting it has revealed that no Elephants corridors there and no elephant has been found last few years in the proposed sub-project area. The proposed sub-project was finalized through effective consultation of CIC, DRP, local community, Local Government Representatives and Concerned LGED officials.			

Section B: Social Screening

Key Screening questions	Aspects to Consider
Will the project potentially involve an influx of workers to the project location, and will the influx be considered significant for the local community?	<p>✓ How many foreign and local workers will be needed for the remaining period of the project, with what skill set? Answer: There are available skilled and unskilled work forces in the project location. No foreign workers will be needed for the remaining of the project. If contractors have need then some skilled workforces may be hired from the outside. In construction work approximately 20 skilled and unskilled workforces are expected to be required for the construction work. Among them 05 will be skilled and 15 will be unskilled workforces.</p> <p>✓ Can the project hire workers from the local workforce? Answer: Definitely, all the unskilled labors will be engaged from DRP communities. Skilled labors will be hired from either locality or from the other place of Bangladesh.</p> <p>✓ What is the size and skill level of the existing local workforce? Answer: Based on consultation with local stakeholders, most of the workforces are available in the locality. If contractors need to hire some skilled workers from outside to the project area for implementing work as per contractors need.</p> <p>✓ If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet project requirements? Answer: Unskilled labor is available and some skilled in this area; So, If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the need of the project, they can serve the purpose of skill labor as conducting skill training by the contractor within the time frame.</p> <p>✓ How will the workers be accommodated? Will they commute or reside on site or outside of the camp? If so, what size of camp will be required? Answer: Don't worry about for the local workers and their accommodation. Because an unskilled labor will be hired from DRP who are residing within the camp. The skilled labors are being accommodated on site of DRP camp by the contractors. Around 600 sq feet sized labor shed for 5 skilled labor.</p>

<p>Is the project located in a rural or remote area?</p>	<p>✓ What is the size of local population in the project area? Answer: The size of Host (Local) population in the project area are near about 4050. Total Household – 845.</p> <p>✓ What is the size of the host Rohingya community? Answer: The size of DRP (Host Rohingya community) population in the project area are near about 71447. Total Household – 15249.</p> <p>✓ Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders? Answer: Yes, local people are not allowed to visit camp without the permission of CIC.</p> <p>✓ What is the frequency and extent of contact between the local community and outsiders? Answer: From the observation, the frequency and extent of contact between the local community and outsiders Around 25000 peoples use this Hat-Bazar daily.</p> <p>✓ Are there sensitive environmental conditions that need to be considered? Answer: There are no sensitive environmental conditions that need to be consider other than dust and noise and heavy vehicle can be generated by the sub-project during construction phases. Therefore, the following precautionary measures need to be considered. Proper fencing needs to make surrounding the construction site which will protect from dust and noise both local people and pedestrian and surrounding peoples who are living in close proximate.</p>
<p>Based on the socioeconomic, cultural, religious and demographic qualities of the local community, Rohingya population and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence or interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?</p>	<p>✓ Is it likely that the incoming workers and the local community come from a shared socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background? Answer: No.</p> <p>✓ What is the level of existing resources, and will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources? Answer: Incoming workers are very low in numbers, so there will be no competition in using of resources.</p> <p>✓ What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community? Answer: The expected duration of the incoming workers duration is about 270 working days but it may be extended.</p> <p>✓ Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any specific adverse impacts that may be anticipated? Answer: No. Project will benefit the DRP.</p>
<p>Consultation with Community People</p>	<p>✓ Has the project authority and contractors conducted any consultation meetings with the community people and Rohingya population? Answer: The Project authority and contractors conducted consultation several times with local community where their opinions have received with great honor. The implementing contractor will conduct consultation meetings with the community people after finalization of contract.</p> <p>✓ Are local people aware about the labors? Answer: Yes. Local people are very much aware of local labors but they do not have any idea about outside labor forces.</p> <p>✓ Has the project authority involved the local community with the project? Answer: Yes, local communities are closely involved with this project. Several consultation meeting and informal interaction with local community have been conducted effectively.</p>

Section B.2. Hat-Bazar acquisition and stakeholder screening

Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Donation/ Land Taking				
1. Will there be any land acquisition?		√		No land will be required to Proposed Hat-Bazar.
2. Is the site for land taking known?	√			Hat-Bazar will be constructed on existing temporary Hat-Bazar. Meanwhile, DRP, Hat-Bazar Committee, Union council, people of surrounding villages & government relevant department has given their consent to intend the Hat-Bazar.
3. Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be required temporary known?	√			Land ownership is government. At present, the DRP's are temporarily running small businesses on the government land.
4. Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?	√			In the camp area Provision is available be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW) within camp and project area.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land due to land acquisition?		√		N/A, no additional land will be required.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?		√		No question of land acquisition. So, agricultural and other productive assets will not be damaged or lost by the construction of Hat-Bazar.
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?		√		No standing crops, trees and fixed assets will be lost due to avoiding and minimize land acquisition.
8. Will there be loss of businesses or enterprises due to land acquisition?		√		Land ownership is government. Currently, some DRP (Rohingya People) are running various shops on a temporary basis. At the consultation meeting, they said they would voluntarily pick up the shop if Hat-bazar is built in the respective place.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?		√		It is clearly revealed that income sources and means of livelihoods will not be hampered or lost by the Hat-Bazar construction.
Involuntary restrictions on land use or on access to legally designated parks and protected areas				
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?		√		People access to communal facilities and services will not be hampered by the project intervention.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?		√		No scope to change site location.
12. Will access to land and resources owned communally or by the state be restricted?		√		No
Information on Displaced Persons:				
Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project? [√] No [] Yes				
If yes, approximately how many? N/A				

Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [V] No [] Yes
Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority groups? [V] No [] Yes
During Screening, project authority will conduct consultation with the primary and secondary stakeholders and provide their observations in the following sections (13 to 18)
<p>13: Who are the stakeholders of the project?</p> <p>Answer: DRP, local people, camp users, traders, Local communities, transport owners, surrounding villages peoples, religious leader and implementing agencies and their agencies, labors, CBO, local elected representative, local administration, DPHE, LGED, DoE, BFD, Development partners and local and international NGOs working with local communities and in DRP camp etc.</p>
<p>14: What social and cultural factors affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project?</p> <p>Answer: No social and cultural factors will affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project. Moreover, conducive environment in terms of social and cultural perspective are exist in the project area that is why stakeholder will get positive benefit from the project considering the scope of equal participation.</p>
<p>15: Are project objectives consistent with their needs, interests and capacity?</p> <p>Answer: Yes, the project objective is very much positive consistent with stakeholders needs interests identified by the community consultation and FGD.</p>
<p>16: What will be the impact of the project or sub-project on the various stakeholders, especially women and vulnerable groups?</p> <p>Answer: As a result of construction of Hat-Bazar, the various stakeholders especially women and vulnerable groups will get easy access to purchase their essential products. Transportation systems will be easier for the vulnerable section of the catchment area.</p>
<p>17: What social risks might affect project or sub-project success?</p> <p>Answer:</p> <p>As per the visit findings and consultation meeting with DRP community, Community leader (Majhi), other organizations representatives of in the scheme area, it has been revealed and perceived that the following some social risks might be affected sub-project success;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incoming labors may engage with anti-social activities which can challenge the values system of the society. So, scope to arise social conflict might be raised gender and gender-based violence issues eve teasing etc. are being addressed through mainstreaming activities. As the mitigation measure the D&Sc & LGED team and GRC following the respective GRM, will aware on GBV and motivate the community through consultation meeting & counseling. • Noise and sound pollution may be generated in the locality. It also can hamper the study of the children as well as old ages during the construction period. • During the construction work, any kind of accident may occur.
<p>18: Has the project authority or any other organizations conducted any consultations with the affected community or people? If yes. Please provide a summary.</p> <p>Answer: The project authority has been conducted several consultations with the potential affected DRP community and Host people. During site selection LGED officials have been conducted several meetings with CIC officials, Site Management, service providers, DRP Community, local Union parishad representatives, and local governance representatives regarding the construction of Hat-Bazar. During the screening, the consultant of Design and supervision consultant and PIU consultant of LGED also organized the consultation meetings and informed them about project objectives and other safeguard related issues. They also provided their feedback which are given below;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The FGD results confirmed that decision of Hat-Bazar construction will increase the sense of security of the communities. • The DRP community will be able to purchase their necessities in a healthy environment. • Having all kinds of products in one place will save them time and less hassle. • The Hat-Bazar management committee should arrange special transportations for the businessperson so that they can carry their products in appropriate price. • During the monsoon, the DRP community will be able to buy their necessities very easily.

Annex-5: Social Screening of Moynarghona (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar. Package Number: EMCRP/W1.3

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)
Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)
Social Screening of Sub-Project (Filled Form)

Section A: Sub-Project Overview

Description of sub-project/component interventions:

Proposed Moynarghona (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar is situated within the catchment area of Moynarghona Rohingya camp area of Rohingya camp no. 11, Block-C6 & C7 under Palongkhali union, Ward-4 of Ukhiya Upazila. This targeted Hat-Bazar is inside the camp boundary. A 30 feet existing HBB road passing within the proposed Hat-Bazar as well as connect with Army road at west side and Ukhiya-Teknaf highway at east side. During the pick hour (in morning from 8:30 am to 12 pm and at afternoon from 2:30pm to 4:30 pm), this place remains very busy with locals, stakeholders, different GO & NGOs officials, service providers etc. Some cultural, archaeological, religious sites near (within 1km) of site are at north side Abu Dajjal mosque (30m), IOM road (30m), community center (100m), pond (40m), Block F-15. At South side of Hat-Bazar Block C-7 (100m), hill (10m), community center (100m), Camp 11 CiC office (500m). At east side Mosque (100m), Block-6 (200m), Block-6 (300m), Ukhiya-Teknaf highway (100m) and at the west side Block-5 (10m), Army road (5m), Police camp (50m), Social forest (200m), DRP camp-12 (700m). No scope to disturbance by this sub-project which bring religious and cultural values to the community people. A large number of DRP & host community' people are expected to be benefitted by implementation of the sub-project directly.

Sub-project Location:

The Sub-Project is categorized as a Rohingya Camp based Hat-Bazar. The consumers are almost Displaced Rohingya People (DRP) but sellers are combined with host communities and DRP. The sub-project area is situated in Rohingya camp-11, Block- C6 & C7 of Palongkhali Union, Ward-4 under Ukhiya Upazila, Cox's Bazar district. The sub-project area is located at 21°10'54"N and 92°09'14"E. The distance from the Upazila headquarter is about 11 km. Nearby major road is Ukhiya-Teknaf highway, which is connected to the proposed site with a 30 ft. wide HBB road. The proposed Hat-Bazar will be improved within a confined area on Government periphery with some identified interventions. The proposed interventions are 01 no. Fish Shed (Dimension: 25'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Meat Shed (Dimension: 25'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 to 02 nos. Multipurpose Shed (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Women's Market (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Open Sale Platform (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 02 nos. Toilet cum Urinal (Dimension: 15'-0" x 10'-0"; each), 02 to 03 nos. Tube well (Dimension: 10'-0" x 10'-0"; each), apart these another facilities will be improved by Internal Road and Very Shallow depth surface drain (if and where required), Road safety works are also included in the project activity.

Important Features of Sub-project Location	
Package No:	EMCRP/W1.3
District	Cox's Bazar
Upazila	Ukhya
Union	Palongkhali
WARD	11
Proposed Area	15000 sq. feet
Distance from Upazila Head quarter	10 Km
Present Condition of Hat-Bazar	Camp Based Casually, scattered, open temporary sheds
Hat-Bazar Type	Rural

	Proposed Intervention Type	Temporary Camp Based Hat-Bazar	
	Moynarghona (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar Coordinates	Latitude Value: 21°10'54'' N Longitude Value: 92°09'14'' E	
	Land ownership	Government Land	
Expected construction period: 270 (Two hundred Seventy) days.			
Description of project intervention area and project influence area with schematic diagram (where relevant, indicate distance to sensitive environmental areas such as elephant corridors, water bodies, etc. and historical or cultural assets): Please also explain any analysis on alternative location was conducted:			
Answer: The proposed Sub-project Moynarghona (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar have no located historical sites were found. There are not required to relocate local community. There are many socio-cultural assets in this proposed area but that will not be affected by the construction work. In consultation meeting it has revealed that no Elephants corridors there and no elephant has been found last few years in the proposed sub-project area. The proposed sub-project was finalized through effective consultation of CIC, DRP, local community, Local Government Representatives and Concerned LGED officials.			

Section B: Social Screening

Key Screening questions	Aspects to Consider
Will the project potentially involve an influx of workers to the project location, and will the influx be considered significant for the local community?	<p>✓ How many foreign and local workers will be needed for the remaining period of the project, with what skill set? Answer: There are available skilled and unskilled work forces in the project location. No foreign workers will be needed for the remaining of the project. If contractors have need then some skilled workforces may be hired from the outside. In construction work approximately 20 skilled and unskilled workforces are expected to be required for the construction work. Among them 05 will be skilled and 15 will be unskilled workforces.</p> <p>✓ Can the project hire workers from the local workforce? Answer: Definitely, all the unskilled labors will be engaged from DRP communities. Skilled labors will be hired from either locality or from the other place of Bangladesh.</p> <p>✓ What is the size and skill level of the existing local workforce? Answer: Based on consultation with local stakeholders, most of the workforces are available in the locality. If contractors need to hire some skilled workers from outside to the project area for implementing work as per contractors need.</p> <p>✓ If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet project requirements? Answer: Unskilled labor is available and some skilled in this area; So, If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the need of the project, they can serve the purpose of skill labor as conducting skill training by the contractor within the time frame.</p> <p>✓ How will the workers be accommodated? Will they commute or reside on site or outside of the camp? If so, what size of camp will be required? Answer: Don't worry about for the local workers and their accommodation. Because an unskilled labor will be hired from DRP who are residing within the camp. The skilled labors are being accommodated on site of DRP camp by the contractors. Around 600 sq feet sized labor shed for 5 skilled labor.</p>
Is the project located in a	✓ What is the size of local population in the project area?

rural or remote area?	<p>Answer: The size of Host (Local) population in the project area are near about 1120. Total Household - 210</p> <p>✓ What is the size of the host Rohingya community?</p> <p>Answer: The size of DRP (Host Rohingya community) population in the project area are near about 55520. Total Household – 11490.</p> <p>✓ Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders?</p> <p>Answer: Yes, local people are not allowed to visit camp without the permission of CIC.</p> <p>✓ What is the frequency and extent of contact between the local community and outsiders?</p> <p>Answer: From the observation, the frequency and extent of contact between the local community and outsiders Around 3200 peoples use this Hat-Bazar daily.</p> <p>✓ Are there sensitive environmental conditions that need to be considered?</p> <p>Answer: There are no sensitive environmental conditions that need to be consider other than dust and noise and heavy vehicle can be generated by the sub-project during construction phases. Therefore, the following precautionary measures need to be considered.</p> <p>Proper fencing needs to make surrounding the construction site which will protect from dust and noise both local people and pedestrian and surrounding peoples who are living in close proximate.</p>
Based on the socioeconomic, cultural, religious and demographic qualities of the local community, Rohingya population and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence or interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?	<p>✓ Is it likely that the incoming workers and the local community come from a shared socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background?</p> <p>Answer: No.</p> <p>✓ What is the level of existing resources, and will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources?</p> <p>Answer: Incoming workers are very low in numbers, so there will be no competition in using of resources.</p> <p>✓ What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community?</p> <p>Answer: The expected duration of the incoming workers duration is about 270 working days but it may be extended.</p> <p>✓ Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any specific adverse impacts that may be anticipated?</p> <p>Answer: No. Project will benefit the DRP.</p>
Consultation with Community People	<p>✓ Has the project authority and contractors conducted any consultation meetings with the community people and Rohingya population?</p> <p>Answer: The Project authority and contractors conducted consultation several times with local community where their opinions have received with great honor. The implementing contractor will conduct consultation meetings with the community people after finalization of contract.</p> <p>✓ Are local people aware about the labors?</p> <p>Answer: Yes. Local people are very much aware of local labors but they do not have any idea about outside labor forces.</p> <p>✓ Has the project authority involved the local community with the project?</p> <p>Answer: Yes, local communities are closely involved with this project. Several consultation meeting and informal interaction with local community have been conducted effectively.</p>

Section B.2. Hat-Bazar acquisition and stakeholder screening

Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Donation/ Land Taking				
1. Will there be any land acquisition?		√		No land will be required to Proposed Hat-Bazar.
2. Is the site for land taking known?	√			Hat-Bazar will be constructed on existing temporary Hat-Bazar. Meanwhile, DRP, Hat-Bazar Committee, Union council, people of surrounding villages & government relevant department has given their consent to intend the Hat-Bazar.
3. Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be required temporary known?	√			Land ownership is government. At present, the DRP's are temporarily running small businesses on the government land.
4. Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?	√			In the camp area Provision is available be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW) within camp and project area.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land due to land acquisition?		√		N/A, no additional land will be required.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?		√		No question of land acquisition. So, agricultural and other productive assets will not be damaged or lost by the construction of Hat-Bazar.
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?		√		No standing crops, trees and fixed assets will be lost due to avoiding and minimize land acquisition.
8. Will there be loss of businesses or enterprises due to land acquisition?		√		Land ownership is government. Currently, some DRP (Rohingya People) are running various shops on a temporary basis. At the consultation meeting, they said they would voluntarily pick up the shop if Hat-bazar is built in the respective place.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?		√		It is clearly revealed that income sources and means of livelihoods will not be hampered or lost by the Hat-Bazar construction.
Involuntary restrictions on land use or on access to legally designated parks and protected areas				
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?		√		People access to communal facilities and services will not be hampered by the project intervention.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?		√		No scope to change site location.
12. Will access to land and resources owned communally or by the state be restricted?		√		No
Information on Displaced Persons:				
Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project? [√] No [] Yes If yes, approximately how many? N/A				
Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [√] No [] Yes				

Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority groups? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes
During Screening, project authority will conduct consultation with the primary and secondary stakeholders and provide their observations in the following sections (13 to 18)
<p>13: Who are the stakeholders of the project?</p> <p>Answer: DRP, local people, camp users, traders, Local communities, transport owners, surrounding villages peoples, religious leader and implementing agencies and their agencies, labors, CBO, local elected representative, local administration, DPHE, LGED, DoE, BFD, Development partners and local and international NGOs working with local communities and in DRP camp etc.</p>
<p>14: What social and cultural factors affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project?</p> <p>Answer: No social and cultural factors will affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project. Moreover, conducive environment in terms of social and cultural perspective are exist in the project area that is why stakeholder will get positive benefit from the project considering the scope of equal participation.</p>
<p>15: Are project objectives consistent with their needs, interests and capacity?</p> <p>Answer: Yes, the project objective is very much positive consistent with stakeholders needs interests identified by the community consultation and FGD.</p>
<p>16: What will be the impact of the project or sub-project on the various stakeholders, especially women and vulnerable groups?</p> <p>Answer: As a result of construction of Hat-Bazar, the various stakeholders especially women and vulnerable groups will get easy access to purchase their essential products. Transportation systems will be easier for the vulnerable section of the catchment area.</p>
<p>17: What social risks might affect project or sub-project success?</p> <p>Answer:</p> <p>As per the visit findings and consultation meeting with DRP community, Community leader (Majhi), other organizations representatives of in the scheme area, it has been revealed and perceived that the following some social risks might be affected sub-project success;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incoming labors may engage with anti-social activities which can challenge the values system of the society. So, scope to arise social conflict might be raised gender and gender-based violence issues eve teasing etc. are being addressed through mainstreaming activities. As the mitigation measure the D&Sc & LGED team and GRC following the respective GRM, will aware on GBV and motivate the community through consultation meeting & counseling. • Noise and sound pollution may be generated in the locality. It also can hamper the study of the children as well as old ages during the construction period. • During the construction work, any kind of accident may occur.
<p>18: Has the project authority or any other organizations conducted any consultations with the affected community or people? If yes. Please provide a summary.</p> <p>Answer: The project authority has been conducted several consultations with the potential affected DRP community and Host people. During site selection LGED officials have been conducted several meetings with CIC officials, Site Management, service providers, DRP Community, local Union parishad representatives, and local governance representatives regarding the construction of Hat-Bazar. During the screening, the consultant of Design and supervision consultant and PIU consultant of LGED also organized the consultation meetings and informed them about project objectives and other safeguard related issues. They also provided their feedback which are given below;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The FGD results confirmed that decision of Hat-Bazar construction will increase the sense of security of the communities. • The DRP community will be able to purchase their necessities in a healthy environment. • Having all kinds of products in one place will save them time and less hassle. • The Hat-Bazar management committee should arrange special transportations for the businessperson so that they can carry their products in appropriate price. • During the monsoon, the DRP community will be able to buy their necessities very easily.

Annex-6: Social Screening of Kutupalong Noukarmath (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar. Package Number: EMCRP/W1.4

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)
Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)
Social Screening of Sub-Project (Filled Form)

Section A: Sub-Project Overview

Description of sub-project/component interventions:

Proposed Kutupalong Noukarmath (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar is situated within the catchment area of DRP of Camp-7, 6 & 2E of Rohingya camp no. 7 under Palongkhali union, Ward-1 of Ukhiya Upazila. This targeted Hat-Bazar is inside the camp boundary. A 20 feet existing HBB road passing within the proposed Hat-Bazar as well as connect with Rohingya camp 6. During the pick hour (in morning from 9 am to 11 am and at afternoon from 2:30pm to 4:30 pm), this place remains very busy with locals, stakeholders, different GO & NGOs officials, services providers etc. Some cultural, archaeological, religious sites near (within 1km) of site are at north side Abujar Gaffari mosque (10m), DRP settlements (15m), Camp 2 CiC office (500m). At South side DRP Settlements (8m), Water tank (350m), Block-F (10m), Block-G (500m). At east side Abu Malek A Shahari mosque (250m), Block-G graveyard, DRP settlements (10m) and at the west side DRP settlements (10m), Camp 6 CiC office (500m), Mukti Learning Center (100m). No scope to disturbance by this sub-project which bring religious and cultural values to the community people. A large number of DRP & host community' people are expected to be benefitted by implementation of the sub-project directly.

Sub-project Location:

The Sub-Project is categorized as a Rohingya Camp based Hat-Bazar. The consumers are almost Displaced Rohingya People (DRP) but sellers are combined with host communities and DRP. The sub-project area is situated in Rohingya camp-7 of Palongkhali Union, Ward-1 under Ukhiya Upazila. Cox's Bazar district. The sub-project area is located at 21°12'10"N and 92°09'38"E. The distance from the Upazila headquarter is about 7 km. Nearby major roads are camp-6 connecting road and camp-2E connecting road. The proposed Hat-Bazar will be improved within a confined area on Government periphery with some identified interventions. The proposed interventions are 01 no. Fish Shed (Dimension: 25'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Meat Shed (Dimension: 25'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 to 02 nos. Multipurpose Shed (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Women's Market (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Open Sale Platform (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 02 nos. Toilet cum Urinal (Dimension: 15'-0" x 10'-0"; each), 02 to 03 nos. Tube well (Dimension: 10'-0" x 10'-0"; each), apart these another facilities will be improved by Internal Road and Very Shallow depth surface drain (if and where required) are also included in the project activity.

Important Features of Sub-project Location	
Package No:	EMCRP/W1.4
District	Cox's Bazar
Upazila	Ukhya
Union	Palongkhali
WARD	01
Proposed Area	5000 sq. feet
Distance from Upazila Head quarter	7 Km
Present Condition of Hat-Bazar	Camp Based Casually, scattered, open temporary sheds
Hat-Bazar Type	Rural
Proposed Intervention Type	Temporary Camp Based Hat-Bazar

Kutupalong Noukarmath (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar Coordinates	Latitude Value: 21°12'10" N Longitude Value: 92°09'38" E
Land ownership	Government Land

Expected construction period: 270 (Two hundred Seventy) days.

Description of project intervention area and project influence area with schematic diagram (where relevant, indicate distance to sensitive environmental areas such as elephant corridors, water bodies, etc. and historical or cultural assets): Please also explain any analysis on alternative location was conducted:

Answer: The proposed Sub-project Kutupalong Noukarmath (Rohingya Camp Based Hat-Bazar) have no located historical sites were found. There are not required to relocate local community. There are many socio-cultural assets in this proposed area but that will not be affected by the construction work. In consultation meeting it has revealed that no Elephants corridors there and no elephant has been found last few years in the proposed sub-project area. The proposed sub-project was finalized through effective consultation of CIC, DRP, local community, Local Government Representatives and Concerned LGED officials.

Section B: Social Screening

Key Screening questions	Aspects to Consider
Will the project potentially involve an influx of workers to the project location, and will the influx be considered significant for the local community?	<p>✓ How many foreign and local workers will be needed for the remaining period of the project, with what skill set? Answer: There are available skilled and unskilled work forces in the project location. No foreign workers will be needed for the remaining of the project. If contractors have need then some skilled workforces may be hired from the outside. In construction work approximately 20 skilled and unskilled workforces are expected to be required for the construction work. Among them 05 will be skilled and 15 will be unskilled workforces.</p> <p>✓ Can the project hire workers from the local workforce? Answer: Definitely, all the unskilled labors will be engaged from DRP communities. Skilled labors will be hired from either locality or from the other place of Bangladesh.</p> <p>✓ What is the size and skill level of the existing local workforce? Answer: Based on consultation with local stakeholders, most of the workforces are available in the locality. If contractors need to hire some skilled workers from outside to the project area for implementing work as per contractors need.</p> <p>✓ If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet project requirements? Answer: Unskilled labor is available and some skilled in this area; So, If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the need of the project, they can serve the purpose of skill labor as conducting skill training by the contractor within the time frame.</p> <p>✓ How will the workers be accommodated? Will they commute or reside on site or outside of the camp? If so, what size of camp will be required? Answer: Don't worry about for the local workers and their accommodation. Because an unskilled labor will be hired from DRP who are residing within the camp. The skilled labors are being accommodated on site of DRP camp by the contractors. Around 600 sq feet sized labor shed for 5 skilled labor.</p>
Is the project located in a rural or remote area?	<p>✓ What is the size of local population in the project area? Answer: There is no local population lives in the sub-project area.</p>

	<p>✓ What is the size of the host Rohingya community? Answer: The size of DRP (Host Rohingya community) population in the project area are near about 169170. Total Household – 37500.</p> <p>✓ Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders? Answer: Yes, local people are not allowed to visit camp without the permission of CIC.</p> <p>✓ What is the frequency and extent of contact between the local community and outsiders? Answer: From the observation, the frequency and extent of contact between the local community and outsiders Around 85000 peoples use this Hat-Bazar daily.</p> <p>✓ Are there sensitive environmental conditions that need to be considered? Answer: There are no sensitive environmental conditions that need to be consider other than dust and noise and heavy vehicle can be generated by the sub-project during construction phases. Therefore, the following precautionary measures need to be considered. Proper fencing needs to make surrounding the construction site which will protect from dust and noise both local people and pedestrian and surrounding peoples who are living in close proximate.</p>
Based on the socioeconomic, cultural, religious and demographic qualities of the local community, Rohingya population and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence or interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?	<p>✓ Is it likely that the incoming workers and the local community come from a shared socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background? Answer: No.</p> <p>✓ What is the level of existing resources, and will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources? Answer: Incoming workers are very low in numbers, so there will be no competition in using of resources.</p> <p>✓ What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community? Answer: The expected duration of the incoming workers duration is about 270 working days but it may be extended.</p> <p>✓ Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any specific adverse impacts that may be anticipated? Answer: No. Project will benefit the DRP.</p>
Consultation with Community People	<p>✓ Has the project authority and contractors conducted any consultation meetings with the community people and Rohingya population? Answer: The Project authority and contractors conducted consultation several times with local community where their opinions have received with great honor. The implementing contractor will conduct consultation meetings with the community people after finalization of contract.</p> <p>✓ Are local people aware about the labors? Answer: Yes. Local people are very much aware of local labors but they do not have any idea about outside labor forces.</p> <p>✓ Has the project authority involved the local community with the project? Answer: Yes, local communities are closely involved with this project. Several consultation meeting and informal interaction with local community have been conducted effectively.</p>

Section B.2. Hat-Bazar acquisition and stakeholder screening

Probable Effects	Involuntary	Resettlement	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
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Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Donation/ Land Taking				
1. Will there be any land acquisition?		✓		No land will be required to Proposed Hat-Bazar.
2. Is the site for land taking known?	✓			Hat-Bazar will be constructed on existing temporary Hat-Bazar. Meanwhile, DRP, Hat-Bazar Committee, Union council, people of surrounding villages & government relevant department has given their consent to intend the Hat-Bazar.
3. Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be required temporary known?	✓			Land ownership is government. At present, the DRP's are temporarily running small businesses on the government land.
4. Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?	✓			In the camp area Provision is available be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW) within camp and project area.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land due to land acquisition?		✓		N/A, no additional land will be required.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?		✓		No question of land acquisition. So, agricultural and other productive assets will not be damaged or lost by the construction of Hat-Bazar.
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?		✓		No standing crops, trees and fixed assets will be lost due to avoiding and minimize land acquisition.
8. Will there be loss of businesses or enterprises due to land acquisition?		✓		Land ownership is government. Currently, some DRP (Rohingya People) are running various shops on a temporary basis. At the consultation meeting, they said they would voluntarily pick up the shop if Hat-bazar is built in the respective place.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?		✓		It is clearly revealed that income sources and means of livelihoods will not be hampered or lost by the Hat-Bazar construction.
Involuntary restrictions on land use or on access to legally designated parks and protected areas				
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?		✓		People access to communal facilities and services will not be hampered by the project intervention.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?		✓		No scope to change site location.
12. Will access to land and resources owned communally or by the state be restricted?		✓		No
Information on Displaced Persons:				
Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project? [✓] No [] Yes If yes, approximately how many? N/A				
Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [✓] No [] Yes				
Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority groups? [✓] No [] Yes				
During Screening, project authority will conduct consultation with the primary and secondary stakeholders and provide their observations in the following sections (13 to 18)				

13: Who are the stakeholders of the project?
<p>Answer: DRP, local people, camp users, traders, Local communities, transport owners, surrounding villages peoples, religious leader and implementing agencies and their agencies, labors, CBO, local elected representative, local administration, DPHE, LGED, DoE, BFD, Development partners and local and international NGOs working with local communities and in DRP camp etc.</p>
14: What social and cultural factors affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project?
<p>Answer: No social and cultural factors will affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project. Moreover, conducive environment in terms of social and cultural perspective are exist in the project area that is why stakeholder will get positive benefit from the project considering the scope of equal participation.</p>
15: Are project objectives consistent with their needs, interests and capacity?
<p>Answer: Yes, the project objective is very much positive consistent with stakeholders needs interests identified by the community consultation and FGD.</p>
16: What will be the impact of the project or sub-project on the various stakeholders, especially women and vulnerable groups?
<p>Answer: As a result of construction of Hat-Bazar, the various stakeholders especially women and vulnerable groups will get easy access to purchase their essential products. Transportation systems will be easier for the vulnerable section of the catchment area.</p>
17: What social risks might affect project or sub-project success?
<p>Answer: As per the visit findings and consultation meeting with DRP community, Community leader (Majhi), other organizations representatives of in the scheme area, it has been revealed and perceived that the following some social risks might be affected sub-project success;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incoming labors may engage with anti-social activities which can challenge the values system of the society. So, scope to arise social conflict might be raised gender and gender-based violence issues eve teasing etc. are being addressed through mainstreaming activities. As the mitigation measure the D&SC & LGED team and GRC following the respective GRM, will aware on GBV and motivate the community through consultation meeting & counseling. • Noise and sound pollution may be generated in the locality. It also can hamper the study of the children as well as old ages during the construction period. • During the construction work, any kind of accident may occur.
18: Has the project authority or any other organizations conducted any consultations with the affected community or people? If yes. Please provide a summary.
<p>Answer: The project authority has been conducted several consultations with the potential affected DRP community and Host people. During site selection LGED officials have been conducted several meetings with CIC officials, Site Management, service providers, DRP Community, local Union parishad representatives, and local governance representatives regarding the construction of Hat-Bazar. During the screening, the consultant of Design and supervision consultant and PIU consultant of LGED also organized the consultation meetings and informed them about project objectives and other safeguard related issues. They also provided their feedback which are given below;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The FGD results confirmed that decision of Hat-Bazar construction will increase the sense of security of the communities. • The DRP community will be able to purchase their necessities in a healthy environment. • Having all kinds of products in one place will save them time and less hassle. • The Hat-Bazar management committee should arrange special transportations for the businessperson so that they can carry their products in appropriate price. • During the monsoon, the DRP community will be able to buy their necessities very easily.

Annex-7: Social Screening of Lambashia (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar. Package Number: EMCRP/W1.5

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)
Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)
Social Screening of Sub-Project (Filled Form)

Section A: Sub-Project Overview

Description of sub-project/component interventions:

Proposed Lambashia (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar is situated within the catchment area of Kutupalong, Lambashia & Modhuchorra Rohingya camp area of Rohingya camp no. 1E under Rajapalong union, Ward-9 of Ukhiya Upazila. This targeted Hat-Bazar is inside the camp boundary. A 20 feet existing HBB road passing within the proposed Hat-Bazar as well as connect with Rohingya camp 1W. During the pick hour (in morning from 8:30 am to 11:30 am and at afternoon from 2:00pm to 4:30 pm), this place remains very busy with locals, stakeholders, different GO & NGOs officials, services providers etc. Some cultural, archaeological, religious sites near (within 1km) of site are at north side Shops (5m), Homestead forest (7m), DRP settlements (10m). At South side Shops (5m), Masjid A Belal (50m), Social forest (15m), Clinic (1km), Community center (1km). At east side Shops (10m), DRP settlements (8m), Mosque (20m), Kutupalong Hat-Bazar (1km), Ukhiya-Teknaf highway (1km) and at the west side Shops (8m), Baytur Nagar jame mosque (30m), DRP settlements (8m). No scope to disturbance by this sub-project which bring religious and cultural values to the community people. A large number of DRP & host community' people are expected to be benefitted by implementation of the sub-project directly.

Sub-project Location:

The Sub-Project is categorized as a Rohingya Camp based Hat-Bazar. The consumers are almost Displaced Rohingya People (DRP) but sellers are combined with host communities and DRP. The sub-project area is situated in Rohingya camp-1E of Rajapalong Union, Ward-9 under Ukhiya Upazila, Cox's Bazar district. The sub-project area is located at 21°12'52" N and 92°09'23" E. The distance from the Upazila headquarter is about 5 km. Nearby major road is Ukhiya-Teknaf highway, which is connected to the proposed site with a 25 ft. wide HBB road. The proposed Hat-Bazar will be improved within a confined area on Government periphery with some identified interventions. The proposed interventions are 01 no. Fish Shed (Dimension: 25'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Meat Shed (Dimension: 25'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 to 02 nos. Multipurpose Shed (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Women's Market (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Open Sale Platform (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 02 nos. Toilet cum Urinal (Dimension: 15'-0" x 10'-0"; each), 02 to 03 nos. Tubewell (Dimension: 10'-0" x 10'-0"; each), apart these another facilities will be improved by Internal Road and Very Shallow depth surface drain (if and where required) are also included in the project activity.

Important Features of Sub-project Location	
Package No:	EMCRP/W1.5
District	Cox's Bazar
Upazila	Ukhya
Union	Rajapalong
WARD	09
Proposed Area	6000 sq. feet
Distance from Upazila Head quarter	05 Km
Present Condition of Hat-Bazar	Camp Based Casually, scattered, open temporary sheds

	Hat-Bazar Type	Rural	
	Proposed Intervention Type	Temporary Camp Based Hat-Bazar	
	Lambashia (Rohingya Camp Based)	Latitude Value: 21°12'52" N	
	Hat-Bazar Coordinates	Longitude Value: 92°09'23" E	
	Land ownership	Government Land	
Expected construction period: 270 (Two hundred Seventy) days.			
Description of project intervention area and project influence area with schematic diagram (where relevant, indicate distance to sensitive environmental areas such as elephant corridors, water bodies, etc. and historical or cultural assets): Please also explain any analysis on alternative location was conducted: Answer: The proposed Sub-project Lambashia (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar have no located historical sites were found. There are not required to relocate local community. There are many socio-cultural assets in this proposed area but that will not be affected by the construction work. In consultation meeting it has revealed that no Elephants corridors there and no elephant has been found last few years in the proposed sub-project area. The proposed sub-project was finalized through effective consultation of CIC, DRP, local community, Local Government Representatives and Concerned LGED officials.			

Section B: Social Screening

Key Screening questions	Aspects to Consider
Will the project potentially involve an influx of workers to the project location, and will the influx be considered significant for the local community?	<p>✓ How many foreign and local workers will be needed for the remaining period of the project, with what skill set? Answer: There are available skilled and unskilled work forces in the project location. No foreign workers will be needed for the remaining of the project. If contractors have need then some skilled workforces may be hired from the outside. In construction work approximately 20 skilled and unskilled workforces are expected to be required for the construction work. Among them 05 will be skilled and 15 will be unskilled workforces.</p> <p>✓ Can the project hire workers from the local workforce? Answer: Definitely, all the unskilled labors will be engaged from DRP communities. Skilled labors will be hired from either locality or from the other place of Bangladesh.</p> <p>✓ What is the size and skill level of the existing local workforce? Answer: Based on consultation with local stakeholders, most of the workforces are available in the locality. If contractors need to hire some skilled workers from outside to the project area for implementing work as per contractors need.</p> <p>✓ If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet project requirements? Answer: Unskilled labor is available and some skilled in this area; So, If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the need of the project, they can serve the purpose of skill labor as conducting skill training by the contractor within the time frame.</p> <p>✓ How will the workers be accommodated? Will they commute or reside on site or outside of the camp? If so, what size of camp will be required? Answer: Don't worry about for the local workers and their accommodation. Because an unskilled labor will be hired from DRP who are residing within the camp. The skilled labors are being accommodated on site of DRP camp by the contractors. Around 600 sq feet sized labor shed for 5 skilled labor.</p>
Is the project located in a	✓ What is the size of local population in the project area?

rural or remote area?	<p>Answer: The size of Host (Local) population in the project area are near about 3650. Total Household – 910.</p> <p>✓ What is the size of the host Rohingya community?</p> <p>Answer: The size of DRP (Host Rohingya community) population in the project area are near about 197791. Total Household – 45209.</p> <p>✓ Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders?</p> <p>Answer: Yes, local people are not allowed to visit camp without the permission of CIC.</p> <p>✓ What is the frequency and extent of contact between the local community and outsiders?</p> <p>Answer: From the observation, the frequency and extent of contact between the local community and outsiders Around 100000 peoples use this Hat-Bazar daily.</p> <p>✓ Are there sensitive environmental conditions that need to be considered?</p> <p>Answer: There are no sensitive environmental conditions that need to be consider other than dust and noise and heavy vehicle can be generated by the sub-project during construction phases. Therefore, the following precautionary measures need to be considered.</p> <p>Proper fencing needs to make surrounding the construction site which will protect from dust and noise both local people and pedestrian and surrounding peoples who are living in close proximate.</p>
Based on the socioeconomic, cultural, religious and demographic qualities of the local community, Rohingya population and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence or interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?	<p>✓ Is it likely that the incoming workers and the local community come from a shared socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background?</p> <p>Answer: No.</p> <p>✓ What is the level of existing resources, and will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources?</p> <p>Answer: Incoming workers are very low in numbers, so there will be no competition in using of resources.</p> <p>✓ What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community?</p> <p>Answer: The expected duration of the incoming workers duration is about 270 working days but it may be extended.</p> <p>✓ Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any specific adverse impacts that may be anticipated?</p> <p>Answer: No. Project will benefit the DRP.</p>
Consultation with Community People	<p>✓ Has the project authority and contractors conducted any consultation meetings with the community people and Rohingya population?</p> <p>Answer: The Project authority and contractors conducted consultation several times with local community where their opinions have received with great honor. The implementing contractor will conduct consultation meetings with the community people after finalization of contract.</p> <p>✓ Are local people aware about the labors?</p> <p>Answer: Yes. Local people are very much aware of local labors but they do not have any idea about outside labor forces.</p> <p>✓ Has the project authority involved the local community with the project?</p> <p>Answer: Yes, local communities are closely involved with this project. Several consultation meeting and informal interaction with local community have been conducted effectively.</p>

Section B.2. Hat Hat-Bazar acquisition and stakeholder screening

Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Donation/ Land Taking				
1. Will there be any land acquisition?		√		No land will be required to Proposed Hat-Bazar.
2. Is the site for land taking known?	√			Hat-Bazar will be constructed on existing temporary Hat-Bazar. Meanwhile, DRP, Hat-Bazar Committee, Union council, people of surrounding villages & government relevant department has given their consent to intend the Hat-Bazar.
3. Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be required temporary known?	√			Land ownership is government. At present, the DRP's are temporarily running small businesses on the government land.
4. Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?	√			In the camp area Provision is available be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW) within camp and project area.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land due to land acquisition?		√		N/A, no additional land will be required.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?		√		No question of land acquisition. So, agricultural and other productive assets will not be damaged or lost by the construction of Hat-Bazar.
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?		√		No standing crops, trees and fixed assets will be lost due to avoiding and minimize land acquisition.
8. Will there be loss of businesses or enterprises due to land acquisition?		√		Land ownership is government. Currently, some DRP (Rohingya People) are running various shops on a temporary basis. At the consultation meeting, they said they would voluntarily pick up the shop if Hat-Bazar is built in the respective place.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?		√		It is clearly revealed that income sources and means of livelihoods will not be hampered or lost by the Hat-Bazar construction.
Involuntary restrictions on land use or on access to legally designated parks and protected areas				
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?		√		People access to communal facilities and services will not be hampered by the project intervention.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?		√		No scope to change site location.
12. Will access to land and resources owned communally or by the state be restricted?		√		No
Information on Displaced Persons:				
Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project? [√] No [] Yes If yes, approximately how many? N/A				
Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [√] No [] Yes				

Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority groups? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes
During Screening, project authority will conduct consultation with the primary and secondary stakeholders and provide their observations in the following sections (13 to 18)
<p>13: Who are the stakeholders of the project?</p> <p>Answer: DRP, local people, camp users, traders, Local communities, transport owners, surrounding villages peoples, religious leader and implementing agencies and their agencies, labors, CBO, local elected representative, local administration, DPHE, LGED, DoE, BFD, Development partners and local and international NGOs working with local communities and in DRP camp etc.</p>
<p>14: What social and cultural factors affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project?</p> <p>Answer: No social and cultural factors will affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project. Moreover, conducive environment in terms of social and cultural perspective are exist in the project area that is why stakeholder will get positive benefit from the project considering the scope of equal participation.</p>
<p>15: Are project objectives consistent with their needs, interests and capacity?</p> <p>Answer: Yes, the project objective is very much positive consistent with stakeholders needs interests identified by the community consultation and FGD.</p>
<p>16: What will be the impact of the project or sub-project on the various stakeholders, especially women and vulnerable groups?</p> <p>Answer: As a result of construction of Hat-Bazar, the various stakeholders especially women and vulnerable groups will get easy access to purchase their essential products. Transportation systems will be easier for the vulnerable section of the catchment area.</p>
<p>17: What social risks might affect project or sub-project success?</p> <p>Answer:</p> <p>There are some social risks might be affected sub-project success;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incoming labors may engage with anti-social activities which can challenge the values system of the society. • Noise and sound pollution may be generated in the locality. It also can hamper the study of the children as well as old ages during the construction period. • During the construction work, any kind of accident may occur.
<p>18: Has the project authority or any other organizations conducted any consultations with the affected community or people? If yes. Please provide a summary.</p> <p>Answer: The project authority has been conducted several consultations with the potential affected DRP community and Host people. During site selection LGED officials have been conducted several meetings with CIC officials, Site Management, service providers, DRP Community, local Union parishad representatives, and local governance representatives regarding the construction of Hat-Bazar. During the screening, the consultant of Design and supervision consultant and PIU consultant of LGED also organized the consultation meetings and informed them about project objectives and other safeguard related issues. They also provided their feedback which are given below;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The FGD results confirmed that decision of Hat-Bazar construction will increase the sense of security of the communities. • The DRP community will be able to purchase their necessities in a healthy environment. • Having all kinds of products in one place will save them time and less hassle. • The Hat-Bazar management committee should arrange special transportations for the businessperson so that they can carry their products in appropriate price. • During the monsoon, the DRP community will be able to buy their necessities very easily.

Annex-8: Social Screening of Muchra Uthni (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar. Package Number: EMCRP/W1.6

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)
Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)
Social Screening of Sub-Project (Filled Form)

Section A: Sub-Project Overview

Description of sub-project/component interventions:

Proposed Muchra Uthni (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar is situated within the catchment area of Muchra Uthni Rohingya camp area of Rohingya camp no. 5 under Rajapalong union, Ward-9 of Ukhiya Upazila. This targeted Hat-Bazar is inside of camp boundary. A 30 feet existing HBB Army road passing within the proposed Hat-Bazar as well as connect with Rohingya camp 1, 3, 4, 6 & 7. During the pick hour (in morning from 8:30 am to 11:30 am and at afternoon from 2:30 pm to 4:30 pm), this place remains very busy with locals, stakeholders, different GO & NGOs officials, service providers etc. Some cultural, archaeological, religious sites near (within 1km) of site are at north side Shops (5m), Muchra bazar mosque (10m), DRP settlements (15m), camp-3 (1km). At South side FH Hospital (40m), Female market (10m), Mosque (30m), WFP Food distribution center (30m), DRP settlements (20m). At east side DRP settlements (10m), mosque (500m) and at the west side Connecting road (5m), DRP settlements (10m), mosque (200m), camp-4 (1km). No scope to disturbance by this sub-project which bring religious and cultural values to the community people. A large number of DRP & host community' people are expected to be benefitted by implementation of the sub-project directly.

Sub-project Location:

The Sub-Project is categorized as a Rohingya Camp based Hat-Bazar. The consumers are almost Displaced Rohingya People (DRP) but sellers are combined with host communities and DRP. The sub-project area is situated in Rohingya camp-5 of Rajapalong Union, Ward-9 under Ukhiya Upazila of Cox's Bazar district. The sub-project area is located at 21°12'14"N and 92°09'18"E. The distance from the Upazila headquarter is about 8 km. Nearby major road is 30 feet wide HBB Army road, which is connected to the proposed site. The proposed Hat-Bazar will be improved within a confined area on Government periphery with some identified interventions. The proposed interventions are 01 no. Fish Shed (Dimension: 25'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Meat Shed (Dimension: 25'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 to 02 nos. Multipurpose Shed (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Women's Market (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 01 no. Open Sale Platform (Dimension: 40'-0" x 15'-0"), 02 nos. Toilet cum Urinal (Dimension: 15'-0" x 10'-0"; each), 02 to 03 nos. Tube well (Dimension: 10'-0" x 10'-0"; each), apart these another facilities will be improved by Internal Road and Very Shallow depth surface drain (if and where required) are also included in the project activity.

Important Features of Sub-project Location	
Package No:	EMCRP/W1.6
District	Cox's Bazar
Upazila	Ukhya
Union	Rajapalong
WARD	05
Proposed Area	15000 sq. feet
Distance from Upazila Head quarter	08 Km
Present Condition of Hat-Bazar	Camp Based Casually, scattered, open temporary sheds

Hat-Bazar Type	Rural
Proposed Intervention Type	Temporary Camp Based Hat-Bazar
Muchra Uthni (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar Coordinates	Latitude Value: 21°12'14" N Longitude Value: 92°09'18" E
Land ownership	Government Land

Expected construction period: 270 (Two hundred Seventy) days.

Description of project intervention area and project influence area with schematic diagram (where relevant, indicate distance to sensitive environmental areas such as elephant corridors, water bodies, etc. and historical or cultural assets): Please also explain any analysis on alternative location was conducted:

Answer: The proposed Sub-project Muchra Uthni (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar have no located historical sites were found. There are not required to relocate local community. There are many socio-cultural assets in this proposed area but that will not be affected by the construction work. In consultation meeting it has revealed that no Elephants corridors there and no elephant has been found last few years in the proposed sub-project area. The proposed sub-project was finalized through effective consultation of CIC, DRP, local community, Local Government Representatives and Concerned LGED officials.

Section B: Social Screening

Key Screening questions	Aspects to Consider
Will the project potentially involve an influx of workers to the project location, and will the influx be considered significant for the local community?	<p>✓ How many foreign and local workers will be needed for the remaining period of the project, with what skill set?</p> <p>Answer: There are available skilled and unskilled work forces in the project location. No foreign workers will be needed for the remaining of the project. If contactors have need then some skilled workforces may be hired from the outside. In construction work approximately 20 skilled and unskilled workforces are expected to be required for the construction work. Among them 05 will be skilled and 15 will be unskilled workforces.</p> <p>✓ Can the project hire workers from the local workforce?</p> <p>Answer: Definitely, all the unskilled labors will be engaged from DRP communities. Skilled labors will be hired from either locality or from the other place of Bangladesh.</p> <p>✓ What is the size and skill level of the existing local workforce?</p> <p>Answer: Based on consultation with local stakeholders, most of the workforces are available in the locality. If contractors need to hire some skilled workers from outside to the project area for implementing work as per contractors need.</p> <p>✓ If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet project requirements?</p> <p>Answer: Unskilled labor is available and some skilled in this area; So, If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the need of the project, they can serve the purpose of skill labor as conducting skill training by the contractor within the time frame.</p> <p>✓ How will the workers be accommodated? Will they commute or reside on site or outside of the camp? If so, what size of camp will be required?</p> <p>Answer: Don't worry about for the local workers and their accommodation. Because an unskilled labor will be hired from DRP who are residing within the camp. The skilled labors are being accommodated on site of DRP camp by the contractors. Around 600 sq feet sized labor shed for 5 skilled labor.</p>

<p>Is the project located in a rural or remote area?</p>	<p>✓ What is the size of local population in the project area? Answer: There is no local population lives in the sub-project area.</p> <p>✓ What is the size of the host Rohingya community? Answer: The size of DRP (Host Rohingya community) population in the project area are near about 208121. Total Household – 46751.</p> <p>✓ Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders? Answer: Yes, local people are not allowed to visit camp without the permission of CIC.</p> <p>✓ What is the frequency and extent of contact between the local community and outsiders? Answer: From the observation, the frequency and extent of contact between the local community and outsiders Around 90000 peoples use this Hat-Bazar daily.</p> <p>✓ Are there sensitive environmental conditions that need to be considered? Answer: There are no sensitive environmental conditions that need to be consider other than dust and noise and heavy vehicle can be generated by the sub-project during construction phases. Therefore, the following precautionary measures need to be considered. Proper fencing needs to make surrounding the construction site which will protect from dust and noise both local people and pedestrian and surrounding peoples who are living in close proximate.</p>
<p>Based on the socioeconomic, cultural, religious and demographic qualities of the local community, Rohingya population and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence or interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?</p>	<p>✓ Is it likely that the incoming workers and the local community come from a shared socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background? Answer: No.</p> <p>✓ What is the level of existing resources, and will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources? Answer: Incoming workers are very low in numbers, so there will be no competition in using of resources.</p> <p>✓ What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community? Answer: The expected duration of the incoming workers duration is about 270 working days but it may be extended.</p> <p>✓ Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any specific adverse impacts that may be anticipated? Answer: No. Project will benefit the DRP.</p>
<p>Consultation with Community People</p>	<p>✓ Has the project authority and contractors conducted any consultation meetings with the community people and Rohingya population? Answer: The Project authority and contractors conducted consultation several times with local community where their opinions have received with great honor. The implementing contractor will conduct consultation meetings with the community people after finalization of contract.</p> <p>✓ Are local people aware about the labors? Answer: Yes. Local people are very much aware of local labors but they do not have any idea about outside labor forces.</p> <p>✓ Has the project authority involved the local community with the project? Answer: Yes, local communities are closely involved with this project. Several consultation meeting and informal interaction with local community have been conducted effectively.</p>

Section B.2. Hat-Bazar acquisition and stakeholder screening

Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Donation/ Land Taking				
1. Will there be any land acquisition?		√		No land will be required to Proposed Hat-Bazar.
2. Is the site for land taking known?	√			Hat-Bazar will be constructed on existing temporary Hat-Bazar. Meanwhile, DRP, Hat-Bazar Committee, Union council, people of surrounding villages & government relevant department has given their consent to intend the Hat Bazar.
3. Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be required temporary known?	√			Land ownership is government. At present, the DRP's are temporarily running small businesses on the government land.
4. Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?	√			In the camp area Provision is available be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW) within camp and project area.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land due to land acquisition?		√		N/A, no additional land will be required.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?		√		No question of land acquisition. So, agricultural and other productive assets will not be damaged or lost by the construction of Hat Bazar.
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?		√		No standing crops, trees and fixed assets will be lost due to avoiding and minimize land acquisition.
8. Will there be loss of businesses or enterprises due to land acquisition?		√		Land ownership is government. Currently, some DRP (Rohingya People) are running various shops on a temporary basis. At the consultation meeting, they said they would voluntarily pick up the shop if Hat-bazar is built in the respective place.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?		√		It is clearly revealed that income sources and means of livelihoods will not be hampered or lost by the Hat-Bazar construction.
Involuntary restrictions on land use or on access to legally designated parks and protected areas				
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?		√		People access to communal facilities and services will not be hampered by the project intervention.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?		√		No scope to change site location.
12. Will access to land and resources owned communally or by the state be restricted?		√		No
Information on Displaced Persons:				
Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project? [√] No [] Yes If yes, approximately how many? N/A				

Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [V] No [] Yes
Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority groups? [v] No [] Yes
During Screening, project authority will conduct consultation with the primary and secondary stakeholders and provide their observations in the following sections (13 to 18)
<p>13: Who are the stakeholders of the project?</p> <p>Answer: DRP, local people, camp users, traders, Local communities, transport owners, surrounding villages peoples, religious leader and implementing agencies and their agencies, labors, CBO, local elected representative, local administration, DPHE, LGED, DoE, BFD, Development partners and local and international NGOs working with local communities and in DRP camp etc.</p>
<p>14: What social and cultural factors affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project?</p> <p>Answer: No social and cultural factors will affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project. Moreover, conducive environment in terms of social and cultural perspective are exist in the project area that is why stakeholder will get positive benefit from the project considering the scope of equal participation.</p>
<p>15: Are project objectives consistent with their needs, interests and capacity?</p> <p>Answer: Yes, the project objective is very much positive consistent with stakeholders needs interests identified by the community consultation and FGD.</p>
<p>16: What will be the impact of the project or sub-project on the various stakeholders, especially women and vulnerable groups?</p> <p>Answer: As a result of construction of Hat-Bazar, the various stakeholders especially women and vulnerable groups will get easy access to purchase their essential products. Transportation systems will be easier for the vulnerable section of the catchment area.</p>
<p>17: What social risks might affect project or sub-project success?</p> <p>Answer:</p> <p>As per the visit findings and consultation meeting with DRP community, Community leader (Majhi), other organizations representatives of in the scheme area, it has been revealed and perceived that the following some social risks might be affected sub-project success;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incoming labors may engage with anti-social activities which can challenge the values system of the society. So, scope to arise social conflict might be raised gender and gender-based violence issues eve teasing etc. are being addressed through mainstreaming activities. As the mitigation measure the D&SC & LGED team and GRC following the respective GRM, will aware on GBV and motivate the community through consultation meeting & counseling. • Noise and sound pollution may be generated in the locality. It also can hamper the study of the children as well as old ages during the construction period. • During the construction work, any kind of accident may occur.
<p>18: Has the project authority or any other organizations conducted any consultations with the affected community or people? If yes. Please provide a summary.</p> <p>Answer: The project authority has been conducted several consultations with the potential affected DRP community and Host people. During site selection LGED officials have been conducted several meetings with CIC officials, Site Management, service providers, DRP Community, local Union parishad representatives, and local governance representatives regarding the construction of Hat-Bazar. During the screening, the consultant of Design and supervision consultant and PIU consultant of LGED also organized the consultation meetings and informed them about project objectives and other safeguard related issues. They also provided their feedback which are given below;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The FGD results confirmed that decision of Hat-Bazar construction will increase the sense of security of the communities. • The DRP community will be able to purchase their necessities in a healthy environment. • Having all kinds of products in one place will save them time and less hassle. • The Hat-Bazar management committee should arrange special transportations for the businessperson so that they can carry their products in appropriate price. • During the monsoon, the DRP community will be able to buy their necessities very easily.

Annex-9: Screening Findings and Mitigation Measures

Mitigation measures need to be proposed in referenced to ESMP Guidelines relevant to the type of the sub-project, proposed in Section 8.3 of ESMF. Accordingly, we have completed the task followed by FGD and public consultation for the sub projects. Those are given below;

Section	Main Environmental and Social Impacts	Impact Significance*	Suggested Mitigation Measures	Person/Institution Responsible	Monitoring Suggestions	
					Indicators	Frequency
1: Sub-Project Interventions	Different kinds of existing 6 (Six) nos. Hat-Bazar will be improved on selected part of hat bazar on government land in DRP camp (1E,5,6,7,13,15) under Ukhiya Upazila in Cox’s Bazar district.					
2: Pre-improve ment Phase	Loss of land/and other physical assets	No adverse impact will be generated	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No land acquisition will be required as Hat-Bazar will be improved on existing alignment, which is entirely Government land.• Existing some temporary shop available in the market selected place which will be replaced nearby open place for temporary basis and after improvement of work they will back in the newly constructed shed.• No Households will be affected by the intervention of sub-projects. If we found any grievance from the neighboring shops, we will consult on emergency basis in order to solve the problem by project GRC.	PIU consultant, PSC and D&SC	<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Number of Complaints✓ Check Grievance register✓ Resolutions against the grievances	Ensure regular supervision and Monitoring based on compliance.
	Loss of livelihood	No impact may be generated	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No significant impact will be generated by the sub-project but due to Rohingya influx, job opportunities may be reduced. Local people particularly women laborers shall get priority with equal payment at the time of labor recruitment.• Code of conduct required for the local labours as well as Rohingya labours.• During construction work, social safeguard compliance will	PIU consultant, PSC and D&SC	<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Labor wages payroll✓ Interview with labour✓ Frequent visit by D&SC and PIU personnel✓ Copy of code of conduct	Weekly basis

			be maintained properly by the contractor.			
	Site Selection & implementing interventions: Human-elephant conflict	No adverse impact may be generated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Selection of sub-project sites and all implementing interventions must take place outside of the elephant corridor/influence area. 	PIU consultant, PSC and D&SC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Check sub-project Map ✓ Checking IUCN report ✓ Documents check and an Interview of Elephants response team 	Monthly basis
	Loss of right to access	No adverse impact will be generated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In case of unavoidable circumstances, alternative access will be provided. 	PIU consultant, PSC and D&SC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Physical verification ✓ Picture of alternative way 	Monthly basis
	Avoidance and minimize socially sensitive area	No adverse impact will be generated	Social, cultural and religious institution like; Educational institution, Mosque, temple, archeological structure shall take care of carefully for avoiding or minimizing physical fractures and esthetical values.	Construction Contractor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Visit to socially sensitive area ✓ Interaction with local community 	Monthly basis
	Safety Issues	Low impact may be generated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unauthorized person entry to the proposed site shall be restricted • Proper storage and control of hazardous materials on site • Health and safety training to the all labors. • All the host labors and Rohingya labors to wear ID cards • Child labors are not allowed for any form of activities • Site(s) shall be secured by fencing and manned at surrounding the improvement area. 	Construction Contractor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Labor host and storage shed of hazardous materials on site ✓ Training register ✓ ID card of labor ✓ Fencing, entry and exit point 	Monthly basis

	Traffic Management	Low impact may be generated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Traffic management plan (TMP) will be developed by construction contractors and it duly approved by LGED. • Contractor will develop traffic control plan (TCP) considering the Auto movement and bi-cycle movement, pedestrian facility, storage, Load and unload of materials from the transport etc. Clear and specific instructions will be in the TMP such as where the parking lot will be established and how it will be managed. • Adequate arrangement will be in TMP for reducing suffering of buyer and seller, disabled persons, cyclists and general-purpose traffic. • Adequate alternative arrangements to be made to minimize impact on motorists and of buyer and seller. • Adequate Hat-Bazar signs to be planted on access roads to limit vehicular speeds • Construct properly designed speed ramps on access to Hat-Bazar • Traffic signs will be in both Bangla and Rohingya language at appropriate places. In addition, Traffic signs shall be displayed adjacent DRP camp in Rohingya language. 	Construction Contractor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ TMP & TCP available in place ✓ Interview of pedestrians and vehicle riders ✓ Signpost, signage, signboard, billboard, leaflet etc. ✓ Report of awareness raising event on traffic management ✓ Physical visit of divert roads ✓ Traffic sign both Bangla and Rohingya language 	Monthly basis
3: Construction Phase	Temporary partition between construction places and neighboring shops	Low impact may be generated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contractor will make sure the temporary partition/net between improvement area and the shops is under BOQ budget. This divider will be made in such a way that the traffic movement and normal activities of neighboring people is not hampered. 	Construction Contractor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Visiting the sub-project site ✓ Picture of divider/partition 	Monthly basis
	Safety during construction of the RCC roads and followed PPE	Low impact may be generated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Awareness building program will be taken on social safety matters through imparting training from the project before commencement. At the same time, compliance will be ensured by the contractors. • Wherever required, personal protective equipment (PPE) such as ear plugs, earmuffs, helmets, etc. will be provided 	Construction Contractor and Monitored by Consultant of PIU and D&SC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Training register/Documents on Social safety matters ✓ Checking stock register of personal 	Fortnightly basis

			to the persons by the contractor.		protective equipment (PPE)	
	Drinking water and sanitation facility for male and female workers	Low impact may be generated	Construction hosts shall have adequate drinking water facility with water filter, water sealed latrines, urinals and appropriate bathing place both male & female separately.	Construction Contractor and Monitored by Consultant of PIU and D&SC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Check tube well ✓ Water quality test randomly ✓ Check sanitation facilities ✓ Check bathing places 	Weekly basis
	Noise from construction works	Low impact may be generated	Improvement activity shall be restricted to day or night time to consult Hat-Bazar committee as far as possible to avoid disturbance to bazar time.	Construction Contractor and Monitored by Consultant of PIU and D&SC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Physical visit ✓ Interview with local people 	Weekly basis
	Conflicts with existing users due to the scarcity of resource	Low impact may be generated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ A detailed assessment of the available resources and consent of the local representative for withdrawal of water from existing surface water sources shall be taken. ✓ If ground water is withdrawn, adequate approvals from the appropriate department need to be undertaken before setting up. ✓ Local community must be consulted by discloser before start any construction works. 	Construction Contractor and Monitored by Consultant of PIU and D&SC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Approval letter/ Consent letter of Local Representative or concern authority ✓ Grievance register and its resolutions 	On weekly or fortnightly basis
	Labor Base Host: Conflicts with the local residents	Low impact may be generated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ An alternate arrangement for fuel wood, heating and cooking will be arranged for the labors at labor host. ✓ Awareness building about nutrition, disaster risk resilience or mitigation, adoption of clean energy for cooking; and prevention of child abuse, child marriage, GBV, sexual harassment, trafficking of women and children as well as illegal drug trade. ✓ Work force will be prohibited from disturbing the flora, fauna including hunting of animals, wildlife hunting, poaching and tree felling. ✓ Anti-social activities strictly prohibited 	Construction Contractor and Monitored by Consultant of PIU and D&SC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Checking use of resources by labor ✓ Document checking of awareness building activities ✓ Physical Checking ✓ Grievance register ✓ Interview with local community 	Daily site visit

	Health & Safety Risks	Low impact may be generated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Exposure to health events during hat bazar improvement activities such as manual handling and musculoskeletal disorders, hand-arm vibration, temporary or permanent hearing loss, heat stress, and dermatitis: ✓ All construction equipment used for the execution of the project works shall be fit for purpose and carry valid inspection certificates and insurance requirements. ✓ Carry out fire risk assessment for the construction areas, identify sources of fuel and ignition and establish general fire precautions including, means of escape, warning, and fighting fire. ✓ Electrical equipment must be safe and properly maintained; works shall not be carried out on live systems. ✓ First aid kit with adhesive bandages, antibiotic ointment, antiseptic wipes, aspirin, non-latex gloves, scissors, thermometer, etc. shall be made available by the contractor on site. ✓ Based on ESMF construction contractor will deploy Social Safeguard officer to ensure safety measures before start construction work. 	Construction Contractor and Monitored by Consultant of PIU and D&SC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Regular site visit ✓ List of materials such as; Fire extinguisher, first Aid box. ✓ Fitness certificate of equipment provided concern Authority. ✓ Visibility report of site post, signboard, Walkway, road direction, festoon containing precautionary measures ✓ List of Personnel equipment materials ✓ Training document checking ✓ Contractor will be ensured to PMO whether they have recruited SSO & validation of documents. 	Daily site visit/inspection.
	Traffic Accidents	Low impact may be generated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Clear construction area markings. ✓ Recording and reporting of accident incidents to local police station ✓ Annual reporting of accident figures to PSC 	Construction Contractor and Monitored by Consultant of PIU and D&SC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ No. of accident took place ✓ Marking and signage of road ✓ Record of police station and PSC 	Monthly basis

4: Operational Phase	pollution caused by leaking latrines and fecal sludge impacting surrounding neighborhoods	Low impact may be generated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Ensure preventative maintenance schedule is followed. ✓ Regular inspections of potential leaking points. 	Union council, Upazila Parishad	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Number of complaints received ✓ Check maintenance cost ✓ Physical verification and site visit 	Quarterly basis
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*Overall Impact Score: **High** = Likely to cause long-term E&S impacts; **Medium** = Likely to cause temporary impacts; **Low** = Likely to cause little, short-term impacts

Annex-10: At a Glance Public Consultation of 6 sub-projects (Hat-Bazar) under package number EMCRP/W-01, LGED.

1. Project Stakeholders:

DRP Camp, host community, traders, Buyers, Local communities, surrounding villages peoples, implementing agencies and their agencies, labors, local elected representative, local administration, DPHE, LGED, DoE, BFD, Development partners and local and international NGOs working with DRP camp etc.

2. Methodology:

Adoption of appropriate methodology plays a very crucial role to prepare the social screening of sub-projects. Participatory process has been followed to conduct social screening. Participatory public consultation has been conducted at each and every sub-project level with the participation of Bazar committee including host and DRP camp traders and local elected representatives. There are some PRA tools that are used for collecting data such as; FGD, key informant interviews, social screening form (SSF). In public consultation meetings that are held at sub-projects level, project beneficiaries and stakeholders have been properly informed about project related information. In addition, effective mitigation measures have also been reflected in SMP in SL. # 15.

3. Issues Raised by the Participants:

The following feedback, suggestions and recommendations came out from the participants:

- ✓ Replacement of existing traders
- ✓ At the time of hat bazar improvement work, pedestrians may face difficulties to improvement works, which need to be adequately addressed.
- ✓ Temporary fencing, barriers, barricade, detours and traffic sign will be given in appropriate places.
- ✓ Alternative pathways need to be improved for smooth movement of the people.
- ✓ DRP camp people shall get adequate attention from the contractor and project authority.
- ✓ Quality of improvement work shall be properly ensured.
- ✓ Security guards will be appointed from the DRP Camp.
- ✓ Rohingya labor including local labor shall get priority in hat bazar improvement work.

4. Feedback, Suggestions and recommendations of the participants:

The following feedback, suggestions and recommendations came out from the participants:

- ✓ The FGD results confirmed that the decision of hat bazar construction will improve the DRP camp base hat bazar.
- ✓ Camp based bazar mosque (Khataltola) can include in the improvement of hat bazar.
- ✓ Toll system will be developed for hat bazar maintenance.
- ✓ Time saving will be ensured
- ✓ Female can easily move and which will increase the economic value. New employment opportunity will be increased.
- ✓ Farmers and producers of the catchment area will get fair price of their commodities due to improve hat.
- ✓ More than half of the total participants reported that they can easily move in the hat during rainy season.
- ✓ The participants explained that there are some internal roads which need to be improved.

They also urged that it would be beneficial if internal roads are improved one at a time.

5. Conclusion:

In conclusion, it can be clearly determined that the sub-project (Package W-01) will generate tremendous positive impacts for the DRP camp, particularly in the socio-economic context for the catchment area peoples. Peoples get easily health, hygiene facilities as well as improve facilities. Particularly, easy movement and purchase their commodities will ensure for the vulnerable sections of the communities such as; Older people, PWD (Persons with Disability) and Women's from these sub-projects.

Annex-11: Photographs of Consultation Meeting with CIC under Package/W1



Annex-12: Photographs of Consultation Meeting with Stakeholders of 6 Sub-Projects under Package/W1



<p>Jamtoli Shafiullah Ghata (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar. Package Number: EMCRP/W1.1</p>	<p>Tanjimarkhola Kanthaltola (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar. Package Number: EMCRP/W1.2</p>
	
<p>Moynarghona (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar. Package Number: EMCRP/W1.3</p>	<p>Kutupalong Noukarmath (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar. Package Number: EMCRP/W1.4</p>
	
<p>Lambashia (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar. Package Number: EMCRP/W1.5</p>	<p>Muchra Uthni (Rohingya Camp Based) Hat-Bazar. Package Number: EMCRP/W1.6</p>

Annex-13 to 19: List of Participants Attended in a Consultation Meeting of 6 Sub-Projects under package EMCRP/W1, LGED.

Jamtoli Shafiullah Ghata (Rohingya Camp Based Bazar)
EMCRP/W1.1

Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)

জমতলী জিডিওতে রোহিঙ্গা সেক্টর মোকাবেলায় মানসি সেক্টর প্রকল্প

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)

Public Consultation Participants List

Focus Group Discussion

সময়: 11:00 AM

তারিখ: ০২/০৮/২০২০

উপ-প্রকল্প/কমপোনেন্ট এর নাম: জামতলী শফিউল্লাহ গাট বজার

সহ নির্মাতা স্থান: জামতলী-হাণ্ডুয়া আমদানি আমদানি দোকান

ইতিমধ্যে: পান্থখানী মোবাইল: ০৫ নাম্বার: মালুখানী উপজেলা: উজিয়া থানা: কক্সবাজার

সব প্রকল্প নং: EMCRP/W1(১)

নিম্নলিখিতগুলির তালিকা (পরিচয় ও স্বাক্ষর)

ক্রম নং	নাম	বয়স	পুরুষ/মহিলা	ধর্ম	স্বাক্ষর / টিমসাই
০১	মো: মাদান - মিয়া	৭৫	পুরুষ	হিন্দু (মাসাই)	মাসাই
০২	মো: মাহমুদুল হান	৬৪	u	u	মাহমুদুল হান
০৩	মো: মাহমুদুল হান	৬২	u	হিন্দু (মাসাই)	মাসাই
০৪	মো: মাহমুদুল হান	৪৫	u	u (মাসাই)	মাসাই
০৫	মো: মাহমুদুল হান	২০	u	u DRP	মাসাই
০৬	মো: মাহমুদুল হান	৬৫	u	u "	মাসাই
০৭	মো: মাহমুদুল হান	৪০	u	u "	মাসাই
০৮	মো: মাহমুদুল হান	৬৫	u	u "	মাসাই
০৯	মো: মাহমুদুল হান	৬৬	u	DRP	মাসাই
১০	মো: মাহমুদুল হান	৫২	u	u	মাসাই

Tanjimarkhola Kanthaltola (Rohingya Camp Based Bazar)
EMCRP/W1.2

Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)
Consultation Participants List

Time: 12:30.....

Date: 27.07.20

Subject: Tanjimarkhola Kanthaltola Rohingya Camp based Bazar Improvement

Consultation/FGD with.. Host/DRP.....

ইমার্জেন্সি মাল্টি সেক্টর রোহিঙ্গা ক্রাইসিস রেসপন্স প্রকজেক্ট (ই এম সি আর সি)
Tanjimarkhola Kanthaltola
(Rohingya Camp Based Bazar)
Sub-Package: EMCRP/W1.2

প্রকল্পের নাম: Mr. Sakandan's shop,
Kanthaltola Bazar

সহ পরিচালকের স্থান: Palongkhali
উপজেলা: Balukhali
ডাঙার নাম: Uukhiya
জেলা: Cox's Bazar

অংশগ্রহণকারীদের তালিকা (পরিচয় ও স্বাক্ষর)

ক্রমিক সং.	নাম	বয়স	লিঙ্গ	পেশা/শ্রম	ঠান	অবস্থান	স্বাক্ষর
১.	কামাল মাহমুদ	৩৬	পুরুষ	DRP	কান্ঠালতলা	০৬/১১/২৭	
২.	তারা খান	৭৪	-	DRP	Camp 13	DRP	
৩.	কান্ঠালতলা	৫৫	-	u	u	u	
৪.	আব্দুল হক	৪৫	পুরুষ	u	u	u	Abdur
৫.	কান্ঠালতলা	৫৫	-	u	u	u	
৬.	হেতুপন কান্ঠালতলা	৩০	পুরুষ	u	u	u	
৭.	হানিম	৩২	পুরুষ	u	u	u	
৮.	কান্ঠালতলা	২৫	পুরুষ	u	u	u	
৯.	কান্ঠালতলা	২৪	u	u	u	u	
১০.	কান্ঠালতলা	২৬	পুরুষ	u	কান্ঠালতলা	Host	
১১.	কান্ঠালতলা	৩৪	u	u	u	u	
১২.	কান্ঠালতলা	u	u	u	কান্ঠালতলা	u	
১৩.	কান্ঠালতলা	২২	u	u	u	u	
১৪.	কান্ঠালতলা	৩২	u	u	u	u	
১৫.	কান্ঠালতলা	২৬	u	u	u	u	
১৬.	কান্ঠালতলা	২২	u	u	u	u	
১৭.	কান্ঠালতলা	৩৩	u	u	u	u	
১৮.	কান্ঠালতলা	৩২	u	u	u	u	

EMCRPW1.3

Consultation Participants List

Date 13/10/2020

Improvement

কোড নং: Palongchali
 গ্রামপঞ্চায়েত: Balukhali
 উপজেলা: Mchitya
 জেলা: Cox's Bazar

ଆମର ସମସ୍ତ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ (ନିୟମ ଓ ନୀତି)

କ୍ରମ ସଂ	ନାମ	ବୟସ	ଲେଖ	ମୂଲ୍ୟ ରାଶି	କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ	ପ୍ରାପ୍ତିତା	ସ୍ଥାନ
୦୧	ଭୀମ ଚାନ୍ଦିନୀ ମୋହନ	୨୫	ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ	୨୫/୨୦	ଅନ୍ୟତମ - ୨୨	-	୨୫
୦୨	ଭୀମ ଚାନ୍ଦିନୀ	୨୫	୧୫ ଅନ୍ୟତମ	୧୧	୧୧	-	୧୫
୦୩	ଭୀମ ଚାନ୍ଦିନୀ	୨୫	୧୫ ଅନ୍ୟତମ	୧୧	୧୧	-	୧୫
୦୪	ଭୀମ ଚାନ୍ଦିନୀ	୨୦	ଅନ୍ୟତମ	୧୧	ଅନ୍ୟତମ - ୨୨	-	୧୫
୦୫	ଭୀମ ଚାନ୍ଦିନୀ	୨୨	୧୧	୧୧	ଅନ୍ୟତମ - ୨୨	-	୧୫
୦୬	ଭୀମ ଚାନ୍ଦିନୀ	୨୦	୧୧	୧୧	ଅନ୍ୟତମ - ୨୨	-	୧୫
୦୭	ଭୀମ ଚାନ୍ଦିନୀ	୨୨	୧୧	୧୧	ଅନ୍ୟତମ - ୨୨	-	୧୫
୦୮	ଭୀମ ଚାନ୍ଦିନୀ	୨୦	୧୧	୧୧	ଅନ୍ୟତମ - ୨୨	-	୧୫
୦୯	ଭୀମ ଚାନ୍ଦିନୀ	୨୨	୧୧	୧୧	ଅନ୍ୟତମ - ୨୨	-	୧୫
୧୦	ଭୀମ ଚାନ୍ଦିନୀ	୨୦	୧୧	୧୧	ଅନ୍ୟତମ - ୨୨	-	୧୫
୧୧	ଭୀମ ଚାନ୍ଦିନୀ	୨୦	୧୧	୧୧	ଅନ୍ୟତମ - ୨୨	-	୧୫
୧୨	ଭୀମ ଚାନ୍ଦିନୀ	୨୦	୧୧	୧୧	ଅନ୍ୟତମ - ୨୨	-	୧୫

Kutupalong Noukarmath (Rohingya Camp Based Bazar) EMCRP/W1.4

Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)
Consultation Participants List

Time: ১১:৩০ PM

Date: ২২/৩/২০২০

Subject: kutupalong Noukarmath Camp based Bazar improvement

Consultation/FGD with..... **DRP**

ইমার্জেন্সি মান্দি সেক্টর রোহিঙ্গা ক্রাইসিস রেসপন্স প্রকল্পের (ই এম সি আর পি)
Kutupalong (Noukarmath)
(Rohingya Camp Based Bazar)
Sub-Project: EMCRP/W1.4)
Kutupalong Noukarmath
Bazar, Camp-7, Block-F

কোড নং:
ইউনিট নং: Palongkhali
ডাকঘর: Dohkhali
উপজেলা: Lohiya
জেলা: Cox's Bazar

অংশগ্রহণকারীদের হস্তাক্ষর (পরিচয় ও স্বাক্ষর)

ক্রমিক নং	নাম	বয়স	লিঙ্গ	পূর্ণ/নাই	ক্যাম্প	স্বাক্ষর	স্বাক্ষর
০১	মোঃ হাদিস	৬৬	ম	১	Camp-2	০	
০২	মোঃ মতিজুজ্জার	২০	CPP-V	১১	Camp-7		
০৩	মোঃ বশির	৬৫	১১	১১	১১		
০৪	মোঃ আমজাদ	৬৬	CPP	১১	Camp-7		
০৫	মোঃ জাহাঙ্গীর	৬৭	১১	১১	১১		
০৬	আমি হাদিস	৬০	১১	১১	১১		
০৭	মোঃ হাদিস	৬৭	১১	১	Camp-2		
০৮	মোঃ জাহাঙ্গীর	৬৬	১১	১১	Camp-7		
০৯	রশিদ জাহাঙ্গীর	৬৫	DRP	১১	Camp-6		
১০	মোঃ হাদিস	৬০	DRP-V	১১	Camp-6		
১১	মোঃ হাদিস	২৪	DRP-V	১১	Camp-2		
১২	মোঃ হাদিস	২৬	১১	১১	Camp-2		

