

# Government of The People's Republic of Bangladesh

Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Co-operatives

Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)
Additional Financing (AF)

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)



Report on
Outcomes of Social Screening on Proposed Construction of 10
New School cum Resilience Shelter Buildings

Funded by:





Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh & KfW

Development Design Consultants Ltd.

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# **Abbreviations**

Abbreviations	Descriptions			
AF	Additional Financing			
ARIPA	Acquisition and Requisition of immovable property Act			
BC	Bituminous Carpeting			
BFS	Brick Flat Soling			
BOQ	Bill Of quantity			
СВО	Community Based Organization			
CoC	, -			
CSO	Code of Conduct Civil Society Organization			
CPR	1			
CPP	Common Property Resource Cyclone Preparedness Program			
DOE	Department of Environment			
DOF	Department of Forest			
DPP	Development Project Proposal			
D&SC	Design & Supervision Consultant			
EMCRP	Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project			
ESMF	Environmental and Social Management Framework			
FGD	Focus Group Discussion			
GPS	Government Primary School			
GRC	Grievance Redressed Committee			
GRM	Grievance Redressed Mechanism			
НВВ	Herring Bone Bond			
IUCN	International Union for Conservation of Nature			
LGED	Local Government Engineering Department			
LGRD&C	Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Co-operatives			
MoPME	Ministry of Primary and Mass Education.			
N/A	Not Applicable			
NGO	Non-Government Organization			
OP	Operational Policy			
PDO	Project Development Objective			
PIU	Project Implementation Unit			
PTA	Parent Teachers Association			
PRA	Participatory Rural Appraisal			
PSC	Project Steering Committee			
RCC	Reinforced Cement Concrete			
RF	Resettlement Framework			
RRRC	Refugee Relief & Repatriation commissioner			
RPF	Resettlement Policy Framework			
ROW	Right of Way			
SMC	School Management Committee			
SMP	Social Management Plan			
TP	Tribal People			
TMP	Traffic Management Plan			
TCP	Traffic Control Plan			
IP	Indigenous Peoples			
IP	Indigenous Peoples			

# 1. Background of the Project:

The Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) under the Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Cooperatives (MoLGRD&C) is one of the government agencies to implement Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP) additional financing (AF) financed by World Bank. This project has been designed in order to reduce the vulnerability of Displaced Rohingya People (DRP) along with the people from the communities in all Upazila's under Cox's Bazar district. The main target of the project is to enhance existing disaster resilience systems and improve the social service delivery for the DRP and community. This project will follow a sustainable development pathway that is resilient to disaster and climate change effects.

As per revised DPP for additional financing, nineteen work packages have been selected for different construction activities, among them two packages are for School cum Resilience shelter buildings. This screening report is being prepared for package EMCRP/AF/W-12 which is being funded by Kfw. Under this package, LGED will construct 10 new school cum resilience shelter building in four Upazila of Cox's Bazar Sadar, Ukhiya, Teknaf and Ramu within the community areas following the guidelines of project ESMF and RPF.

The project initially decided to build 10 new School cum Resilience Shelter Buildings funded by KfW and each shelter needs 33 decimal of government land. If the government land is unavailable the shelter will be omitted from the construction list as negative, because project did not endorse land acquisition in its approved DPP. Also, project will improve shelter connective road on existing Right of Way (RoW) without land acquisition. Construction of these shelters will improve of basic services and aims to (a) reduce the loss of human and livestock lives; and to (b) increase population coverage by establishing more accessible School cum Resilience shelter buildings for community during natural disasters.

The main objective of this social screening report is to identify potential social risks and impacts, their significance, and the level of assessment and management required to address them. The social screening survey has conducted following the questionnaire and the guidelines of project ESMF and RPF and relevant Government policies and Acts.

The D&SC social team has conducted screening for 10 proposed school cum resilience shelter buildings and conducted 11 consultation meetings with Upazila level LGED representatives, Upazila Education office representatives, UP chairman, school management committees, students and surrounding community elite persons. This summary report contains possible impacts, proposed mitigation measures, consultation procedures and monitoring mechanism. All the project activities will be conducted within the vacant existing government primary school land and no additional land is required for these proposed sub-project.

The social screening survey has been conducted by the D&SC social team, following the guidelines of ESMF and RPF and results indicate that no trees, structures, community properties or any other assets will be affected by the implementation of the sub projects (except 6 no damaged/ abandoned old structure building will need to be demolished before the construction of new School cum Resilience shelters; details mentioned in annex 01). As per ESMF, when damaged/abandoned building will be demolished, all mitigation measures will be taken by the contractors in presence of LGED & D&SC. Any land acquisition and population displacement/relocation of habitants, shop and trees cutting will not be needed to implement these sub projects.

#### 2. Initial Site Selection and Methodology:

LGED, together with Field Resident Engineer (FRE) & Social Experts of D&SC visited selected government primary schools and conducted informal consultations with SMC, UP representatives, students, teachers,

community people and other relevant stakeholders for finalization of the sites. After confirmation of sites by the Upazila engineer, LGED than D&SC conducted soil test of the sites. A team D&SC has visited the proposed site of package EMCRP/AF/W12 and has conducted focus group discussion (FGD) with relevant stakeholders and participated in formal and informal meetings with the SMC, guardian and local communities. A structured questionnaire was used to obtain necessary primary data relating to population, household, land acquisition requirement, land ownership, losses of land, assets and other factors. Further information was gathered through interviews of key informants and stakeholder consultation meetings through a FGD approach to capture the communities' opinion and feedback about the sub-projects.

# 3. Location of Sub Project

10 new Schools cum Resilience shelter buildings will be constructed within the community communities of cox's Bazar Sadar, Ramu, Ukhiya and Teknaf Upazila under Cox's Bazar district. Out of them 03 will be constructed in cox's Bazar Sadar, 01 will be Ramu, 03 will be Ukhiya and 03 will be Teknaf Upazila. All Shelters will be built within the existing Government Primary School premises. Locations, **Present condition and** architectural features mentioned below table SI # 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3:

#### 3.1 Present land condition

SI. No.	Name of District	Name of Upazila	Name of new School cum Resilience shelter building	Total Land Space of School cum Resilience shelter building (Square Meter)	Average Structural land space of new construction School cum Resilience shelter building (Square Meter)	School cu Resilience		Tentative Facilities of new construction School cum Resilience shelter building	Remarks
01		Cox's Bazar	Aliapara Government	1285.49	537.59	Comm unity	-	Number of Floors-03,	
		Sadar	Primary School			unity		Number of	
02	•		Palpara Government	1664.79	537.59	Comm	-	Class room-	
		"Do"	Primary School			unity		03, Store	
03			Wahederpara	1651.95	537.59	Comm	-	room-01,	
		"Do"	Government			unity		Teacher's	
	_		Primary School	100= 66				room-01,	
04	Bazar	Damu	Purbo Jouarianala Government	1095.66	537.59	Commi	-	Pregnant women care	
	's B	Ramu	Primary School			unity		room-01,	
05	Cox's		Naikhyong Khali	2479.58	537.59	Comm	-	Toilet (Male)-	
		Teknaf	Government			unity		03, Toilet	
			Primary School			-		(Female)- 03.	
06			Kharankhali	2419.53	537.59	COIIIII	-	Tubewell-02,	
		"Do"	Government			unity		Hand Pump- 02, Plastic	
07	•		Primary School Lambari	4766.25	537.59	Comm		roof Tap	
0/		"Do"	Government	4/00.23	337.33	unity	-	water Tank	
		50	Primary School			arricy			

08		Hazi Gura Miah	1617.25	537.59	Comm	-	(1000 lt.)-02	
	Ukhiya	Government			unity		&	
		Primary School					Other	
09		Mohammed Shafir	1200.56	537.59	Comm	-	facilities-	
	"Do"	Bill Government			unity		Ramp & Stair.	
		Primary School						
10		Kamariar Bill	1600.86	537.59	Comm	-		
	"Do"	Government			unity			
		Primary School						

# 3.2 Present condition of the sub-project sites and scope of work:

SI.	Name of Shelter	Address	Present Condition	Scope of work
а	b	С	d	e
1	Aliapara Government Primary School	Village: Haidarpara, Ward: 05, Union: Chowfaldandi, Upazila: Cox's Bazar Sadar, District: Cox's Bazar	<ul> <li>✓ The current schooling activities are going on in one building with a playground.</li> <li>✓ HBB road is well connected with the school compound.</li> <li>✓ No squatters or encroachers are identified on shelter selected land within school premises.</li> </ul>	A new 3-stroied steel structure school cum resilience shelter building will be constructed with the following facilities;  ✓ Disable entrance ✓ 3 toilets each for both male & female including disabledfacilities. ✓ 2 Tube well for each floor ✓ Pregnant/labor Room ✓ 3 class room & 1 Teacher room ✓ Livestock shelter facilities in open place at level-1 ✓ 7 solar panel, hand pump and watertank with rain water harvesting facilities will be included.
2	Palpara Government Primary School	Village: Maddham Shiapara Ward: 07, Union: Eidgaon, Upazila: Cox'S Bazar Sadar, District: Cox's Bazar	<ul> <li>✓ The current schooling activities are going on in one building with a playground.</li> <li>✓ Under construction BC road is well connected with the school.</li> <li>✓ There are few trees within the school boundary, but trees will not require to cut off.</li> <li>✓ No squatters or encroachers has not found on selected site within the school premises.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ Total building structure will be demolished.</li> <li>✓ 3-storied steel structure school cum resilience shelter will be constructed, facilities mentioned above row. (1.e).</li> </ul>
3	Wahederpara Government Primary School	Village: Wahederpara, Ward: 08, Union: Islamabad, Upazila: Cox's Bazar Sadar, District: Cox's Bazar	<ul> <li>✓ Existing school has 2 buildings with playground.         Among them one building is damaged which needs to be demolished. All school activities are managing in the other school building.     </li> <li>✓ School is well connected with Chattogram - Cox's Bazar high way.</li> <li>✓ There are few trees within the school boundary, but</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ One building structure will be demolished.</li> <li>✓ 3-storied steel structure school cum resilience shelter will be constructed, facilities mentioned above row. (1.e)</li> </ul>

SI.	Name of Shelter	Address	Present Condition	Scope of work
			<ul> <li>trees may not require to cut off based on the final detailed design.</li> <li>✓ No squatters or encroachers has not found on site within the school premises.</li> </ul>	
4	Purbo Jouarianala Government Primary School	Village: Purbo Jouarianala, Ward: 08, Union: Jouarianala, Upazila: Ramu, District: Cox's Bazar		<ul> <li>✓ One building structure will be demolished</li> <li>✓ 3-storied steel structure school cum resilience shelter will be constructed, facilities mentioned above row. (1.e)</li> </ul>
5	Naikhyong Khali Government Primary School	Village: Naikhyong Khali, Ward: 02, Union: Hnila, Upazila: Teknaf, District: Cox's Bazar	<ul> <li>✓ Existing school have 3 buildings with playground among them one building is abandoned which needs to be demolished. All the school activities are managing in the other school building.</li> <li>✓ School is well connected with an existing BC road.</li> <li>✓ No squatters or encroachers has not found on site within the school premises.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ One building structure will be demolished</li> <li>✓ 3-storied steel structure school cum resilience shelter will be constructed, facilities mentioned above row. (1.e</li> </ul>
6	Kharankhali Government Primary School	Village: Kharankhali, Ward: 08, Union: Whykong, Upazila: Teknaf, District: Cox's Bazar	<ul> <li>✓ Existing school have 2 buildings with playground among them one building is abandoned which needs to be demolished. All the school activities are managed in the other school building.</li> <li>✓ School is well connected with an existing HBB road.</li> <li>✓ There are few trees within the school boundary, but trees will not require to cut off based on the final design and screening.</li> <li>✓ No squatters or encroachers has not found on site within the school premises.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ One building structure will be demolished</li> <li>✓ 3-storied steel structure school cum resilience shelter will be constructed, facilities mentioned above row. (1.e)</li> <li>Text in the mentioned annex already been adjusted. Besides, specific measure for children security will be taken as follows;</li> <li>➤ A divider will be given between construction places and play ground to avoid any risk as well as ensuring safety and security of the children.</li> </ul>

SI.	Name of Shelter	Address	Present Condition	Scope of work
				<ul> <li>No dust/noise will be generated by the construction work during the play time of the children.</li> <li>A person will be assigned by the contractors for each site to look after the entire safety measures of the sub-project who refrain the children and other people to enter the construction places.</li> </ul>
7	Lambari Government Primary School	Village: Mithapanir chara, Ward: 01, Union: 3 no. Teknaf Sadar, Upazila: Teknaf, District: Cox's Bazar	<ul> <li>✓ Existing school have 3 buildings with large playground. All the school activities are managed in the three school buildings.</li> <li>✓ School is well connected with an existing HBB road.</li> <li>✓ No squatters or encroachers has not found on site within the school premises.</li> </ul>	the open space but the playground will not be damaged as there is enough space.  ✓ 3-storied steel structure school cum
8	Hazi Gura Miah Government Primary School	Village: Mosar khola, Ward: 06, Union: Palongkhali, Upazila: Ukhiya, District: Cox's Bazar	<ul> <li>✓ The current schooling activities are going on in one building with a playground.</li> <li>✓ School is well connected with an existing HBB road.</li> <li>✓ No squatters or encroachers has not found on site within the school premises.</li> </ul>	the open space but the playground will not be damaged as there is enough space.
9	Mohammed Shafir Bill Government Primary School	Village: Moddha Shafir Bill, Ward: 07, Union: Jaliapalong, Upazila: Ukhiya, District: Cox's Bazar	<ul> <li>✓ Existing school have 2 buildings but no playground. Among them one building is abandoned which needs to be demolished. All the schooling activities will continue at the other school building situated at the same Campus.</li> <li>✓ School is well connected with an existing HBB road.</li> <li>✓ No squatters or encroachers has not found on site within the school premises.</li> </ul>	✓ 3-storied steel structure school cum resilience shelter will be constructed, facilities mentioned above row. (1.e)  Site specific Mitigation measures regarding play ground as follows;

SI.	Name of Shelter	Address	Present Condition	Scope of work
				<ul> <li>ensured providing necessary fencing and other safety measures.</li> <li>In the case of partial playground affected, labor shed/ materials stake yard and storing place must be constructed at safe distance with proper safety materials so that safety of the other part of the playground will not be hampered. During School building demolition, adequate precautionary safety measures will be taken to avoid or reduce or minimize negative impact such as; dust, noise, accidents etc.</li> <li>No dust/noise will be generated by the construction work during the play time of the children.</li> <li>As per BOQ/ESMF provision a person will be assigned by the contractors for each site to look after overall safety measures at the construction site for refraining the children and other people to entry the construction places.</li> </ul>
10	Kamariar Bill Government Primary School	Village: Kamariar Bill, Ward: 06, Union: Ratnapalong, Upazila: Ukhiya, District: Cox's Bazar	<ul> <li>✓ Existing school have 2 buildings with playground among them one building is abandoned which needs to be demolished. All the school activities will continue in the other school building.</li> <li>✓ There are few trees within the school boundary, based on the final detailed design it is confirmed that trees will not require to cut off.</li> <li>✓ School is well connected with an existing HBB road.</li> <li>✓ No squatters or encroachers has not found on site within the school premises.</li> </ul>	✓ One building structure will be demolished ✓ 3-storied steel structure school cum resilience shelter will be constructed, facilities mentioned above row. (1.e)

# 3.3 Proposed architectural features of new construction steel structure School cum Resilience shelter building

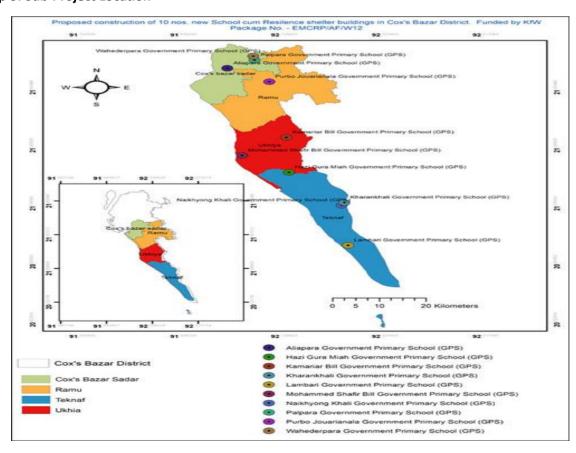
New construction Steel structure School cum Resilience Shelter Building details				
Feature type	Quantity	Dimension		
Total Floor Area (ft.²)	Whole	2460		
Number of Floors	3	820x3 Floors		
Number of Class room (sq. feet)	3	each@ 14'-11" X 19'-1"		
Teacher's Room	1	14'-10"X12'-0"		
Store Room	1	14'-10"X8'-6"		
Toilet (male)	3	'-5"X10'-10"		
Toilet (Female)	3	13'-10"X9'-11"		
Pregnant women care room	1	14'X7'		
Drinking Water Facility	Yes	Not Applicable		
Maintenance Room	1	20'X21'-0"		
Hand Pump	2	Not Applicable		
Plastic roof tap water tank	2	1000 (lt.)		

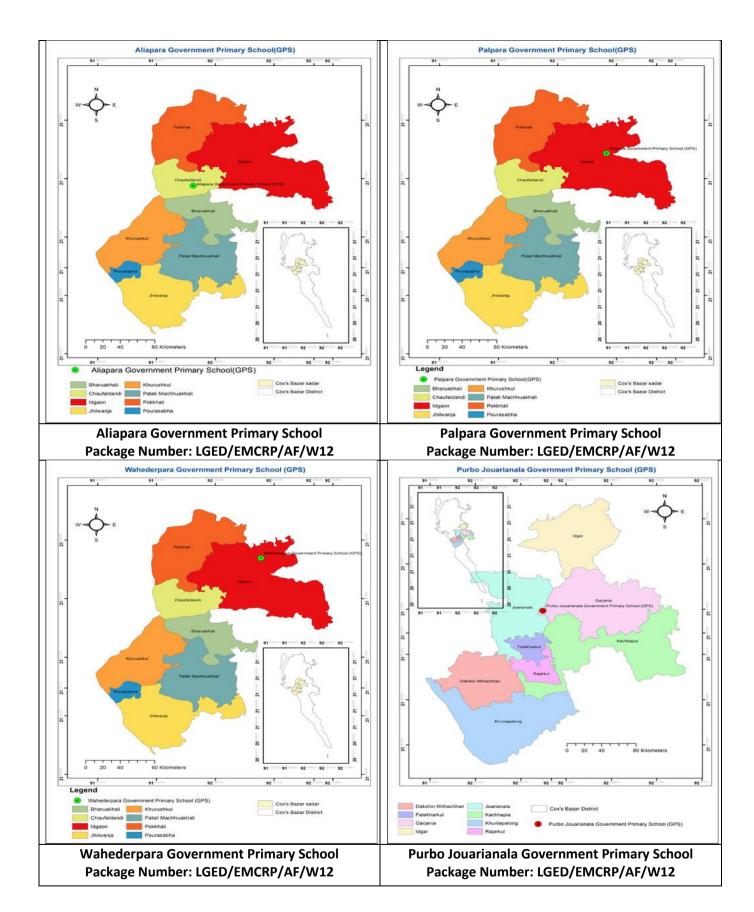
The Project Map and detail's location of sub-projects are given below;

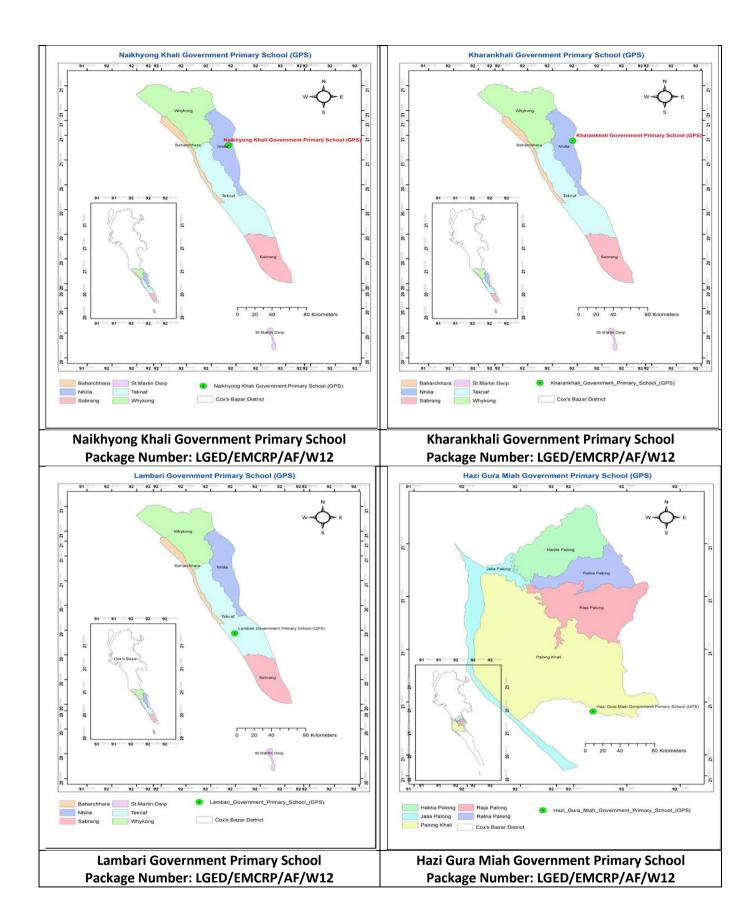
# 4. Map of Cox's Bazar District with Project Location

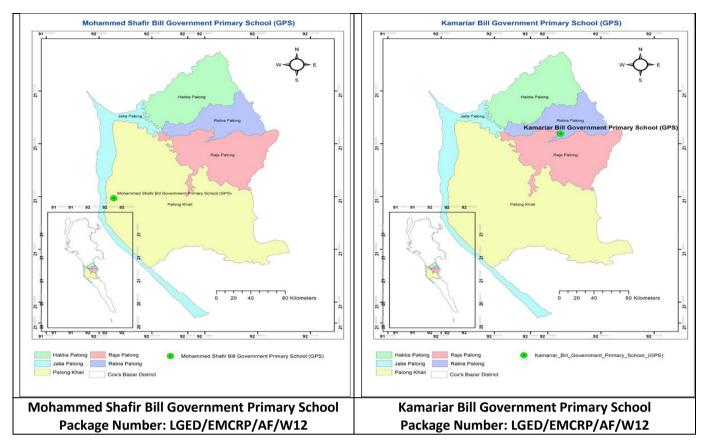
Map illustrating of new Construction School cum Resilience shelter building Work Package EMCRP/AF/W-12 locations in the Cox's Bazar Sadar, Ramu, Ukhiya and Teknaf Upazila under Cox's Bazar District.

# **Map of Sub-Project Location**









# 5. Sub-project benefits:

- During disaster time each shelter can accommodate around 1300 people.
- All new schools will have a well-furnished and environment friendly 03 storied steel structure building
- The proposed building will have entrance.
- Each school building will contain separate toilet for male and female including other facilities.
- The proposed sub-project will ensure drinking water facilities in each floor.
- There will be a separate pregnant /labor room which will be very useful during disaster time.
- Livestock shelter facilities will have in open place at level-1.

### 6. Overall Subproject's Impacts and Proposed Mitigation Measures

In terms of land acquisition, resettlement and livelihood, overall project impacts are low. All the construction will be conducted within the school premises. Social screening report confirmed that no structures, common properties and indigenous people will be affected by the project. However, no cut off trees. As construction will be conducted within the school premises and on the government owned land, no land acquisition is required. However, project may have some construction induced impact due to movement of heavy vehicles which will be mitigate by LGED. No indigenous people are identified during screening. Detailed impacts are attached with Annex 14. Summary Impacts are given below;

- Construction may cause disturbance to the schooling
- It may cause noise and dust which may be harmful for the community people, students and teachers.
- Possibility of spreading COVID virus.
- Risk of GBV.
- Construction induced impacts.

### 7. Summary of Land Using Mitigation Measures:

Apart from the land required for the shelter building itself, additional land will not be required for the new shelter construction sites for using the temporary facilities, such as contractor's labour shed, materials stack yard and store etc. A small part of existing school playground or nearby any government land may be used as construction shed with fencings and shall be ensured safety issues during construction. If construction contractors need additional land for construction yard/Camp due to unavailability of governmental/school owned land then the following 2 process may be applied;

- An agreed agreement may be executed between the land owner and the contractor for the specified time and conditions.
- For requisition of land for temporary purposes, the Acquisition and Requisition of Immovable Property Act 2017 (ARIPA 2017) is the principal legislation governing domain land acquisition and requisition in Bangladesh. The Act requires compensation to be paid for: (i) vacating the requisitioned property (ii) reoccupying the property upon released from the requisition (iii) damaged the cost to the property during period of requisition including the expenses that may have to be incurred for restoring to the original condition.

Under the Country related Laws "Acquisition and Requisition of Immovable Properties Act" 2017 (ARIPA 2017), The Deputy Commissioner (DC) determines the value of the requisitioned assets under section 22 (1) and 22 (2) with due consultation with the land owners. According to section 22 (6), requisition is allowed only for 2 years. If land is required more than 2 years, a new contract is required with the land owners with an agreed compensation rate. Under section 23, DC will pay the compensation to the land owners. If the land requisitioned has standing crops cultivated by a tenant (Bargadar) under a legally constituted written agreement, the law requires that compensation money be paid in cash to the tenants as per the agreement. Under no circumstances, land requisition is not allowed due affecting residential and community properties. However, under section 20, requisition is only allowed for emergency shelter construction. A Resettlement Policy Framework developed for the project to address such kind of issues. In addition, the following issues also be mitigated during construction;

- ✓ A traffic man shall be deployed by the contractor for the management of traffic during construction as well as ensuring safety movement of the student, teachers and workers.
- ✓ GBV management.
- ✓ Labour management.
- ✓ Regular consultations with School Management Committees.
- ✓ Formation of effective GRM and include teachers with the Grievance Committee.
- ✓ In case of any accidents/incidents, will be informed to the KfW within 24 hours and investigation report also be shared within 48 hours.

In such cases, the school will make alternative land available so that part of the playground can be used for the shelter and additional land is arrange for temporary works for outside of the school compounds by using either public venues. Where part of the playground is used for the shelter, alternative land needs to be organized by the SMC for the playground.

At the shelter sites where work will start soon, it is necessary to make sure that the school owned government land is freely available and without to undue influence or force. Local LGED and D&SC will follow up the matter.

#### Site specific Mitigation measures regarding play ground as follows;

Contractor will make the temporary divider/partition between construction area and other schooling areas under BOQ budget. This divider will be made in such a way that the schooling works will be ensured providing necessary fencing and other safety measures.

- In the case of partial playground affected, labor shed/ materials stake yard and storing place must be constructed at safe distance with proper safety materials so that safety of the other part of the playground is not hampered.
- During School building demolition, adequate precautionary safety measures will be taken to avoid or reduce or minimize negative impact such as; dust, noise, accidents etc.
- > No dust/noise will be generated by the construction work during the play time of the children.

As per BOQ/ESMF provision a person will be assigned by the contractors for each site to look after overall safety measures at the construction site for refraining the children and other people to entry the construction places.

In addition, contractor will make sure the temporary divider/partition between construction area and other schooling areas are under BOQ budget. This divider will be made in such a way that the schooling works are not interrupted. The contractor will make sure that walkways are clearly designated as a walkway; all walkways shall be provided with good conditions underfoot, and signs are being posted with adequate lighting.

#### 8. Consultation:

Consultation is a process that involves interacting with relevant stakeholders to inform them about the sub-projects. Involving stakeholders in the process will ensure that the opinions and concerns of various groups are taken into account to facilitate a smooth execution of projects.

Total 194 numbers participants were attended in the consultation meeting shown in table -1. The Social safeguard team of D&SC has conducted several stakeholder consultation meetings at Upazila Engineer office room Cox's Bazar Sadar, Ramu, Ukhiya & Teknaf Upazila with active participation of Upazila level government officials, local government and civil society representatives. Discussion issues and LGED reply was almost same for the 10 subprojects. Eighteen (18) participants (Union Parishad Chairman & Members) and one hundred seventy-six (176) numbers of local stakeholders were attended in the consultation meetings and provided valuable opinions/suggestions/feedbacks regarding the sub-projects' implementation. Category wise participants list with date, summery of consultation/FGD outcomes are mentioned in below table 1, 2 & 3;

Table: 1: Summary of Consultation Meetings/ FGDs participant's number

No.	Date	Main Participant	No. of Par	ticipants	Total
INO.	Date	Groups	Male	Female	TOLAI
1	26/09/2021, 27/09/2021, 28/09/2021 & 29/09/2021	Union Parishad Chairman & members	12	06	18
2	26/09/2021, 27/09/2021, 28/09/2021 & 29/09/2021	Communities	129	47	176
	Total participan	141	53	194	

**Table: 2: Summary of Consultation Outcomes** 

Issues	Questions Raised by	Opinion and Questions	Reply from LGED
Compensation	Local Government representatives, SMC and civil society's (Community Communities)	Have any compensation provision if affected any land and assets by the project?	This project will not accept any sub- project for land acquisition and eviction. Only sub-projects in vacant space under the school will be accepted. If affected any assets LGED will take necessary steps for compensation

Issues	Questions Raised by	Opinion and Questions	Reply from LGED
			based on RPF & WB operational policy (OP/BP).
Vulnerable HHs/severely affected HHs	Local people, Local Elites and SMC	Have any Vulnerable HHs/Severely affected HHs within the proposed land. Even have any scope to work for vulnerable peoples in construction work?	The project determined to avoid and minimize any impact. If vulnerable HHs are identified within the proposed proximate mitigation measures will be taken as guided by the RPF. Moreover, contractors will engage vulnerable HHs members as unskilled labor during construction if they wanted to.
Improvements of local business facilities	Local Elites and School cum Resilience Shelter buildings users parent, students and SMC.	Is Local Business facilities will be increased after School cum Resilience shelter buildings development?	Yes, all social activities represent the economic development, after School cum Resilience Shelter buildings development economic transaction as well as business related communication will be increased, which will contribute the national economy.
Grievance redress committee	Union Parishad Chairman, SMC, Teacher, local community and civil society.	If we have any grievances, how we can processes to raise and resolved?	LGED formed and establish well Grievance Management Procedures by GRC to resolve sub project related grievances if arise. People can entries their grievances by written in a register book preserved in Upazila Engineer's office as well as the school level GRC.
Structure	Community and Union Parishad Chairman & members	Will any existing structure be affected?	No structures were identified within the construction selected place during the screening except some damaged/abandoned old structure building will be demolished before new School cum Resilience shelters building will be constructed.
Land	Union Parishad Chairman & members, Upazila level Government officials, local Government and civil society'	Except selected place any additional land will be required?	As construction will be conducted within the school premises and it's a government owned land, no land acquisition is required. Additional land may be required for the construction Yard. However, a small part of existing school open place will be used as construction shed maintaining safety issues during construction.
Livelihood	Local Government representatives, and civil society's	Livelihood will be hampered?	Social screening surveyed confirmed that Livelihood will not be hampered.
CPR (Common Property Resource)	Local Government representatives, community and civil societies.	Any Community properties will affect? Or if affected what sort of	Mosque, temple, historical and cultural establishments will not be affected partially or entirely for the sub-project's implementation as the resilience

Issues	Questions Raised by	Opinion and Questions	Reply from LGED
		mitigation measures will be taken by LGED	shelter building will be constructed within existing school premises.
Trees	Local Government representatives, community and civil societies.	Any Trees will be affected?	Project will avoid cutting any trees. There are no available trees on the selected place, trees cutting will not be needed to implement this sub projects. If trees are requiring to cut-off, compensation will be given to the government or school authority of the tree/s according to the guidelines of RPF.
Business loss	Local Government representatives, community and civil societies.	Any permanent or temporary business will be affected?	During screening, there are no business is identified with the proposed place ie school premises.
Wage loss	Local Government representatives, community and civil societies.	Are there any Job opportunities for the daily labor?	Yes, job opportunities will be created for local skill and unskilled labour during construction of the School cum Resilience shelter building will be constructed.
Safety issues during construction work	Local Government representatives, SMC, local community and civil societies.	During construction work accident may occur, have any plan to mitigate these issues.	Yes, safety of the construction work will be maintained strictly. Before start work contactor will arrange a safety related orientation for SMC, staff, School teachers, Guardians of the student and students as well as adjacent local community peoples.

Table: 3: Attendance of local community Consultation as follows

SI.	Name of School cum	Date of Meetings	Meeting Places	Par	No of ticipan	ts	Issues Discussed	Replied by LGED
	Resilience shelter	eetii.gs	. 1000		Femal e		210000000	
	building							
01	Aliapara		Aliapara				The following	LGED is overall responsible
	Government	28/09/2021	school	14	3	17	issues were	for the project
	Primary School		premises				discussed	implementation, through
02	Palpara		Palpara				during the	the PMU, including the
	Government	28/09/2021	school hall	13	4	17	consultation	Upazila Engineer, XEN, D&S
	Primary School		room				meeting with	Consultants and PMU
03	Wahederpara		Wahederpar				Community	safeguard team, also be
	Government	28/09/2021	a school hall	3	8	11	and	responsible for
	Primary School		room				Institutional	coordination and
04	Purbo		Purbo				stakeholder;	monitoring of the progress
	Jouarianala	26/00/2021	Jouarianala	14	4	18	1. Who will	of all aspects.
	Government	26/09/2021	school hall	14	4	19	coordinate	Health and safety training
	Primary School		room				with	shall be ensured to the

05	Naikhyong Khali Government Primary School	29/09/2021	Naikhyong Khali school premises	25	9	34	constructi on work? 2. Who will monitor	labors immediate construction for safety and ensured satisfactory mitigation measures as
06	Kharankhali Government Primary School	29/09/2021	Kharankhali school hall room	9	6	15	the activities? 3. Will	against any adverse impact. However, the female labor force participations are
07	Lambari Government Primary School	29/09/2021	Lambari school hall room	15	2	17	ensure Safety issues	being low, GBV training at the work sites will be ensured before the start of
08	Hazi Gura Miah Government Primary School	27/09/2021	Hazi Gura Miah school hall room	8	2	10	within constructi on area?	construction work to avoid any conflict with female workers.
09	Mohammed Shafir Bill Government Primary School	27/09/2021	Mohammed Shafir Bill school premises	12	8	20	4. Asked about GBV or other harassments 5. Have	Also inform to participants that LGED will implement these sub projects with SMC and community
10	Kamariar Bill Government Primary School	27/09/2021	Kamariar Bill school hall room	16	1	17	any scopes to entry any grievances? 6. During construction to need additional private land for temporary basis? 7. Liveli hood of local people will be hampered? 8. Have any scope for local labours.	participants and have scope to complain any grievances to Upazila & School level GRC.  No land acquisition will be required as school cum resilience shelter buildings will be improved on schools own land, which is entirely Government land.  Contractors are needs to temporary basis additional land for construction yard.  No, there are no livelihood of local people will be hampered, contractor need to engage local labor as priority basis during their construction work.
	Total participants =				47	176		

#### The key outputs of stakeholder consultation meeting are (See Annex-04 to 13):

- 1. Effective collaboration held on the consultation/ FGD meeting between the stakeholders and LGED regarding these sub-projects' implementation.
- 2. If any daily labor affected during construction, mitigation measures will be taken following the guidelines of RPF & ESMF.
- 3. Ensure availability of first-aid boxes at the proposed sub-projects site.
- 4. Training for concern stakeholders on social safety & security, traffic management, labor influx, among others.
- 5. Avoiding and minimizing adverse social impacts during site selection, designing and construction.
- 6. Ensured various stakeholders' participation, this will be enhanced their sense of belonging in the proposed sub-projects.
- 7. Identifying unavoidable adverse impacts and will ensure effective mitigation measures.
- 8. Ensuring social conflicts and grievance management during construction period.

- 9. Following labor laws strictly, including recruitment of child labor, adequate code of conduct (CoC) for labor wages avoiding discrimination between male and female workers including site security and facilities etc.
- 10. Ensuring that GBV is not occurring at the working site.

#### 9. Contractor and Labor Management:

Excluding a small percentage of the skilled workforce (technical), most of the workforce are expected to come from the local community who belong to same socio-economic, cultural, religious and demographic background. Based on consultations meeting with SMC, Teacher and local stakeholders, implementing contractors need to hire skilled workers from outside the project area. Therefore, due to only a small percentage of the workforce being from outside, the possibility of any conflicts within the workforce is low. Approximately, 200 Labors (skill: 50 (25%) and unskilled: 150 (75%)) assuming to be generated during construction work within 108000 active working man days (see table -4 no of labor and total active working man days). Based on public consultations it has been reported that women's participation in construction work is very limited. However, female labor force participation being low, Even then, GBV training at the work sites will be ensured before the start of construction work to avoid any conflict and harassment or hate speech with male workers.

Contractor's area in each site is a combination of the working area surrounding the construction site, material stacking and storing area, labors shed and the office area. Either whole or a major portion of this area shall be just at the construction site for easily handling the labor. Strict instructions have been given to all the contractors to keep their working areas and stacking areas free of garbage, debris and wastes, and free of dust for ongoing EMCRP (AF) work areas. They will responsible to keep all bulk construction materials such as stone chips, sand, steel etc. covered with plastic sheet.

Labour is very scarce in this locality because of the movement restrictions imposed due to COVID-19 pandemic. Contractors who are working in other School cum Resilience Shelter Buildings in LGED Cox's Bazar have reported that they are facing a shortage of labour in all on going sub projects and accusing reason for delays in ongoing construction works. Non-technical labour's are available in this locality, only technical labour needs to hire from outside. In particular, female participation in the construction work at the rural levels is extremely poor. As such, based on EMCRP experience we expecting the Labour influx and GBV will also not be created any problems during construction

Table No: 4: No of labor and total active working man days

SI. No.	Package Number	Name of Subproject	Total Space (Average) of new School cum Resilience shelter buildings (Square Meter)	Туре	Tentative Per day labor (No)	Days	Total active working days
01	/AF/	Aliapara Government Primary School	537.59	Type- 1	20	540	10800
02	EMCRP, W12	Palpara Government Primary School	537.59	Type- 1	20	540	10800
03	LGED/EMCRP/AF/ W12	Wahederpara Government Primary School	537.59	Type- 1	20	540	10800

04	Purbo Jouarianala Government Primary School	537.59	Type- 1	20	540	10800
05	Naikhyong Khali Government Primary School	537.59	Type- 1	20	540	10800
06	Kharankhali Government Primary School	537.59	Type- 1	20	540	10800
07	Lambari Government Primary School	537.59	Type- 1	20	540	10800
08	Hazi Gura Miah Government Primary School	537.59	Type- 1	20	540	10800
09	Mohammed Shafir Bill Government Primary School	537.59	Type- 1	20	540	10800
10	Kamariar Bill Government Primary School	537.59	Type- 1	20	540	10800
·		Grand	l Total =	200		108000

#### 10. Labor and Contractors Management due to COVID-19:

Apart from the established Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) measures being followed in construction sites, offices, and labor camps, a set of additional measures has to be taken and practiced throughout the daily cycle by each labor, staff and any involved parties, due to the ongoing pandemic coronavirus situation. Staffs and consultants at PIU and D&S, along with the pool of consultants under different firms/agencies for different services, and all the representatives or staffs of construction contractors and suppliers have to play much sensitive, (pro-) active and responsible roles in abiding by the rules and measures by themselves and getting the involved workers and different stakeholders adhered to the same. A detailed 'Guideline on COVID-19 related Response and Preparedness (SOP)' containing a set of measures with shared responsibilities has been sketched out in order to fight the exposure and further spread of this potentially fatal situation. This plan or guideline shall constitute an integral part of ESMP measures for every subproject, though is not included in this report to keep it concise and specific, and the contractor is required to keep the copy of that guideline at every site offices. Specific roles and responsibilities to be undertaken by key involved parties, including the Contractor and his representative(s), presented in section 6.0 are to be considered binding measures for this sub-project.

However, among many other relevant issues, the guidelines emphasize on following line of directives:

- Contractor must designate one of his employees as H&S/Safeguards supervisor to lead, coordinate
  and interface in order to fight the COVID 19 situation under the direct guidance of COVID focal at
  PIU of EMCRP project.
- All workers, supervising and supporting engineers and staffs, consultants, service providers and
  other concerned parties must adhere to the personal health and hygiene rules, social distancing,
  and other protective measures in full in order to protect themselves and contain the infections any
  further. Necessary training and awareness campaign will be aligned with the specific sub-project
  scenario and prevailing conditions.
- General practice of cleaning and hygiene has to be maintained in all project/site offices and camp sites, and supply of necessary PPEs and cleaning /disinfecting materials along with proper use of those is to be ensured.

- Public consultation and stakeholder engagement is to be carried out considering the prevailing risks
  of virus transmission in the target areas, scope of interventions and level of ICT penetrations among
  the target stakeholders, and so on.
- Necessary protocols has to be established and maintained in case of handling a sick employee or worker, and appropriate compensation to a sick disengaged labor is required to be given with due documentation.
- Budgeting for suggested protective measures, along with necessary supervision and monitoring for the required interventions has to be ensured.
- Following the additional health and safety measures presented in that guideline, sub-project specific BOQ items have been inserted to supplement the budget considering the country-specific situation, capacities, and scope of interventions. The additional cost to Health and Safety Measures under COVID 19 situation is shown in Appendix-3.

Most critical social issues are being maintaining at the site during COVID-19 pandemic. With the lockdown imposed by the government with effect from 26th March, 2020, work in all EMCRP packages contractors as well as workers has been following the below Site Poster Illustrating COVID-19 as Precautionary Measures;





### 11. Traffic Management:

During the construction of School cum Resilience shelter buildings, alternative pathway needs to be ensure for easy movement for student, teacher, SMC and guardians. The contractor will provide alternative pathway to ensure smooth movement by providing a traffic officer who will use traffic signs during construction work. The cost of alternative way is included in BOQ.

#### 12. Monitoring System:

LGED is overall responsible for the project implementation, through the PMU, including the Upazila Engineer, XEN, D&S Consultants and PMU safeguard team for the collection, collating, analysis and reporting. In addition, the field level team is also responsible to collect and update information of any adverse impact that has occurred during construction. These stakeholders will be responsible for monitoring the progress of all aspects of the project, will identify any significant impacts that are raised and will suggest actions to be taken as against adverse impacts. The construction contractor will deployed a Social Safeguard officer to monitor the field level safe guard activities and will report to the concerned persons. Field level data will be collected on a regular basis to check the progress on whether sub projects activities are on track or not.

#### 13. Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM):

A well-defined grievance redress and resolution mechanism has been established to resolve grievances and complaints in a timely and satisfactory manner under this project, following three key operating principles: i) all cases received should be recorded; ii) resolutions must be communicated to the complainant; and iii) all cases will be monitored through its completion or countermeasure implementation. All affected persons will be made fully aware of their rights, and the detailed grievance redress procedure has already been communicated among the people in the catchment area through the consultation events during the

screening surveys. The grievance redress process will include four levels but safeguard related grievances may be redressed within first two levels:

**First level (SMC level grievance reporting):** The first and most accessible and immediate contact for the fast resolution of grievances will be on-site at SMC level. A grievance redresses committee of 5 members consisting of members from the SMC of concerned schools, representatives from teachers, guardians, neighboring communities, and a socially respected person, will be constituted and activated immediately.

Second level (Grievance reporting at Upazila level): Grievances may also emerge from the communities primarily due to project activities and these grievances may be reported to the grievance focal point of LGED/D&SC. This level is formed under an Upazila level grievance redress committee consisting of 07 members, with Upazila Engineer at the chair of the committee. If the grievances are not resolved at this stage, they will be referred to the XEN of LGED for further steps.

A grievance register is maintained at each level and the focal person (member-secretary of the committee) of each committee will fully document the following information: (i) name of the person; (ii) date complaint was received; (iii) nature of complaint; (iv) location; and (v) how the complaint was resolved. Community members are encouraged to lodge their complaints to Upazila level GRC or School level GRC, whichever is feasible to them.

A Third level (District level GRC) has been constituted for the grievances which remain unresolved at first two levels. This one is at LGED Executive Engineer's Office level and will be activated by referring the issue (with written documentation) by a Grievance Redress Committee (GRC) of lower levels. Further unresolved cases will be forwarded to the LGED level GRC at PIU of the project, which will address the referred grievances using the existing grievances resolution protocols. Focal points (member secretary of the committee) of respective committees will be responsible for facilitating the resolution process.

In addition to these three-level GRCs, a separate grievance mechanism for workers will be established at Contractor's level, where the Contractor will be at the chair of the committee and the Environment & Social/Safeguard Personnel for the work-package will be the member-secretary; and representatives from respective SMC and Upazila Engineer will also be included in the committee.

All the meeting minutes of a particular case must be presented before the hearing. Based on the hearing and supporting documents, committee will resolve the issues. Moreover, in case of any labor related issues, labors can directly complain to the contractors and contractors are bound to solve the issues immediately as per Bangladesh Labor law 2006 (amended in 2018) and Labor rules 2015. Community laborers are also allowed to complain to any level directly. The project also has prepared leaflets on available GRM system, redressed mechanism, process of complaining and relevant contacts, and distributed in project areas. Moreover, sub-project specific Environmental and Social sign board will contain the contact email and phone numbers of project GRS (Grievance Redress System at PIU) for receiving complaints/suggestions, which is to be installed at every working sites. However, this GRM by no means will constitute the alternative for the aggrieved person to seek justice through country's existing judiciary system.

#### 14. Implementation & Institutional Arrangement:

The LGED is overall responsible for the project implementation, through the PMU involving the Upazila Engineer, XEN, D&S Consultants (FRE) and safeguard team. LGED will also arrange discloser & orientation program regarding labour safety training before the start of construction work.

The above stakeholders will be responsible for monitoring the progress of all aspects considering any significant impacts are raised and to suggest action to be taken against any adverse impact. The construction contractor will be deployed a social safeguard Officer to monitor the field level safe guard activities and will

be reported to the concern persons. Field level data will collect on regular basis to check the progress whether sub project activities on track or not. LGED will also ensure by monitoring that all the activities are underway as per specification and safeguards compliance.

The major objectives of monitoring are to: (i) ascertain whether activities are progressing as per schedule and the specified timelines are being met; (ii) assess if compensation, rehabilitation measures are sufficient; (iii) identify problems or potential issues; and (iv) identify methods to rapidly mitigate any problems. The above information's will be collected by EA through its PMU and respective Upazila Engineer and D&S Consultants. They are responsible for monitoring the day-to-day reconstruction activities of the subproject.

#### 15. Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP):

Based on public consultation, a Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) for 10 new school cum resilience shelter buildings identify the mitigation and management activities that need to be in place in order to eliminate the marginal social impacts or to reduce them to an acceptable level and the process will be continued subsequently. Site-specific mitigation plans are given below;

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues		Proposed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit Y
Pre-Construction Stage	Loss of land / and other physical assets	•	Subproject activities will be confined within the school-cum-shelter premises, therefore any instances of losing land or any physical assets by the neighboring households are not anticipated.  No land acquisition is allowed in or nearby areas of the sub-project, or for any sub-project related activities. Therefore, no mitigation measures are suggested in this respect.  If and whenever any land/physical assets related grievances are arised at any point of the subproject implementation, project GRCs will take due course of actions to resolve the issues or grievances.	Project ESMF (Table 8.2: ESMP Guideline for Multi- Purpose Disaster Shelter; p.94-100)	PIU	Social Developmen t Specialist and Gender Specialist of PIU, PSC
Pre- Constructio n Stage	Loss of livelihood	•	Under this subproject, there is no scope of negative impact on livelihoods of the people of catchment area.	-Do-	PIU & Contractor	Social Developmen t Specialist and Gender Specialist of PIU, PSC

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit Y
		As the Rohingya Influx has affected the local communities' income base drastically, Contractors are encouraged to engage local labors (both skilled and unskilled) as priority at their construction works, and women labor would get higher priority in recruitment.			
Pre- Constructio n Stage	Stakeholders Engagement	<ul> <li>All the project stakeholders will be consulted</li> <li>Separate community level consultation meeting with the potentially affected HHs</li> <li>Consultation meeting with nearby residents and other stakeholders about the project objectives, scope of works, potential impacts, and provision of project GRM, etc.</li> <li>People living in nearby communities and SMC will be involved with the GRM system and representatively included in the project GRCs.</li> </ul>	-Do-	PIU & Contractor	Social Developmen t Specialist and Gender Specialist of PIU, PSC
Pre- Constructio n Stage	Loss of right to access	<ul> <li>In case of unavoidable circumstances, alternative access will be provided.</li> <li>Access road shall be well demarcated and accessibly paved.</li> <li>Access to study/education will be ensured by providing temporary schooling facilities (class rooms, toilets, etc.) by the contractor, either in the</li> </ul>	-Do-	Contractor	Social Developmen t Specialist and Gender Specialist of PIU, PSC

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit Y
		school premises or on another public/private land under a tenancy agreement for the construction period, if any of the school buildings/infrastructures require demolition.  • Suitable playground for schoolchildren will be ensured within the school premises (if enough spaces are available) or on any nearby open spaces (under the consensual tenancy agreement between the contractor and the landowner tenable for the construction period.			
Pre-Construction Stage	Site Selection for workers camps, stack-yards & implementing interventions: Generation of ESHS issues.	<ul> <li>Workers camp, site office and stack yard should be located at a site favorable for the workers (preferably within the school area boundary, for this work package) and proposed by the contractor &amp; approved by the Environmental Specialist of D&amp;SC.</li> <li>If different locations outside of the school premises are used for any facilities, a consensual contract with the landowner has to be made.</li> <li>No trees, shrubs will be removed or vegetation stripped without prior permission of the Environmental Consultants. If any tree is required to remove for an unavoidable</li> </ul>	-Do-	Contractor	Environment al Consultant of PIU, PSC

circumstance, 5 (five) numbers of trees will be planted for each tree removed within the school premises and budgetary allocation for taking care of those trees for 12 months has to be ensured in BoQ.  Construction of sanitary latrine with septic tank for both male and female workers and staffs; and ensure regular cleaning of those.  Construction of the first tube well for drinking water and providing water filters for further ensuring access to the safe drinking water.  Provision of wate bins/ cans, where appropriate, Litter is to be collected daily.  Bins and/ or skips should be empted regularly and waste/ debris should be disposed off at waste disposal areas and/ or at the site pre-approved by Environmental Specialist of D&SC.  Camp and working areas are to be kept clean and tidy at all times.  Stack materials will be covered with safety caps or clothes/jute sacks, etc.
for avoiding any accidental events from

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit Y
Pre- Constructio n Stage	Site Preparation: Soil Erosion; Alteration of natural drainage	<ul> <li>those.</li> <li>Hazardous materials, including oil, paints, etc. will be stored on a bunded area or wooden platform with polythene lying over it.</li> <li>Proper fencing around the storage area and working site in order to get secured, to minimize the risk of crime and to be safe from access by students, children, animals, etc.</li> <li>Selected site will be sufficiently away from any water bodies or natural flow path to avoid the flash flood or any kind or surface runoff.</li> <li>Minimize cut &amp; fill operations, the site clearing and grubbing operations should be limited to specific locations only.</li> <li>The existing slope and natural drainage pattern on the site should not be significantly altered.</li> <li>The contractor shall ensure that site preparation activities do not lead to disruption of activities of the local residents.</li> </ul>	-Do-	PIU & Contractor	Environment al Consultant of PIU, PSC
Pre- Constructio n and Constructio n Stage	COVID-19 effects (fatal events as well economic loss for the involved parties as well as for the project).	Contractor will set a comprehensive plan incorporating labor access and management issues, daily protocol for all involved parties, and employ H&S Supervisor, necessary checking, etc.	Guideline on Covid-19 related response and preparedne ss (SOP) for EMCRP	Contractor, Consultants from PIU and D&S.	Social and Environment al Consultants of PIU, PSC

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit y
		for containing the spread of disease.  Other necessary measures and actions will be undertaken following the 'Guideline on Covid-19 related response and preparedness (SOP)'.  Ensure training and dissemination of information related to Covid infections, personal cleanliness and hygiene, using PPEs, safe			
Constructio n Activity	Noise from construction works	working protocol, and so on.  Construction activities will be finished at daytime within 05:00 PM. Noisy works will be conducted preferably at non-schooling time. One very effective method is to discuss with the school authority and settle for a time for heavy machinery usage.  Noise producing vehicles and equipment will be keep in maintenance regularly.  Since expensive engineering controls (e.g., acoustic curtains, noise barriers, etc.) may not be feasible in terms of availability and scope of the project works, noise reduction muffler or less expensive alternative options will be selected during the construction works.  All Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), especially earplugs for	Project ESMF (Table 8.2: ESMP Guideline for Multi- Purpose Disaster Shelter; p.94-100); relevant documents from other sources.	Contractor	Environment al Consultant of PIU, D&SC

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit Y
		workers in noisy workenvironment, will be available in site before starting any kind of construction works.  Workers will be engaged in rosters in order to minimize the exposure time in a row.  Noisy construction works will be stopped at prayer times or during the religious festivities (puja, weekly/daily prayer at religious places/sites, etc.) observed in adjacent places (wherever required).			
Constructio n Activity	Dust	<ul> <li>Construction machinery shall be properly maintained to minimize exhaust emissions of CO, particulate matter (SPM, PM2.5, PM 10) and Hydrocarbons.</li> <li>Provision of using water sprinklers to dust control.</li> <li>Construction materials should be covered properly while carrying in vehicles to the site.</li> <li>Vehicle movement will be controlled on haul roads/access roads for limiting dust generation.</li> </ul>	Project ESMF (Table 8.2: ESMP Guideline for Multi- Purpose Disaster Shelter; p.94-100)	Contractor	Environment al Consultant of PIU, PSC
Constructio n Activity	Safety Issues	<ul> <li>Unauthorized entry to the site area is completely prohibited and the construction site including material storage area will be properly fenced with a single entry, for this purpose.</li> <li>It will be ensured that proper training and</li> </ul>	-Do-	Contractor	Environment al Consultant of PIU, PSC

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit Y
Constructio	Traffic	guidance are provided on general and occupational health and safety to Contractors' personnel and labors forces, and records of training sessions are to be kept on site.  • All kinds of Child labor will be completely prohibited.  • Contractors will discuss	-Do-	Contractor	Environment
n Activity	Management	with traffic management authorities and take site specific traffic management measures to avoid traffic jam and any unwanted incidents or accidents.			al Consultant of PIU, PSC
Construction Activity	Conflicts with existing users due to the scarcity of resource base.	<ul> <li>Water sources (e.g., ground or surface water) for construction works will be determined in consultation with the local DPHE office, considering the availability of nearby resources and technical options, and potential risks for extracting water from the same sources used by other consumer groups especially during the critical period.</li> <li>Water from any installed tube well or an existing surface water bodies within the school boundary/nearby places will be used for construction works, if the available water quality satisfies the required standards for construction works.</li> <li>If ground or surface</li> </ul>	Project ESMF (Table 8.2: ESMP Guideline for Multi- Purpose Disaster Shelter; p.94-100) and KFW review results.	PIU & Contractor	Social Developmen t Specialist and Gender Specialist of PIU, PSC

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit Y
		water is withdrawn for the use of construction works from outside of the school boundary, adequate approvals from the appropriate authority need to be taken before extraction or setting up bore wells.  • Any type of consent letter or agreement for withdrawing water from either surface or underground sources will be kept on site.  • Local community must be consulted before any construction work starts.			
Constructio n Activity	Increase in road accidents	<ul> <li>Maintain safety measures during the movement and operation of heavy machineries and equipment.</li> <li>Local community will be trained up about traffic management and awareness.</li> </ul>	Project ESMF (Table 8.2: ESMP Guideline for Multi- Purpose Disaster Shelter; p.94-100)	Contractor	Environment al Consultant of PIU, PSC
Constructio n Activity	Labour Base Camp: Conflicts with the local residents	<ul> <li>Awareness building session will be undertaken about prevention of child abuse, child marriage, GBV, sexual harassment, trafficking of women and children as well as illegal drug trade. Written records of this awareness building session shall be kept on site.</li> <li>Work force should be prohibited from disturbing the flora, fauna including hunting of animals, wildlife hunting, poaching and tree felling.</li> <li>An alternate</li> </ul>	-Do-	Contractor	Social Developmen t Specialist and Gender Specialist of PIU, PSC

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit y
		arrangement for fuel wood, heating and cooking should be arranged for the labors at labor camp.  • Adequate facilities ensuring sanitation for labor camps will be put in place.  • Treated water will be made available at site for drinking purpose.  • Adequate accommodation arrangements for labour forces.  • Labor code of conduct is to be disclosed through consultation.			
Constructio n Activity	Labour related issues and grievances	<ul> <li>A separate grievance mechanism for workers has to be established for the work package.</li> <li>Complaints box (preferably for anonymous reporting) /grievance register will be provided to each construction sites; and will be checked and redressed in weekly manner.</li> <li>Appropriate notification or training to the workers about the scope and procedure of the grievance system will be provided at the starting of the work. All new workers recruited at different times/phases will be oriented about the same.</li> </ul>	-Do-		
Constructio n Activity	Waste Management: Improper management and handling of hazardous and non-hazardous waste during construction.	Preparation of a waste management plan covering the following aspects and the principles given in next section of this ESMP:  • Waste from the temporary	Project ESMF (Table 8.2: ESMP Guideline for Multi- Purpose Disaster Shelter; p.94-100)	Contractor	Environment al Consultant of PIU, PSC

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit Y
		<ul> <li>accommodation facilities         for labor</li> <li>Waste from equipment         maintenance/vehicles         on-site.</li> </ul>	and IFC's EHS General Guidelines		
		The scrap material generated from the erection of structures and demolition works (wherever applicable), and related construction activities will be collected and stored separately in a stack yard and sold to local			
		recyclers.  Ring slab septic tank will be installed before starting construction works in order to provide a better sanitation facility to the workers and staffs.			
		Working areas are kept clean and tidy at all times.			
		Construction site is to be checked for spills of substances i.e. chemical,			
		<ul> <li>oil, paint, etc.</li> <li>Bins and/ or skips should be emptied regularly and waste/ debris should be disposed off at waste disposal areas and/ or at</li> </ul>			
		the site.  • Hazardous waste viz. waste oil etc. will be collected and stored in the paved and bounded area and subsequently sold to authorized			
		recyclers.  Refueling areas and other fluid transfer areas will be imperviously paved.			

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit y
Constructio	Health & Safety	Workers will be trained on the correct transfer and handling of fuels and chemicals and the response to spills (incl. equipment deployment) and the site will be provided with portable spill containment and cleanup equipment.      Applicability of the Hazardous Waste Management Rules.      All construction	Project	PIU &	Environment
n Activity	Risks:  The potential for exposure to safety events such as tripping, working at height activities, fire from hot works, smoking, failure in electrical installation, mobile plant and vehicles, and electrical shocks.  Exposure to health events during construction activities such as manual handling and musculoskelet al disorders, hand-arm vibration, temporary or permanent hearing loss,	equipment used for the execution of the project works shall be fit for purpose and properly inspected timely.  The risk assessment will be prepared time to time for all types of work activities on site.  Provide walkways that are clearly designated as a walkway; all walkways shall be provided with good conditions underfoot; signposted and with adequate lighting.  Signpost any slippery areas, ensure proper footwear with a good grip is worn for personnel working within slippery areas.  Carry out fire risk assessment for the construction areas, identify sources of fuel and ignition and establish general fire precautions including, means of escape, warning, and fighting fire.	ESMF (Table 8.2: ESMP Guideline for Multi-Purpose Disaster Shelter; p.94-100)	Contractor	al Consultant as well as Social Developmen t and Gender Specialists of PIU

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues	Prop	osed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit Y
=	Environmental & Social Impacts/	Set u work be permopers opers o	ip a system to alert ers on site. This may temporary or manent mains ated fire alarm. Extinguishers will be ed at identified fire its around the site. Extinguishers must appropriate to the re of the potential sub project will wan Proper municative regency response (ERP) with all es, the ERP to ider such things as fic foreseeable regency situations, nizational roles and prities' onsibilities and ritise, emergency onse and evacuation edure and personnel pet trained and drilled est and ensure the rence with the plan. It is a safe and erly maintained by early maintained by	Document/	Responsibiliti	Responsibilit
		personal per	ons; works shall not carried out on live ms. Adequate			

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit Y
Stage	=	wipes, aspirin, non-latex gloves, scissors, thermometer, etc. in subproject sites will be ensured.  Emergency evacuation response plan shall be prepared and relevant staff shall be trained through mock-up drills.  Ensure all equipment is suitable for jobs (safety, size, power, efficiency, ergonomics, cost, user acceptability etc.), provide the lowest vibration tools that are suitable and can do the works.  Awareness training will be given to all personnel involved during the construction phase in order to highlight/make aware of the heat related illnesses of working in hot conditions such as heat cramps, heat exhaustion, heat stroke, and dehydration.  Adequate quantities of drinking water will be available at all Sites, on different locations within the site.  Provision to maintain proper PPE wherever necessary and to ensure that there are satisfactory washing and changing facilities.  Provision to ensure all workers exposed to a risk are aware of the possible	Guidelines	-	
		dangers and also given thorough training on how			

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit Y
		to protect themselves and there should be effective supervision to ensure that the correct methods are being used.			
Construction Activity	Pollution of water bodies	<ul> <li>Ensure monitoring of nearby surface and underground water bodies for signs of contamination.         Parameters include: pH, TDS, TSS, Coliforms, Pb, Cd and Hg. Test results are to be compared with Bangladesh Environmental Quality Standards of DoE.</li> <li>The earthwork sites where exposed land surface is vulnerable to runoff shall be consolidated and/or covered.</li> <li>The material stockpile sites shall be far away from surface water bodies and areas prone to surface run-off. Loose materials shall be bagged and covered.</li> <li>Channels, earth bunds, netting, tarpaulin and or sand bag barriers shall be used on site to manage surface water runoff and minimize erosion.</li> <li>The overall slope of the work areas and stack yards shall be kept to a minimum to reduce the erosive potential of surface water flows elsewhere.</li> <li>All precautions to store</li> </ul>	-Do-	Contractor	Environment al Consultant of PIU/D&SC.
		chemicals/oil/fuel			

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit Y
Constructio	Demobilization of	propos	-Do-	Contractor	Environment
n Activity	structures, facilities and equipment used during the project implementation period (including site clearance after the construction). The impacts are similar to those listed in construction stage: • Pollution from waste materials. • Health & Safety risks to workers and local community	measures of mitigation and monitoring to minimize or reduce the environmental and social impacts during demobilization, which are anticipated to be similar to those identified for the construction phase. Some of the measures include:  (i)remove all spoils wreckage, rubbish, or temporary structures (such as buildings, shelters, and latrines) which are no longer required; (ii) ensure that all affected structures rehabilitated/compensat ed; (iii) the area that previously housed the construction camp is to be checked for spills of substances such as oil, paint, etc. and these shall be cleaned up. Disposal of faecal sludge from latrines is to be undertaken properly, if management on site becomes problematic; (iv) all imported materials are to be removed and the area shall be re-vegetated/regrassed as per			al Consultant of PIU/D&SC, XEN, Cox's Bazar.

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit Y
Operation & Maintenanc e	Noise disturbances to fauna	specification that forms part of this document.  The contractor must arrange the cancellation of all temporary services.  Contractor must prepare a Waste management Plan considering relevant directives from "Waste management Plan Principles" given hereunder and follow the plan strictly.  Provision to maintenance of acceptable noise level from the operation and maintenance of machinery and equipment by proper monitoring and	-Do-	UE, LGED	UNO, Upazila Chairman of Upazila Parishad
		measures.  • Provision to take necessary lighting, caution for the works and necessary maintenance/operation should be done in day time.			
Operation & Maintenanc e	Odours and pollution caused by leaking latrines and faecal sludge impacting surrounding water bodies, flora and fauna	<ul> <li>Preventative         maintenance schedule         should be followed.</li> <li>Regular inspections of         potential leaking points.</li> </ul>	-Do-	UE, LGED	UNO, Upazila Chairman of Upazila Parishad
Operation & Maintenanc e	Maintenance of assets, properties and equipment	<ul> <li>Periodic maintenance of building structures, plumbing, water filtering and electric equipment has to be carried out.</li> <li>Periodic cleaning and maintenance of solar panel, watering to the storage batteries and maintenance/replacing of associated equipment</li> </ul>	-Do-	UE, LGED	UNO, Upazila Chairman of Upazila Parishad

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/ Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Ref. Document/ Guidelines	Institutional Responsibiliti es	Supervision Responsibilit Y
		is to be ensured.			
		Water tanks should be			
		cleaned properly at least			
		once in a quarter.			

### Waste Management Plan (as guided by the IFC's EHS General Guidelines) Principles:

The Contractor shall develop a demolition and waste management plan for various specific waste streams (e.g., reusable waste, flammable waste, construction debris, food and organic waste etc.) prior to commencing of construction and submit to LGED for approval. The plans must include following principles or series of actions, which will be carried out/followed by the contractor and supervised by the Environmental Specialist and Social Development Specialist.

Non-hazardous solid waste generated at construction and decommissioning sites includes excess fill materials from grading and excavation activities, scrap wood and metals, and small concrete spills. Other non-hazardous solid wastes include office and kitchen wastes when these types of operations are part of construction project activities. Hazardous solid waste includes primarily the contaminated soils, which could potentially be encountered on-site due to previous land use activities, or small amounts of machinery maintenance materials, such as oily rags, used oil filters, and used oil, as well as spill cleanup materials from oil and fuel spills. Management of non-hazardous materials are not so complicated and risk induced. However, the overall objective of hazardous materials management is to avoid or, when avoidance is not feasible, minimize uncontrolled releases of hazardous materials or accidents (including explosion and fire) during their production, handling, storage and use. This objective can be achieved by implementing management controls (procedures, inspections, communications, training, and drills) to address residual risks that have not been prevented or controlled through engineering measures.

However, in order to develop an actionable demolition (where necessary) and waste management plan for this sub-project (contract package), the contractor needs to be in line with following principles:

### For demolition only:

- All electric, gas, water, sewer, and other energy services or power lines shall be capped/blinded and/or otherwise cut before the commencement of demolition work;
- For any existing facilities with ACM (Asbestos Containing Materials), it is necessary to develop an asbestos management plan beforehand, which clearly identifies the locations through survey where the ACM is present, its condition (e.g. whether it is in friable form with the potential to release fibers), procedures for monitoring its condition, procedures to access the locations where ACM is present to avoid damage, and training of staff who can potentially come into contact with the material to avoid damage and prevent exposure. The plan should be made available to all persons involved in operations and maintenance activities. Handling of asbestos and removal or disposal of the same will be carried out with the direct supervision and guidance of an experienced expert.
- All asbestos, insulation materials, glass and other hazardous materials and substances must not be stored within the structure to be demolished;
- Openings and weak flooring shall be prominently marked or barricaded before the commencement of demolition. Operators of machinery and equipment and workers involved in demolition work shall be informed of such hazardous location;
- Demolition work shall commence from the top of a structure and progress downward;
- Proper entrances of adequate strength to protect workers from falling materials shall be erected for access into the structure;

- The entire demolition site shall be effectively barricaded with appropriate safety signs displayed;
- The lower floor where demolition wastes are collected shall be properly barricaded and guarded to prevent materials from ricocheting and injuring workers or passer-by;
- Excessive debris shall not be allowed to accumulate inside a demolished structure. All demolition waste and debris shall be cleared from the work site on a daily basis.
- Refuse containers shall be provided at worksite for the storage of demolition waste and debris.

### For wastes and demolition debris:

- The quantity of waste materials shall be minimized by 3R (Reduce, Recycle and Reuse) approach, and wastes shall be segregated accordingly, wherever practical; and stored in designated places/facilities in the site.
- Wastes generated during works will be segregated and temporarily stored on site (pending
  collection or for re-use on site) in accordance with a pre-determined segregation and storage
  strategy (to be developed by the Contractor as part of their DWMP).
- Waste will be stored on site, including metals, asphalt and soil stockpiles, in such a manner as to
  prevent environmental pollution (bunded and/or covered storage, minimize noise generation and
  implement dust/odor control measures, as may be required); maximize waste segregation to
  minimize potential cross contamination of waste streams and facilitate subsequent re-use, recycling
  and recovery; and prevent hazards to site workers and the general public during construction phase
  (largely noise, vibration and dust)
- Description of the means should be provided by which any waste materials identified will be protected from contamination, and a description of the means to be employed in recycling the materials consistent with requirements for acceptance by designated facilities.
- Description of the means of transportation of the recyclable materials (whether materials will be site-separated and self-hauled to designated centers, or whether mixed materials will be collected by a waste hauler and removed from the site) and destination of materials.
- Hazardous waste viz. waste oil etc. will be collected and stored in a paved and bounded area and subsequently sold to authorized recyclers.
- The scrap material generated from the erection of structures and related construction activities will
  be collected and stored separately and sold to local recyclers. Parts of construction debris (Brick,
  concrete and masonry) can be recycled as filling materials on the ground or be sold for using as subbase material or driveway bedding.
- It is anticipated that the majority of non-hazardous and inert waste generated will be suitable for reuse, recovery or recycling and will be segregated to facilitate the reuse, recovery and/or recycling, where possible.
- All wastes generated during construction shall be disposed off in an environmentally acceptable
  manner. This will include consideration of the nature and location of disposal site, so as to cause
  less environmental impact.

### 16. Recommendations:

Disclosure of relevant sub project constructions information during consultation processes with concerned communities is very crucial. It will help to build a sense of belonging within the community. Furthermore, establishing and maintaining an effective Grievance Redress Mechanism will enable any affected parties to present their issues and gain equitable solutions to their problems by impartial hearing. Issues of social safety are important during the construction period. Before starting construction work, the stakeholders to be engaged for the construction work will arrange a short orientation course (to be organized by PIU/contractors) on necessary awareness, motivation and proper compliance with their assigned responsibilities.

### 17. Conclusions:

Implementation of new school cum resilience shelter buildings will be built on school owned government land within existing school premises. The existing land is sufficient for implementation of the proposed sub projects. A Social Management Plan (SMP) has been prepared for the mitigation of problems if arise during the construction. The proposed sub-project will not require any additional land and no community/cultural /archeological properties are expected to be affected during construction. The proposed sub-project intervention is not expected to generate any significant negative social impact.

Moreover, the successful implementation of proposed sub-projects will reduce the loss of human life, properties and protect the livelihood of the people during the disaster. This will also help promoting the education by increasing attendance and felling the rate of drop out. All these factors have incremental value on socio-economic aspects in general and social aspects in particular.

The social benefits of this sub-project are manifold. Through the implementation of the sub projects, direct and indirect employment will be generated through the engagement of construction work, which will positively impact the local community. The project will also require a good number of unskilled workers that will also be taken from the local community which also contribute to strength the local economy. Therefore, implementations of the proposed sub-projects are safely and highly recommended.

## Annex-01: At a glance demolished old school building & playground Status of LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12 (10 nos. new school cum resilience shelter buildings under package.)

### The following Measure will be considered:

SI#	Name of Subproject	Upazila	Impacts due to existing building demolition	Mitigation Measures on building demolition impacts	Extent to which the playground is affected	Mitigation Measures on the impacts affecting the playground
1	Aliapara	Cox's	No School building needs	Contractor will take	, , ,	SMC will make alternative arrangement to
	Government	Bazar	to be demolished.	necessary precautions to	affected partially due to	ensure
	Primary School	Sadar		emission the noise and	construction materials	Playground.
				disturbance as per ESMF	keeping.	
				guideline when construction		
				work is underway.		
2	Palpara	"Do"	Old structure of the	Contractor and SMC will		SMC will make alternative arrangement to
	Government		school needs to be	provide alternative schooling	' '	ensure
	Primary School		demolished which may	facilities as per BOQ.		Playground as such;
			cause Dust, noise and	Contractor will take	materials.	It is strictly prohibited to demolish old
			disturbance in safe	necessary precautions to		structure of the school building without
			walking. Demolished old	emission the noise and		constructing new temporary shed for
			structure will affect	disturbance as per ESMF		schooling activities within school
			schooling activities.	guideline.		premises. It is confirmed that before
						demolition of old building, a temporary
						school shed will be ensured schooling
						activities as stated BOQ and will be
						incorporated in ESMP. Proper monitoring
						shall be carried out in this regards by the local LGED office and consultant.
2	Wahederpara	"Do"	Old structure of the	Demolished old structure will	Dlayground may be	SMC will make alternative arrangement to
3	Government	DO	school needs to be		affected partially due to	ensure
	Primary School		demolished which may	activities. Contractor will take	' '	Playground.
	Filliary School		· .			riaygi ouriu.
			cause Dust, noise and disturbance in safe	· .	keeping.	
			walking.			
			waikiiig.	disturbance as per ESMF		

				guideline when construction work is ongoing and demolishing the old structure.		
4	Purbo Jouarianala Government Primary School	Teknaf	Old structure of the school needs to be demolished which may cause Dust, noise and disturbance in safe walking	activities. Contractor will take necessary precautions to emission the noise and disturbance as per ESMF guideline when construction work is ongoing and	affected partially due to	SMC will make alternative arrangement to ensure Playground.
	Naikhyong Khali Government Primary School	"Do"	Old structure of the school needs to be demolished which may cause Dust, noise and disturbance in safe walking	demolishing the old structure.  Demolished old structure will not obstacle schooling activities. Contractor will take necessary precautions to emission the noise and disturbance as per ESMF guideline when construction work is ongoing and demolishing the old structure.	Playground may be affected partially due to construction materials keeping.	SMC will make alternative arrangement to ensure Playground.
6	Kharankhali Government Primary School	"Do"	No School building needs to be demolished.	Contractor will take necessary precautions to emission the noise and disturbance as per ESMF guideline when construction work is ongoing.	Playground may be affected partially due to construction materials keeping.	SMC will make alternative arrangement to ensure Playground.
	Lambari Government Primary School	Ukhiya	No School building needs to be demolished	Contractor will take necessary precautions to emission the noise and disturbance as per ESMF guideline when construction	Playground may be affected partially due to construction materials keeping.	SMC will make alternative arrangement to ensure Playground.

				work is ongoing.		
8	Hazi Gura Miah Government Primary School	"Do"	No School building needs to be demolished	Contractor will take necessary precautions to emission the noise and disturbance as per ESMF guideline when construction work is ongoing.	Playground may be affected partially due to construction materials keeping.	SMC will make alternative arrangement to ensure Playground.
9	Mohammed Shafir Bill Government Primary School	"Do"	Old structure of the school needs to be demolished which may cause Dust, noise and disturbance in safe walking. Demolished old structure will affect schooling activities.	Demolished old structure will affect schooling activities. Contractor and SMC will provide alternative schooling facilities. Contractor will take necessary precautions to emission the noise and disturbance as per ESMF guideline when construction work is ongoing and demolishing the old structure.	Playground may be affected partially due to construction materials keeping.	SMC will make alternative arrangement to ensure Playground as such; It is strictly prohibited to demolish old structure of the school building without constructing new temporary shed for schooling activities within school premises. It is confirmed that before demolition of old building, a temporary school shed will be ensured schooling activities as stated BOQ and will be incorporated in ESMP. Proper monitoring shall be carried out in this regards by the local LGED office and consultant.
10	Kamariar Bill Government Primary School	"Do"	Old abandoned structure of the school needs to be demolished. Dust, noise and disturbance in safe walking.	Demolished old structure will not obstacle schooling activities. Contractor will take necessary precautions to emission the noise and disturbance as per ESMF guideline when construction work is ongoing and demolishing the old structure.	affected partially due to	SMC will make alternative arrangement to ensure Playground.

Annex-02: At a Glance Key Findings by Social Screening of 10 nos. new school cum resilience shelter buildings under Pkg. #: EMCRP/AF/W12, LGED.

SI #	Name of Subproject	Туре	Nature of Work	Location of new school cum resilience shelter building	Catchment Area's HH	Catchment Area's Populatio n	Ownership of Proposed Land	Status of Land Acquisitio n (LA) Yes/No			Status of Stakeholders Consultation	Recommendatio n
01	Aliapara Government Primary School	Type- 1	of new school cum resilience shelter	Ward: 05, Union: Chowfaldandi, Upazila: Cox's Bazar Sadar, District: Cox's	1900	9500	Governmen t Land	additional Private land will be	No	No	Done	Highly recommended for implementation
02	Palpara Government Primary School	Type- 1	buildings "Do"	Bazar Village: Maddham Shiapara Ward: 07, Union: Eidgaon, Upazila: Cox'S Bazar Sadar, District: Cox's Bazar	1700	8850	"Do"	No No	No	No	Done	Highly recommended for implementation
	Wahederpara Government Primary School	Type- 1	"Do"	Village: Wahederpara, Ward: 08, Union: Islamabad, Upazila: Cox'S Bazar Sadar, District: Cox's Bazar	432	2163	"Do"	No	No	No	Done	Highly recommended for implementation
04	Purbo Jouarianala Government Primary School	Type- 1	"Do"	Village: Purbo Jouarianala, Ward: 08, Union: Jouarianala, Upazila: Ramu, District: Cox's Bazar	1578	7100	"Do"	No	No	No	Done	Highly recommended for implementation
	Naikhyong Khali Government Primary School	Type- 1	"Do"	Village: Naikhyong Khali, Ward: 02, Union: Hnila, Upazila: Teknaf, District: Cox's	1830	9000	"Do"	No	No	No	Done	Highly recommended for implementation

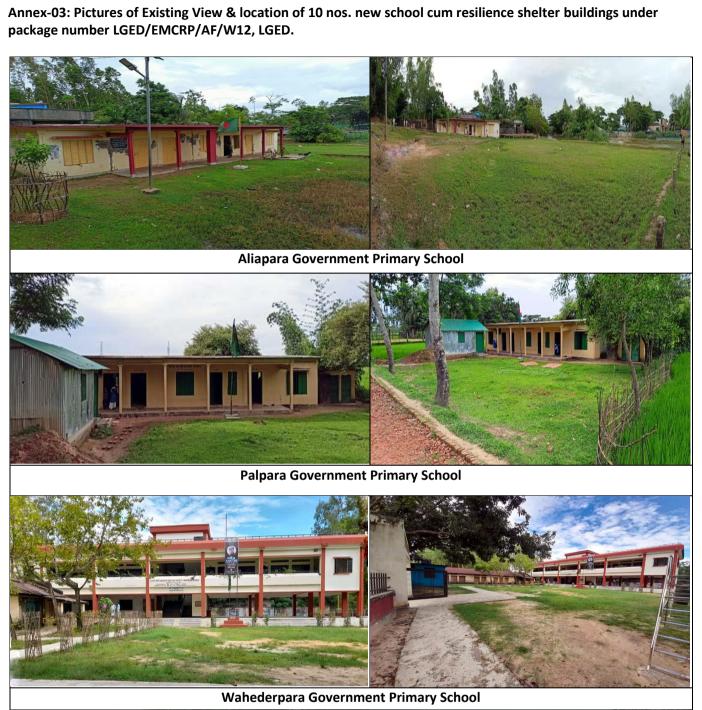
			Bazar								
Kharankhali Government Primary School	Type- 1	"Do"	Village: Kharankhali, Ward: 08, Union: Whykong, Upazila: Teknaf, District: Cox's Bazar	1150	7500	"Do"	No	No	No	Done	Highly recommended for implementation
Lambari Government Primary School	Type- 1	"Do"	Village: Mithapanir chara, Ward: 01, Union: 3 no. Teknaf Sadar, Upazila: Teknaf, District: Cox's Bazar	2780	14510	"Do"	No	No	No	Done	Highly recommended for implementation
Hazi Gura Miah Government Primary School	Type- 1	"Do"	Village: Mosar khola, Ward: 06, Union: Palongkhali, Upazila: Ukhiya, District: Cox's Bazar	1020	4930	"Do"	No	No	No	Done	Highly recommended for implementation
Mohammed Shafir Bill Government Primary School	Type- 1	"Do"	Village: Moddha Shafir Bill, Ward: 07, Union: Jaliapalong, Upazila: Ukhiya, District: Cox's Bazar	1315	5500	"Do"	No	No	No	Done	Highly recommended for implementation
Kamariar Bill Government Primary School	Type- 1	"Do"	Village: Kamariar Bill, Ward: 06, Union: Ratnapalong, Upazila: Ukhiya, District: Cox's Bazar	3615	18440	"Do"	No	No	No	Done	Highly recommended for implementation

### Description of 10 nos. new school cum resilience shelter buildings under package number LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12 (According to field data)

SI #	Name of Subproject	Packag e Numb er	Name of the Upazi la	GPS Coordinates	Locati Sub-Pr Insig ht Camp		Consultin g Meeting Date	Consulti ng Meeting time	Venue	Participants	Outcomes
1	Aliapara Government Primary School	LGED/ EMCRP /AF/W 12	Cox's Bazar Sadar	Latitude Value: 21.521528 N & Longitude Value: 92.020639 E.		Yes	28/09/202 1 28/09/202 1	10.30 AM 03.50 PM	Chowfalda ndi union Parishad Sub-Project Area	Local government Representatives (Union Parishad Chairman & members)  Local Stakeholders (Community Communities)	Effective     coordination will be     created between     the stakeholders     and Government     regarding new     school cum
2	Palpara Government Primary School	"Do"	"Do"	Latitude Value: 21.550556 N & Longitude Value: 92.072778 E.	-	Yes	28/09/202 1 28/09/2021	09.30 AM 02.45 PM	Eidgaon union Parishad Sub-Project Area	Local government Representatives (Union Parishad Chairman & members)  Local Stakeholders (Community Communities)	resilience shelter building construction.  • Availability of firstaid boxes at the proposed subprojects site.
3	Wahederpara Government Primary School	"Do"	"Do"	Latitude Value: 21.564417 N & Longitude Value: 92.070611 E.	-	Yes	28/09/2021 28/09/2021	11.00 AM 12.45 PM	Islamabad union Parishad Sub-Project Area	Local government Representatives (Union Parishad Chairman & members) Local Stakeholders	Training for concern stakeholders regarding social safety & security, traffic management, labor influx, among

4	Purbo Jouarianala Government Primary School	"Do"	Ramu	Latitude Value: 21.473333 N & Longitude Value: 92.101389 E	-	Yes	26/09/2021 26/09/2021	09.30 AM 12.15 PM	Jouarianala union Parishad Sub-Project Area	Local government Representatives (Union Parishad Chairman & members) Local Stakeholders	<ul> <li>Avoiding and minimizing adverse social impacts for the site selection, design and construction.</li> </ul>
5	Naikhyong Khali Government Primary School	"Do"	Tekna f	Latitude Value: 21.032083 N & Longitude Value: 92.240611 E	-	Yes	29/09/2021 29/09/2021	09.00 AM 10.40 AM	Nhila union Parishad Sub-Project Area	Local government Representatives (Union Parishad Chairman & members) Local Stakeholders	<ul> <li>Ensuring various stakeholders' participation, which will enhance their sense of belonging in the proposed sub- projects.</li> </ul>
6	Kharankhali Government Primary School	"Do"	Tekna f	Latitude Value: 21.041778 N & Longitude Value: 92.245694 E.	-	Yes	29/09/2021 29/09/2021	09.00 AM 11.30 AM	Whykong union Parishad Sub-Project Area	Local government Representatives (Union Parishad Chairman & members) Local Stakeholders	<ul> <li>Identifying unavoidable adverse impacts and ensure effective mitigation measures.</li> <li>Ensuring social conflicts and</li> </ul>
7	Lambari Government Primary School	"Do"	Tekna f	Latitude Value: 20.889028 N & Longitude Value: 92.252972 E	-	Yes	29/09/2021 29/09/2021	11.30 AM 03.30 PM	Teknaf Sadar union Parishad Sub-Project Area	Local government Representatives (Union Parishad Chairman & members) Local Stakeholders	grievance management during construction period. • Following labor laws strictly, including recruitment of child
8	Hazi Gura Miah	"Do"	Ukhiy a	Latitude Value:	-	Yes	27/09/2021	10.00 AM	Palongkhali union	Local government Representatives	labor, adequate code of conduct for labor, wages,

	Government Primary School			21.149583 N & Longitude Value: 92.13925 E			27/09/2021	12.15 AM	Parishad Sub-Project Area	(Union Parishad Chairman & members)  Local Stakeholders (Community Communities)	avoiding discrimination between male and female workers etc. • Ensuring equal
9	Mohammed Shafir Bill Government Primary School	"Do"	"Do"	Latitude Value: 21.2103 N & Longitude Value: 92.04886 E	-	Yes	27/09/2021	09.30 AM 12.45 PM	Jaliapalong union Parishad Sub-Project Area	Local government Representatives (Union Parishad Chairman & members)  Local Stakeholders (Community Communities)	wages for female labor including site security and facilities.  • Ensuring that GBV is not occurring at the work site.
1 0	Kamariar Bill Government Primary School	"Do"	"Do"	Latitude Value: 21.274444 N & Longitude Value: 92.133889 E	-	Yes	27/09/2021 27/09/2021	12.15 PM 03.00 PM	Ratnapalon g union Parishad Sub-Project Area	Local government Representatives (Union Parishad Chairman & members) Local Stakeholders	





**Purbo Jouarianala Government Primary School** 



Naikhyong Khali Government Primary School



Kharankhali Government Primary School



**Lambari Government Primary School** 



Hazi Gura Miah Government Primary School



**Mohammed Shafir Bill Government Primary School** 



Kamariar Bill Government Primary School

### Annex-04: Social Screening of Aliapara Government Primary School (PKG #: MCRP/AF/W12)

# Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP) Additional Funding

Social Screening of Sub-Project (Filled Form)

### Section A: Sub-Project Overview

### Description of sub-project/component interventions:

The proposed sub-project is a new school cum resilience shelter building construction work. It will be constructed on school owned vacant government land under the MoPME. This land situated at Haidarpara village under Chowfaldandi union of Cox's Bazar Sadar Upazila in Cox's Bazar district. The school was established in 1992. The school currently has 125 students out of total 64 are boys and 61 are girls. The school has one building with four rooms. One is using as an office room and the remaining three are using as classrooms. GPS Coordinates are: Latitude Value: 21.521528 N & Longitude Value: 92.020639 E.

No tribal people found in the catchment area of the sub-project. The site location is relatively a high plain land and accessible through vehicles as of 10ft wide HBB road is present near the site which connects with Chowfaldandi road. Based on field survey, the villages within the catchment area of the Aliapara Government Primary School are Haider Para, Shikdar Para, Alia Para, Matbar Para, Purba Maiz Para and Sonar Para. At North side of the selected Land Uttar Hyderpara Jame Mosque (500m). At South side Haiderpara Bottoli Station (100m) & Salt field (250m). At East side Baro Guder Khal (5m) & Battoli salt field (600m). At West side Haiderpara graveyard (10m) & Haidarpara Jame Mosque (200m). A large number of Community peoples will be benefited by the implementation of the sub-project.

### **Sub-project Location:**

Aliapara GovernmentPrimarySchool issituated under Village: Haiderpara, ward: 05, Mouza: Chowfaidandi, Union: Chowfaidandi of Cox's Bazar Sadar Upazila in Cox's Bazar district.

Important Features of Sub-project Location					
Name of new school cum resilience shelter	Aliapara Government Primary School				
Package No:	EMCRP/AF/W12				
GPS ID	99412030105				
District	Cox's Bazar				
Upazila	Cox's Bazar Sadar				
Union	Chowfaldandi				
Ward No.	05				
Dag No.	7172,7173 & 7177				
Khatian No.	210				
Mouza	Chowfaldandi				
Catchment Area House Hold	1900				
Catchment Area Population	9500 (Male-4940 & Female-4560)				
Total Land space	1285.49 square meter.				
Proposed structural land space (Average)	537.59 square meter.				
Distance from Upazila Head quarter	25 Km				
Distance from Marine Drive	30 Km				
Proposed Sub-project Interventions	Reinforced Cement Concrete (RCC) Three-storied				
	building.				

Status of Land Acquisition	No
Status of Resettlement	No
GPS Coordinates	Latitude Value: 21.521528 N & Longitude Value:
	92.020639 E.
Ownership of proposed Land owner	Respected Government Primary School

### **Expected construction period:** 540 working days.

Description of project intervention area and project influence area with schematic diagram (where relevant, indicate distance to sensitive environmental areas such as elephant corridors, water bodies, etc. and historical or cultural assets): Please also explain any analysis on alternative location was conducted:

**Answer:** The proposed new school cum resilience shelter building within the range of school premises have not found any Historical and Archeological structure, so no question to generate any adverse impact in this regard. In consultation meeting it has revealed that no elephants' corridors are exist in the proposed subproject Location. The school authority, Local community, D&SC and LGED jointly finalized the construction site after necessary survey.

### Section C: Social Screening

Section C: Social Screening							
Key Screening questions	Aspects to Consider						
Will the project potentially	✓ How many foreign and local workers will be needed for the remaining						
involve an influx of workers to	period of the project, with what skill set?						
the project location, and will	<b>Answer</b> : Foreign worker will not be needed for the construction work. Based						
the influx be considered	on consultation with Local authority, most of the workforces are available in						
significant for the local	the Community.						
community?	✓ Can the project hire workers from the local workforce?						
	<b>Answer:</b> Definitely, the project will hire workers from the local workforce as						
	required by the project, because in sub project areas have an enough						
	worker, both skilled and unskilled.						
	✓ If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the						
	project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet						
	project requirements?						
	<b>Answer:</b> Labour is available in this area both of semi-skilled and unskilled. If						
	the skill level of the local workforce does not fulfill the project requirement,						
	then contractors will arrange skill conducting training within the time frame						
	in assistance by LGED.						
	✓ How will the workers be accommodated? Will they stay reside on site?						
	If so, what size of site office will be required?						
	Answer: LGED has assured to community that local and outside workers						
	accommodation will manage smoothly. Because most of the workforce will						
	be hired from local community, so they have not require for accommodation						
	in the construction site because they will come from their own houses, but						
	the skilled labors who is coming from outside, they need accommodation ir						
	temporary shed. The size of the camp shed will depend on the number of						
	outside laborers.						
Is the project located in a rural	✓ What is the size of local population in the project area?						
or remote area?	<b>Answer:</b> The size of local population in the project area are near about 9500.						
	Male-4940 and Female-4560. Total Households are near about -1900.						
	✓ Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders?						
	<b>Answer:</b> Yes, local people are not allowed to visit school campus without the						
	permission of School Authority.						
	✓ Are there sensitive environmental conditions that need to be						
	considered?						

**Answer:** Dust and noise and heavy vehicle can be generated by the sub-project during construction phases. Therefore, the following precautionary measures need to be considered;

• Properfencing needs to make surrounding the construction site which will protect from dust and noise in close proximate.

Based on the socioeconomic, cultural, religious and demographic qualities of the local community, Rohingya population and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence or interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?

✓ Is it likely that the incoming workers and the local community come from a shared socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background?

**Answer:** Except little percentage of skilled workforces, most of the workforces are expected to come from local community and they belong to same socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background.

✓ What is the level of existing resources, and will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources?

**Answer:** Incoming workers are very low in numbers, so there will be no competition in using of resources.

✓ What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community?

**Answer:** The expected duration of the incoming workers duration is about 540 working days but it may be extended.

✓ Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any specific adverse impacts that may be anticipated?

**Answer:** Yes, there are some adverse impacts may occur those are;

- Price hiking of all necessary things.
- Crisis of water and sanitation
- In some extent of religious barrier
- Crisis of vehicles and movement problem from one place to another. Different Diseases may spread in the area for over population.

## Consultation with Community People

Has the project authority and contractors conducted any consultation meetings with the community people and Rohingya population?

**Answer:** The Project authority and contractors conducted consultation several times with local community where their opinions have received with great honor. The implementing contractor will conduct consultation meetings with the community people after finalization of contractor.

✓ Are local people aware about the labors?

**Answer:** Local people are very much aware of local labors but they do not have any idea about outside labor forces.

✓ Has the project authority involved the local community with the project? **Answer:** Yes, local communities are closely involved with this project. Several consultation meeting and informal interaction with local community have been conducted effectively.

### C.2. Land Acquisition and Stakeholder Screening

Probable Involuntary Resettlement	Ye	N	Not	Remarks
Effects	S	0	Known	Kemarks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Dona	ation/	' Lan	d Taking	
1. Will there be any land acquisition?		٧		No land will be required for the construction
				of shelter.
2. Is the site for land taking known?	٧			New school cum resilience shelter building will
				be constructed on respective school owned
				government land. If land is not available it will
				be omitted as negative list.
3. Is the ownership status and current	٧			This is respective Government primary school
usage of land to be required temporary				owned land under Ministry of Primary and

known?			Mass education (MoPME).
4. Will be utilized existing Right of Way	٧		If the shelter connecting road is needed it will
(RoW) for shelter connecting road?			be improved on existing RoW without
			acquisition.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and	٧	'	No additional land will be required to intend
residential land due to land acquisition?			the subprojects.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and	٧		No question of land acquisition. So, agricultural
other productive assets due to land			and other productive assets will not be
acquisition?			damaged or lost by the sub projects.
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and	V	'	No standing crops, trees and fixed assets will
fixed assets due to land acquisition?			be lost due to avoiding and minimize land
			acquisition.
8. Will there be loss of businesses or	V	'	Business entity, trade house will not be
enterprises due to land acquisition?			affected due to non-acquisition of land.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and	ν	'	It is confirmed that, income sources and means
means of livelihoods due to land			of livelihoods will not be hampered due to
acquisition?			avoided land acquisition.
Involuntary restrictions on land use or on	access t	o legal	lly designated parks and protected areas
10. Will people lose access to natural	V	'	People access to communal facilities and
resources, communal facilities and			services will not be hampered by the project
services?			intervention.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an	٧	'	No scope to change site location.
adverse impact on social and economic			
activities?			
12. Will access to land and resources	٧		No
owned communally or by the state be			
restricted?			

### **Information on Displaced Persons:**

Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project? [v]No [] Yes If yes, approximately how many? N/A

Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [v]No [] Yes

Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority groups? [v] No [] Yes

During Screening, Project Authority Will Conduct Consultation With the Primary and Secondary Stakeholders and Provide their Observations in the Following Sections (13 to 18)

13: Who are the stakeholders of the project?

**Answer:** Students, Guardians of the Schools, School Management Committee (SMC), Parent, teachers and local community, implementing agencies and their agencies, Labors, CBO, Local elected representative, Local Administration, LGED, DoE, DoF, local and international NGOs working with communities are stakeholder.

14: What social and cultural factors affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project?

**Answer:** No social and cultural factors will affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy and then project. Moreover, conducive environment in terms of social and cultural perspective are exist in the project area that is why stakeholder will get positive benefit from the project considering the scope of equal participation.

15: Are project objectives consistent with their needs, interests and capacity?

**Answer:** Yes, obviously the EMCRP project objectives is very much positive consistent with the respective stakeholders needs interests identified by the community consultation and FGD.

16: What will be the impact of the project or sub-project on the various stakeholders, especially women and vulnerable groups?

**Answer:** During natural disaster stakeholders especially women and vulnerable groups will get easy access to Communicate in constructed new school cum resilience shelter building; Moreover, their children will get access to education with improved facility.

17: What social risks might affect project or sub-project success?

Answer: There are some social risks might be affected sub-project success;

- Price may be hike of essential commodities in local hat Bazar.
- Incoming labors may engage with anti-social activities which can challenge the values system of the society.
- Noise and sound pollution may be generated in the locality. It also can hamper the study of the children as well as old ages during the construction period.
- Heavy loaded vehicle movement for construction through the earthen road of the villages can damage the poor existing road which can hamper the mobility of the local people.
- During the construction work, any kind of accident may occur.

18: Has the project authority or any other organizations conducted any consultations with the affected community or people? If yes. Please provide a summary.

**Answer:** The project authority has been conducted several consultations with the potential affected community and people. During site selection LGED officials have been conducted several meetings with SMC and local community regarding the construction of new school cum resilience shelter building. During the screening, the consultant of D&SC also organized the consultation meetings and informed them about project objectives and other safeguard related issues. They also provided their feedback which are given below;

- The FGD results confirmed that decision of new school cum resilience shelter building construction will increase the sense of security of the communities.
- The schooling facilities will be increased after completion of new school cum resilience shelter building.
- Most of the participants are expressed that the number of schools cum resilience shelters is insufficient. The capacity of shelter is also inadequate.
- More than half of the total participants reported that they used to stay in their houses mostly during disaster because of on rush to the shelters, limited space for livestock and other social problems.
- There should be access facilities to the shelter such as connecting roads, which should be above flood level standard and good drainage system; and supply of pure drinking water and power supply facilities etc. should be included.
- People should be well informed the message of disaster (Cyclone) by the local administration, Red Cross, CPP, NGO and disaster forecast unit.
- Rainwater harvesting facility and filtering facility like Pond Sand Filters (PSF) may be adapted.

### Annex-05: Social Screening of Palpara Government Primary School (Pkg. #: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12)

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)
Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)
Additional Funding

Social Screening of Sub-Project (Filled Form)

## Section A: Sub-Project Overview Description of sub-project/component interventions:

The proposed sub-project is a new school cum resilience shelter building. It will be constructed on school owned vacant government land under the MoPME. This land situated at Moddham Shiapara village under Eidgaon union of Cox's Bazar Sadar Upazila in Cox's Bazar District. The school was established in 1998. The school currently has 205 students including 97 boys and 108 girls. It is four-room building. One of the four rooms is used as an office room and the other three as a classroom.

GPS Coordinates: Latitude Value: 21.550556 N & Longitude Value: 92.072778 E. No tribal people found in the catchment area of the Sub-project. The site location is relatively a high plain land and accessible through vehicles as of 12ft wide under construction Eidgaon-Baisari BC road is present near the site which connects with Eidgaon road.

Based on field survey, the villages in the catchment area of the Pal Para Government Primary School are

Moddham Shiapara, Uttar Shaiapara, Kaniar chara, kona Para and Pal Para. At North side of the selected Land Al Noor Jame Mosque (250m), Kaniar Chara (300m), Vomaria Ghona Forest office (900m. At South side Konarpara Graveyard (200m), Baro Awlia Mazar Sharif/Mosque/Hefjo Khana (750m). At East side Moddham Shiapara Jame Mosque/Graveyard (30m), Konar Para Jame Mosque (500m), Social Forest (1Km), Vomaria range Hill (1Km), Salim Bin Abu Taleb Madrasa (1Km). At West side Kaniar Chara Jame Mosque (900m), Kaniar Chara Durga Mondir (1Km), Palpara Jagannath Mondir (800m), Pal Para Kali Mondir (850m), Palpara Crematorium (820m) & Eidgaon Khal (830m). A large number of Community people are expected to be benefitted by implementation of the sub-project directly.

### **Sub-project Location:**

Palpara Government Primary School is situated under Village: Moddham Shiapara, Ward: 07, Mouza: Eidgaon, Union: Eidgaon of Cox's Bazar Sadar Upazila in Cox's Bazar district.

Important Features of Sub-project Location						
Name of new school cum resilience shelter	Palpara Government Primary School					
Package No:	EMCRP/AF/W12					
GPS ID	99412030305					
District	Cox's Bazar					
Upazila	Cox's Bazar Sadar					
Union	Eidgaon					
Ward No.	07					
Dag No.	RS-2696, 2677 & BS-3783, 7782					
Khatian No.	RS-2126, 2496 & BS-3450, 2209					
Mouza	Eidgaon					
Catchment Area House Hold	1700					
Catchment Area Population	8850 (Male-4514 & Female-4336)					
Total Land space	1664.79 square meter.					
Proposed structural land space (Average)	537.59 square meter.					
Distance from Upazila Head quarter	35 Km					
Distance from Marine Drive	40 Km					
Proposed Sub-project Interventions	Reinforced Cement Concrete (RCC) Three-storied building.					
Status of Land Acquisition	No					
Status of Resettlement	No					
GPS Coordinates	Latitude Value: 21.550556 N & Longitude Value: 92.072778 E.					
Ownership of proposed Land owner	Respected Government Primary School					

Expected construction period: 540 working days.

Description of project intervention area and project influence area with schematic diagram (where relevant, indicate distance to sensitive environmental areas such as elephant corridors, water bodies, etc. and historical or cultural assets): Please also explain any analysis on alternative location was conducted:

**Answer:** The proposed new school cum resilience shelter building within the range of school premises have

not found any Historical and Archeological structure, so no question to generate any adverse impact in this regard. In consultation meeting it has revealed that no elephants' corridors are exist in the proposed subproject Location. The school authority, Local community, D&SC and LGED jointly finalized the construction site after necessary survey.

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presence

that

Section C: Social Screening							
Section C: Social Screening							
Key Screening questions	Aspects to Consider						
Will the project potentially	✓ How many foreign and local workers will be needed for the remaining						
involve an influx of workers to	period of the project, with what skill set?						
the project location, and will	<b>Answer</b> : Foreign worker will not be needed for the construction work. Based						
the influx be considered	on consultation with Local authority, most of the workforces are available in						
significant for the local	the Community.						
community?	✓ Can the project hire workers from the local workforce?						
	<b>Answer:</b> Definitely, the project will hire workers from the local workforce as						
	required by the project, because in sub project areas have an enough						
	worker, both skilled and unskilled.						
	✓ If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the						
	project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet						
	project requirements?						
	<b>Answer:</b> Labour is available in this area both of semi-skilled and unskilled. If						
	the skill level of the local workforce does not fulfill the project requirement,						
	then contractors will arrange skill conducting training within the time frame						
	in assistance by LGED.						
	✓ How will the workers be accommodated? Will they stay reside on site?						
	If so, what size of site office will be required?						
	•						
	Answer: LGED has assured to community that local and outside workers						
	accommodation will manage smoothly. Because most of the workforce will						
	be hired from local community, so they have not require for accommodation						
	in the construction site because they will come from their own house, but						
	the skilled laborers who will be hired from the outside, they need to						
	accommodate in temporary shed nearby site. The size of the shed will						
	depend on the number of outside laborers. Proper monitoring shall be						
	carried out in this regards by the local LGED office and consultants.						
Is the project located in a rural	✓ What is the size of local population in the project area?						
or remote area?	<b>Answer:</b> The size of local population in the project area are near about 8850.						
	Male-4514 and Female-4560. Total Households are near about -1900.						
	✓ Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually						
	frequented by outsiders?						
	<b>Answer:</b> Yes, local people are not allowed to visit school campus without the						
	permission of School Authority.						
	✓ Are there sensitive environmental conditions that need to be						
	considered?						
	<b>Answer:</b> Dust and noise and heavy vehicle can be generated by the sub-project						
	during construction phases. Therefore, the following precautionary measures						
	need to be considered;						
	Proper fencing needs to make surrounding the construction site which will						
	protect from dust and noise in close proximate.						
Dasad on the socioeconomic	·						
Based on the socioeconomic,	,,						
cultural, religious and	a shared socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic						
demographic qualities of the	background?						
local community, Rohingya	Answer: Except little percentage of skilled workforces, most of the						
population and the incoming	workforces are expected to come from local community and they belong to						

workers, is there a possibility same socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background.

interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?

✓ What is the level of existing resources, and will the incoming workers use
or create competition for these resources?

**Answer:** Incoming workers are very low in numbers, so there will be no competition in using of resources.

✓ What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community?

**Answer:** The expected duration of the incoming workers duration is about 540 working days but it may be extended.

✓ Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any specific adverse impacts that may be anticipated?

**Answer:** Yes, there are some adverse impacts may occur those are;

- Price hiking of all necessary things.
- Crisis of water and sanitation
- In some extent of religious barrier
- Crisis of vehicles and movement problem from one place to another. Different Diseases may spread in the area for over population.

## Consultation with Community People

Has the project authority and contractors conducted any consultation meetings with the community people and Rohingya population?

**Answer:** The Project authority and contractors conducted consultation several times with local community where their opinions have received with great honor. The implementing contractor will conduct consultation meetings with the community people after finalization of contractor.

✓ Are local people aware about the labors?

**Answer:** Local people are very much aware of local labors but they do not have any idea about outside labor forces.

✓ Has the project authority involved the local community with the project? **Answer:** Yes, local communities are closely involved with this project. Several consultation meeting and informal interaction with local community have been conducted effectively.

C.2. Land Acquisition and Stakeholder Screening

Probable Involuntary Resettlement	Ye	N	Not	
Effects	S	0	Known	Remarks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Dona	tion/	<sup>/</sup> Lan	d Taking	
1. Will there be any land acquisition?		٧		No land will be required for the construction
				of shelter.
2. Is the site for land taking known?	٧			New school cum resilience shelter building will
				be constructed on respective school owned
				government land. If land is not available it will
				be omitted as negative list.
3. Is the ownership status and current	٧			This is respective Government primary school
usage of land to be required temporary				owned land under Ministry of Primary and
known?				Mass education (MoPME).
4. Will be utilized existing Right of Way	٧			If the shelter connecting road is needed it will
(RoW) for shelter connecting road?				be improved on existing RoW without
				acquisition.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and		٧		No additional land will be required to intend
residential land due to land acquisition?				the subprojects.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and		٧		No question of land acquisition. So, agricultural
other productive assets due to land				and other productive assets will not be
acquisition?				damaged or lost by the sub projects.
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and		٧		No standing crops, trees and fixed assets will
fixed assets due to land acquisition?				be lost due to avoiding and minimize land

				acquisition.
8. Will there be loss of businesses or		٧		Business entity, trade house will not be
enterprises due to land acquisition?				affected due to non-acquisition of land.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and		٧		It is confirmed that, income sources and means
means of livelihoods due to land				of livelihoods will not be hampered due to
acquisition?				avoided land acquisition.
Involuntary restrictions on land use or on	access	to	legally d	lesignated parks and protected areas
10. Will people lose access to natural		٧		People access to communal facilities and
resources, communal facilities and				services will not be hampered by the project
services?				intervention.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an		٧		No scope to change site location.
adverse impact on social and economic				
activities?				
12. Will access to land and resources		٧		No
owned communally or by the state be				
restricted?				

### **Information on Displaced Persons:**

Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project? [v]No [] Yes If yes, approximately how many? N/A

Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [V]No [] Yes

Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority groups? [v] No [] Yes

During Screening, Project Authority Will Conduct Consultation With the Primary and Secondary Stakeholders and Provide their Observations in the Following Sections (13 to 18)

13: Who are the stakeholders of the project?

**Answer:** Students, Guardians of the Schools, School Management Committee (SMC), Parent, teachers and local community, implementing agencies and their agencies, Labors, CBO, Local elected representative, Local Administration, LGED, DoE, DoF, local and international NGOs working with communities are stakeholder.

14: What social and cultural factors affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project?

**Answer:** No social and cultural factors will affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy and then project. Moreover, conducive environment in terms of social and cultural perspective are exist in the project area that is why stakeholder will get positive benefit from the project considering the scope of equal participation.

15: Are project objectives consistent with their needs, interests and capacity?

**Answer:** Yes, obviously the EMCRP project objectives is very much positive consistent with the respective stakeholders needs interests identified by the community consultation and FGD.

16: What will be the impact of the project or sub-project on the various stakeholders, especially women and vulnerable groups?

**Answer:** During natural disaster stakeholders especially women and vulnerable groups will get easy access to Communicate in constructed new school cum resilience shelter building; Moreover, their children will get access to education with improved facility.

17: What social risks might affect project or sub-project success?

Answer: There are some social risks might be affected sub-project success;

- Price may be hike of essential commodities in local hat Bazar.
- Incoming labors may engage with anti-social activities which can challenge the values system of the society.
- Noise and sound pollution may be generated in the locality. It also can hamper the study of the children as well as old ages during the construction period.
- Heavy loaded vehicle movement for construction through the earthen road of the villages can damage the poor existing road which can hamper the mobility of the local people.
- During the construction work, any kind of accident may occur.

18: Has the project authority or any other organizations conducted any consultations with the affected

community or people? If yes. Please provide a summary.

**Answer:** The project authority has been conducted several consultations with the potential affected community and people. During site selection LGED officials have been conducted several meetings with SMC and local community regarding the construction of new school cum resilience shelter building. During the screening, the consultant of D&SC also organized the consultation meetings and informed them about project objectives and other safeguard related issues. They also provided their feedback which are given below;

- The FGD results confirmed that decision of new school cum resilience shelter building construction will increase the sense of security of the communities.
- The schooling facilities will be increased after completion of new school cum resilience shelter building.
- Most of the participants are expressed that the number of schools cum resilience shelters is insufficient. The capacity of shelter is also inadequate.
- More than half of the total participants reported that they used to stay in their houses mostly during disaster because of on rush to the shelters, limited space for livestock and other social problems.
- There should be access facilities to the shelter such as connecting roads, which should be above flood level standard and good drainage system; and supply of pure drinking water and power supply facilities etc. should be included.
- People should be well informed the message of disaster (Cyclone) by the local administration, Red Cross, CPP, NGO and disaster forecast unit.
- Rainwater harvesting facility and filtering facility like Pond Sand Filters (PSF) may be adapted.

### Annex-06: Social Screening of Wahederpara Government Primary School (Pkg.#: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12)

# Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP) Additional Funding

Social Screening of Sub-Project (Filled Form)

### Section A: Sub-Project Overview

### **Description of sub-project/component interventions**:

The proposed sub-project is a new school cum resilience shelter building. It will be constructed on school owned vacant government land under the MoPME. This land situated at Wahederpara village under Islamabad union of cox's Bazar Sadar Upazila in Cox's Bazar District. The school was established in 1978. The school currently has 231 students out of which 108 are boys and 123 are girls. The school has two buildings, one of which is unusable. The other building has a total of five rooms. Of the five rooms, one is used as an office room and the other four rooms are used as classrooms. In consultation meeting, the school management committee informed that the decision has been taken to demolish the unusable building of the school and build a new school cum resilience shelter building there. GPS Coordinates: Latitude Value: 21.564417 N & Longitude Value: 92.070611 E. No tribal people found in the catchment area of the Sub-project. The site location is relatively a high plain land and the school is located on the side of Arakan Road. Based on field survey, the villages in the catchment area of the Wahederpara Government Primary School are Khodaibari, Wahederpara, west Gajalia and Auliabad. At North side of the selected Land Daladoda central jame Mosque and Graveyard (650m), Brick field (6m). At South side AG Lutful Kabir Girls Madrasa/Hefzokhana/Mosque (500m), Pond (500m), South Jamiul Fala Mosque (1 Km.) pond (20m). At East side Eidgaon River (300m), BRAC school (200m). At west side Haser Digi Mosque/Pond (50m). A large number of Community people are expected to be benefitted by implementation of the sub-project directly.

### **Sub-project Location:**

Wahederpara GovernmentPrimarySchool issituated under Village: Wahederpara, ward: 08, Mouza: Gazalia, Union: Islamabad of Cox's Bazar Sadar Upazila in Cox's Bazar district.

Important Features o	of Sub-project Location
Name of new school cum resilience shelter	Wahederpara Government Primary School
building.	,
Package No:	EMCRP/AF/W12
GPS ID	91412070306
District	Cox's Bazar
Upazila	Cox's Bazar Sadar
Union	Islamabad
Ward No.	08
Dag No.	1358, 1361, 1362, 2357, 2358, 2359
Khatian No.	81, 86, 99, 108, 106
Mouza	Gazalia
Catchment Area House Hold	432
Catchment Area Population	2163 (Male-1085 & Female-1075)
Total Land space	1651.95 square meter.
Proposed structural land space (Average)	537.59 square meter.
Distance from Upazila Head quarter	34 Km
Distance from Marine Drive	33 Km
Proposed Sub-project Interventions	Reinforced Cement Concrete (RCC) Three-
	storied building.
Status of Land Acquisition	No
Status of Resettlement	No
GPS Coordinates	Latitude Value: 21.564417 N & Longitude
	Value: 92.070611 E.
Ownership of proposed Land owner	Respected Government Primary School

Expected construction period: 540 working days.

Description of project intervention area and project influence area with schematic diagram (where relevant, indicate distance to sensitive environmental areas such as elephant corridors, water bodies, etc. and historical or cultural assets): Please also explain any analysis on alternative location was conducted:

**Answer:** The proposed new school cum resilience shelter building within the range of school premises have not found any Historical and Archeological structure, so no question to generate any adverse impact in this regard. In consultation meeting it has revealed that no elephants' corridors are exist in the proposed subproject Location. The school authority, Local community, D&SC and LGED jointly finalized the construction site after necessary survey.

### **Section C: Social Screening**

Key Screening questions	Aspects to Consider			
Will the project potentially involve an influx of workers to the project location, and will	<ul> <li>✓ How many foreign and local workers will be needed for the remaining period of the project, with what skill set?</li> <li>Answer: Foreign worker will not be needed for the construction work. Based</li> </ul>			
the influx be considered significant for the local	on consultation with Local authority, most of the workforces are available in the Community.			
community?	✓ Can the project hire workers from the local workforce? Answer: Definitely, the project will hire workers from the local workforce as required by the project, because in sub project areas have an enough			
	worker, both skilled and unskilled.			

If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet project requirements?

Answer: Labour is available in this area both of semi-skilled and unskilled. If the skill level of the local workforce does not fulfill the project requirement. then contractors will arrange skill conducting training within the time frame in assistance by LGED.

How will the workers be accommodated? Will they stay reside on site? If so, what size of site office will be required?

Answer: LGED has assured to community that local and outside workers accommodation will manage smoothly. Because most of the workforce will be hired from local community, so they have not require for accommodation in the construction site because they will come from their own house, but the skilled laborers who will be hired from the outside, they need to accommodate in temporary shed nearby site. The size of the shed will depend on the number of outside laborers. Proper monitoring shall be carried out in this regards by the local LGED office and consultants.

Is the project located in a rural

What is the size of local population in the project area?

**Answer:** The size of local population in the project area are near about 430 Male-1085 and Female-1075. Total Households are near about -1900.

Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders?

**Answer:** Yes, local people are not allowed to visit school campus without the permission of School Authority.

Are there sensitive environmental conditions that need to be considered?

**Answer:** Dust and noise and heavy vehicle can be generated by the sub-project during construction phases. Therefore, the following precautionary measures need to be considered;

- Proper fencing needs to make surrounding the construction site which will protect from dust and noise in close proximate.
- Is it likely that the incoming workers and the local community come from shared socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background?

Answer: Except little percentage of skilled workforces, most of the workforces are expected to come from local community and they belong to same socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background.

✓ What is the level of existing resources, and will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources?

Answer: Incoming workers are very low in numbers, so there will be no competition in using of resources.

What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community?

**Answer:** The expected duration of the incoming workers duration is about 540 working days but it may be extended.

Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any specific adverse impacts that may be anticipated?

**Answer:** Yes, there are some adverse impacts may occur those are;

- Price hiking of all necessary things.
- Crisis of water and sanitation
- In some extent of religious barrier
- Crisis of vehicles and movement problem from one place to another. Different Diseases may spread in the area for over population.

or remote area?

Based on the socioeconomic, cultural. religious demographic qualities of the local community, Rohingya population and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?

## Consultation with Community People

✓ Has the project authority and contractors conducted any consultation meetings with the community people and Rohingya population?

**Answer:** The Project authority and contractors conducted consultation several times with local community where their opinions have received with great honor. The implementing contractor will conduct consultation meetings with the community people after finalization of contractor.

✓ Are local people aware about the labors?

**Answer:** Local people are very much aware of local labors but they do not have any idea about outside labor forces.

✓ Has the project authority involved the local community with the project? **Answer:** Yes, local communities are closely involved with this project. Several consultation meeting and informal interaction with local community have been conducted effectively.

### C.2. Land Acquisition and Stakeholder Screening

Probable Involuntary Resettlement	Ye	N	Not	Remarks
Effects	S	О	Known	Remarks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Dona	tion/	Lan	d Taking	
1. Will there be any land acquisition?		٧		No land will be required for the construction
				of shelter.
2. Is the site for land taking known?	٧			New school cum resilience shelter building will
				be constructed on respective school owned
				government land. If land is not available it will
				be omitted as negative list.
3. Is the ownership status and current	٧			This is respective Government primary school
usage of land to be required temporary				owned land under Ministry of Primary and
known?	<b>.</b>			Mass education (MoPME).
4. Will be utilized existing Right of Way	٧			If the shelter connecting road is needed it will
(RoW) for shelter connecting road?				be improved on existing RoW without
5. Will there be loss of shelter and		٧		acquisition.  No additional land will be required to intend
residential land due to land acquisition?		V		the subprojects.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and		٧		No question of land acquisition. So, agricultural
other productive assets due to land		ľ		and other productive assets will not be
acquisition?				damaged or lost by the sub projects.
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and		٧		No standing crops, trees and fixed assets will
fixed assets due to land acquisition?		•		be lost due to avoiding and minimize land
inca assets due to iana acquisition.				acquisition.
8. Will there be loss of businesses or		٧		Business entity, trade house will not be
enterprises due to land acquisition?				affected due to non-acquisition of land.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and		٧		It is confirmed that, income sources and means
means of livelihoods due to land				of livelihoods will not be hampered due to
acquisition?				avoided land acquisition.
Involuntary restrictions on land use or on	Involuntary restrictions on land use or on access to legally designated parks and protected areas			
10. Will people lose access to natural		٧		People access to communal facilities and
resources, communal facilities and				services will not be hampered by the project
services?				intervention.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an		٧		No scope to change site location.
adverse impact on social and economic				
activities?				
12. Will access to land and resources		٧		No
owned communally or by the state be				
restricted?				

### **Information on Displaced Persons:**

Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project? [v]No [] Yes If yes, approximately how many? N/A

Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [v]No [] Yes

Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority groups? [v] No [] Yes

During Screening, Project Authority Will Conduct Consultation With the Primary and Secondary Stakeholders and Provide their Observations in the Following Sections (13 to 18)

13: Who are the stakeholders of the project?

**Answer:** Students, Guardians of the Schools, School Management Committee (SMC), Parent, teachers and local community, implementing agencies and their agencies, Labors, CBO, Local elected representative, Local Administration, LGED, DoE, DoF, local and international NGOs working with communities are stakeholder.

14: What social and cultural factors affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project?

**Answer:** No social and cultural factors will affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy and then project. Moreover, conducive environment in terms of social and cultural perspective are exist in the project area that is why stakeholder will get positive benefit from the project considering the scope of equal participation.

15: Are project objectives consistent with their needs, interests and capacity?

**Answer:** Yes, obviously the EMCRP project objectives is very much positive consistent with the respective stakeholders needs interests identified by the community consultation and FGD.

16: What will be the impact of the project or sub-project on the various stakeholders, especially women and vulnerable groups?

**Answer:** During natural disaster stakeholders especially women and vulnerable groups will get easy access to Communicate in constructed new school cum resilience shelter building; Moreover, their children will get access to education with improved facility.

17: What social risks might affect project or sub-project success?

Answer: There are some social risks might be affected sub-project success;

- Price may be hike of essential commodities in local hat Bazar.
- Incoming labors may engage with anti-social activities which can challenge the values system of the society.
- Noise and sound pollution may be generated in the locality. It also can hamper the study of the children as well as old ages during the construction period.
- Heavy loaded vehicle movement for construction through the earthen road of the villages can damage the poor existing road which can hamper the mobility of the local people.
- During the construction work, any kind of accident may occur.

18: Has the project authority or any other organizations conducted any consultations with the affected community or people? If yes. Please provide a summary.

**Answer:** The project authority has been conducted several consultations with the potential affected community and people. During site selection LGED officials have been conducted several meetings with SMC and local community regarding the construction of new school cum resilience shelter building. During the screening, the consultant of D&SC also organized the consultation meetings and informed them about project objectives and other safeguard related issues. They also provided their feedback which are given below;

- The FGD results confirmed that decision of new school cum resilience shelter building construction will increase the sense of security of the communities.
- The schooling facilities will be increased after completion of new school cum resilience shelter building.
- Most of the participants are expressed that the number of schools cum resilience shelters is insufficient. The capacity of shelter is also inadequate.
- More than half of the total participants reported that they used to stay in their houses mostly during disaster because of on rush to the shelters, limited space for livestock and other social problems.
- There should be access facilities to the shelter such as connecting roads, which should be above flood level standard and good drainage system; and supply of pure drinking water and power supply

facilities etc. should be included.

- People should be well informed the message of disaster (Cyclone) by the local administration, Red Cross, CPP, NGO and disaster forecast unit.
- Rainwater harvesting facility and filtering facility like Pond Sand Filters (PSF) may be adapted.

## Annex-07: Social Screening of Purbo Jouarianala Government Primary School (Package Number: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12)

# Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP) Additional Funding

Social Screening of Sub-Project (Filled Form)

### **Section A: Sub-Project Overview**

### **Description of sub-project/component interventions:**

The proposed sub-project is a new school cum resilience shelter building. It will be constructed on school owned vacant government land under the MoPME This land situated at East Jouarianala village under Jouarianala union of Ramu Upazila in Cox's Bazar District. The school was established in 1987. The school currently has 204 students out of which 84 are boys and 120 are girls. The school has two buildings, one of which is abandoned. The other building has a total of five rooms. Of the five rooms, one is used as an office room and the other four rooms are used as classrooms. In consultation meeting, the school management committee informed that the decision has been taken to demolish the abandoned building of the school and build a new school cum resilience shelter building there. GPS Coordinates: Latitude Value: 21.473333 N & Longitude Value: 92.101389 E. No tribal people found in the catchment area of the Sub-project. The site location is relatively a high plain land and accessible through vehicles as of 10ft wide HBB road is present near the site which connects with Jouarianala Bangdaba Baishari road. Based on field survey, the villages in the catchment area of the Purbo Jouarianala Government Primary School are Purbo Jouarianala, VIP Pahar Para, Forest office Para and Mura Para. At North side of the selected Land Vara Khal (old), (5m), Households (20m), Cultivation land (500m), East Mara Hill (1Km.). At South side Sonaichari Khal (300m), Moulivipara Mosque (500m) & Jouarianala Bazar (South-West) (1Km.). At East side Paina Chari Chara (1 Km.), Purbo Shikderpara Jame Mosque/Graveyard (400m), Purbo Para Jame Mosque (800m), Jouarianala Range office (1Km.), Forest office Jame Mosque (1Km.), Horin Khao Hill (1 Km.) & Painachari Hill (1 Km.). At west side Baitul Falha Jame Mosque/Graveyard (10m), Jouarianala Emdadul Ulum Madrasa (400m) & Arakan Road (400m). A large number of Community people are expected to be benefitted by implementation of the sub-project directly.

### **Sub-project Location:**

Purbo Jouarianala GovernmentPrimarySchool issituated under Village: East Jouarianala, ward: 08, Mouza: Jouarianala, Union: Jouarianala of Ramu Upazila in Cox's Bazar district.

Important Features o	f Sub-project Location		
Name of new school cum resilience shelter	Purbo Jouarianala Government Primary		
building.	School		
Package No:	EMCRP/AF/W12		
GPS ID	99412049004		
District	Cox's Bazar		
Upazila	Ramu		
Union	Jouarianala		
Ward No.	08		
Dag No.	71751, 7161 & 7166		
Khatian No.	2452		
Mouza	Jouarianala		
Catchment Area House Hold	1578		
Catchment Area Population	7100 (Male-3560 & Female-3540)		
Total Land space	1095.66 square meter.		
Proposed structural land space (Average)	537.59 square meter.		
Distance from Upazila Head quarter	05 Km		
Distance from Marine Drive	10 Km		
Proposed Sub-project Interventions	Reinforced Cement Concrete (RCC) Three-		
	storied building.		
Status of Land Acquisition	No		
Status of Resettlement	No		
GPS Coordinates	Latitude Value: 21.473333 N & Longitude		
	Value: 92.101389 E		
Ownership of proposed Land owner	Respected Government Primary School		

**Expected construction period:** 540 working days.

Description of project intervention area and project influence area with schematic diagram (where relevant, indicate distance to sensitive environmental areas such as elephant corridors, water bodies, etc. and historical or cultural assets): Please also explain any analysis on alternative location was conducted:

**Answer:** The proposed new school cum resilience shelter building within the range of School premises have no Historical and Archeological structure has been found that is why no question to generate any adverse impact in this regard. In consultation meeting it has revealed that no elephants' corridors are exist in the proposed sub-project Location. The School Authority, Local community, D&SC and LGED jointly finalized the construction place after discussion.

### **Section C: Social Screening**

Key Screening questions	Aspects to Consider

Will the project potentially involve an influx of workers to the project location, and will the influx be considered significant for the local community?

✓ How many foreign and local workers will be needed for the remaining period of the project, with what skill set?

**Answer**: No foreign workers are will not be needed to at this locality in construction work. Based on consultation with Local authority, most of the workforces are available in the Community. If contractors need to hire some skilled workers from outside to the project area for implementing work as per contractors need. It clearly discussed in the FGD.

✓ Can the project hire workers from the local workforce?

**Answer:** Definitely, the project hire workers from the local workforce as project required, because in sub project areas have an enough worker, both skilled and unskilled. But labor function was how to manage, it's totally depending on required by the implementation contractors.

✓ What is the size and skill level of the existing local workforce?

**Answer:** For the remaining period of the project, In the based on FGD approximately 20 skilled and unskilled workforces are expected to be required for the construction work. Among them 04 will be skilled and 16 will be unskilled workforces.

✓ If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet project requirements?

**Answer:** Labors is available in this area, enough unskilled and some skilled. If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the need of the project, they can serve the purpose of skill labor as conducting skill training by the contractor within the time frame.

✓ How will the workers be accommodated? Will they commute or reside on site or outside of the camp? If so, what size of camp will be required?

Answer: LGED has assured to community that local and outside workers accommodation will manage smoothly. Because most of the workforce will be hired from local community, so they have not require for accommodation in the construction site because they will come from their own house, but the skilled laborers who will be hired from the outside, they need to accommodate in temporary shed nearby site. The size of the shed will depend on the number of outside laborers. Proper monitoring shall be carried out in this regards by the local LGED office and consultants.

Is the project located in a rural or remote area?

What is the size of local population in the project area?

**Answer:** The size of local population in the project area are near about 7100. Male-3560 and Female-3540. Total Households are near about - 1578.

✓ What is the size of the community Rohingya community?

**Answer:** All the people in this proposed sub-project are local communities. So, no Rohingya people lives on the side of the proposed new school cum resilience shelter building.

✓ Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders?

**Answer:** Yes, local people are not allowed to visit school campus without the permission of School Authority.

✓ Are there sensitive environmental conditions that need to be considered?

**Answer:** Dust and noise and heavy vehicle can be generated by the sub-project during construction phases. Therefore, the following precautionary measures need to be considered;

	<ul> <li>Proper fencing needs to make surrounding the construction site which will protect from dust and noise, small accidental cases both teacher and students and surrounding peoples who are living in close proximate.</li> </ul>
Based on the socioeconomic, cultural, religious and demographic qualities of the local community, Rohingya population and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence or interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?	<ul> <li>✓ Is it likely that the incoming workers and the local community come from a shared socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background?</li> <li>Answer: Except little percentage of skilled workforces, most of the workforces are expected to come from local community and they belong to same socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background.</li> <li>✓ What is the level of existing resources, and will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources?</li> <li>Answer: Incoming workers are very low in numbers, so there will be no competition in using of resources.</li> <li>✓ What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community?</li> <li>Answer: The expected duration of the incoming workers duration is about 540 working days but it may be extended.</li> <li>✓ Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any specific adverse impacts that may be anticipated?</li> <li>Answer: Yes, there are some adverse impacts may occur those are;</li> <li>Price hiking of all necessary things.</li> <li>Crisis of water and sanitation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>In some extent of religious barrier</li> <li>Crisis of vehicles and movement problem from one place to another.</li> <li>Different Diseases may spread in the area for over population.</li> </ul>
Consultation with Community People	<ul> <li>✓ Has the project authority and contractors conducted any consultation meetings with the community people and Rohingya population?</li> <li>Answer: The Project authority and contractors conducted consultation several times with local community where their opinions have received with great honor. The implementing contractor will conduct consultation meetings with the community people after finalization of contractor.</li> <li>✓ Are local people aware about the labors?</li> <li>Answer: Local people are very much aware of local labors but they do not have any idea about outside labor forces.</li> <li>✓ Has the project authority involved the local community with the project?</li> <li>Answer: Yes, local communities are closely involved with this project.</li> <li>Several consultation meeting and informal interaction with local</li> </ul>
	community have been conducted effectively.

### C.2. Land acquisition and stakeholder screening

Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks		
Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Do	Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Donation/ Land Taking					
1. Will there be any land acquisition?		٧		No land will be required to new school cum resilience shelter building construction.		
2. Is the site for land taking known?	٧			New school cum resilience shelter building will be constructed on respective Government primary school owned land. Meanwhile, SMC, Local Community & Local		

			government i.e., Union parishad has given their consent to intend the new school cum resilience shelter building construction.
3. Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be required temporary known?	٧		This is respective Government primary school owned land.
4. Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?	٧		N/A.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land due to land acquisition?		٧	N/A, no additional land will be required.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?		٧	No question of land acquisition. So, agricultural and other productive assets will not be damaged or lost by the construction of Service Center.
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?		٧	No standing crops, trees and fixed assets will be lost due to avoiding and minimize land acquisition.
8. Will there be loss of businesses or enterprises due to land acquisition?		٧	Due to respective government primary school owned land (existing alignment), So, business entity, trade house or livelihood option will not be affected or any business infrastructure will be displaced by the subproject.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?		٧	It is clearly revealed that income sources and means of livelihoods will not be hampered or lost by the Sub projects.
-	n acce	ss to	legally designated parks and protected areas
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?		٧	People access to communal facilities and services will not be hampered by the project intervention.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?		٧	No scope to change site location.
12. Will access to land and resources owned communally or by the state be restricted?		٧	No
1			

#### **Information on Displaced Persons:**

Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project? [v]No [] Yes If yes, approximately how many? N/A

Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [V]No [] Yes

Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority groups? [v] No [] Yes

During Screening, project authority will conduct consultation with the primary and secondary stakeholders and provide their observations in the following sections (13 to 18)

13: Who are the stakeholders of the project?

**Answer:** Students, Guardians of the Schools, School management committee (SMC), Parent, teachers and local community, implementing agencies and their agencies, Labors, CBO, Local elected representative, Local Administration, LGED, DoE, DoF and local and international NGOs working with community.

14: What social and cultural factors affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project?

**Answer:** No social and cultural factors will affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project. Moreover, conducive environment in terms of social and cultural perspective are exist in the project area that is why stakeholder will get positive benefit from the project

considering the scope of equal participation.

15: Are project objectives consistent with their needs, interests and capacity?

**Answer:** Yes, obviously the EMCRP project objectives is very much positive consistent with the respective stakeholders needs interests identified by the community consultation and FGD.

16: What will be the impact of the project or sub-project on the various stakeholders, especially women and vulnerable groups?

**Answer:** During natural disaster stakeholders especially women and vulnerable groups will get easy access to Communicate in constructed new school cum resilience shelter building; Moreover, their children will get access to education with improved facility.

17: What social risks might affect project or sub-project success?

Answer: There are some social risks might be affected sub-project success;

- Price may be hike of essential commodities in local hat Bazar.
- Incoming labors may engage with anti-social activities which can challenge the values system of the society.
- Noise and sound pollution may be generated in the locality. It also can hamper the study of the children as well as old ages during the construction period.
- Heavy loaded vehicle movement through the earthen road of the villages can damage the poor existing road which can hamper the mobility of the local people.
- During the construction work, any kind of accident may occur.

18: Has the project authority or any other organizations conducted any consultations with the affected community or people? If yes. Please provide a summary.

**Answer:** The project authority has been conducted several consultations with the potential affected community and people. During site selection LGED officials have been conducted several meetings with SMC and local community regarding the construction of new school cum resilience shelter building. During the screening, the consultant of D&SC also organized the consultation meetings and informed them about project objectives and other safeguard related issues. They also provided their feedback which are given below;

- The FGD results confirmed that decision of new school cum resilience shelter building construction will increase the sense of security of the communities.
- The schooling facilities will be increased after completion of new school cum resilience shelter building.
- Most of the participants are expressed that the number of schools cum resilience shelters is insufficient. The capacity of shelter is also inadequate.
- More than half of the total participants reported that they used to stay in their houses mostly during disaster because of onrush to the shelters, limited space for livestock and other social problems.
- The participants informed that provision of emergency water supply, toilet, hygienic facilities and access road is not available, even insufficient.
- There should be access facilities to the shelter such as connecting roads, which should be above flood level standard and good drainage system; and supply of pure drinking water and power supply facilities etc.
- People should be well informed the message of disaster (Cyclone) by the local administration, Red Cross, CPP, NGO and disaster forecast unit.
- Rainwater harvesting facility and filtering facility like Pond Sand Filters (PSF) may be adapted.

Annex-08: Social Screening of Naikhyong Khali Government Primary School (Pkg. #: LGED/EMCRP/ AF/ W12)

# Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP) Additional Funding

Social Screening of Sub-Project (Filled Form)

#### **Section A: Sub-Project Overview**

#### Description of sub-project/component interventions:

The proposed sub-project is a new school cum resilience shelter building. It will be constructed on school owned vacant government land under the MoPME. This land situated at Naikhyong khali village under Hnila union of Teknaf Upazila in Cox's Bazar District. The school was established in 1942. The school currently has 426 students out of which 193 are boys and 233 are girls. The school has three buildings, one of which is abandoned. The other two buildings have a total of eight rooms. Of the eight rooms, one is used as an office room and the other seven rooms are used as classrooms. In consultation meeting, the school management committee informed that the decision has been taken to demolish the abandoned building of the school and build a new school cum resilience shelter building there. GPS Coordinates: Latitude Value: 21.032083 N & Longitude Value: 92.240611 E. No tribal people found in the catchment area of the Sub-project. The site location is relatively a high plain land and accessible through vehicles as of 10ft wide BC road is present near the site which connects with Cox's Bazar Teknaf Highway Road. Based on field survey, the villages in the catchment area of the Naikhyong Khali Government Primary School are Naikhyong Khali, Naikhyong Khali Uttarpara, Naikhyong Khali Muslim Para, Naikhyong Khali Shait Para, Naikhyong khali Lamar Para, Naikhyong Khali Auir Para, Kona Para and Naikhyong Khali Bazar Para. At North side of the selected Land Jamiria darul ulam Madrasa (300m), Mouluvir Khal (310m), Buddist & Hindu crematorium (350m), Mouluvi Bazar Central Jame Mosque (300m). At South side Dakkhiner Guda Khal (600m) & Naikhyong Khali South Para Jame Mosque (400m). At East side Mouluvi Bazar (200m), Dighirpar Jamemosque (25m), Gaosia Mosque & Madrasa (200m), Surjer Hasi Clinic (150m), Muslim Para Mosque (300m), Naf Ricer (1 Km.). At West side Naikhyongkhali Graveyard (200m), Naikhyong Khali Junior High School (50m), Konar Para Mosque/ Hefja Khana/ orphanage (60m), Ideal Academy (100m) and Ali Akber Para Community clinic (300m. A large number of Community people are expected to be benefitted by implementation of the sub-project directly.

#### **Sub-project Location:**

Naikhyong Khali Government Primary School is situated under Village: Naikhyong khali, ward: 02, Mouza: South Nhila, Union: Hnila of Teknaf Upazila in Cox's Bazar district.

Important Features of Sub-project Location			
Name of new school cum resilience shelter	Naikhyong Khali Government Primary School		
building.			
Package No:	EMCRP/AF/W12		
GPS ID	91412060208		
District	Cox's Bazar		
Upazila	Teknaf		
Union	Hnila		
Ward No.	02		
Dag No.	109, 3455, 7251, 8244 13041, 15524, 17071,		
	22144 & 25107		
Khatian No.	12		
Mouza	South Nhila		
Catchment Area House Hold	1830		
Catchment Area Population	9000 (Male-4050 & Female-4950)		
Total Land space	2479.58 square meter.		
Proposed structural land space (Average)	537.59 square meter.		
Distance from Upazila Head quarter	22 Km		
Distance from Marine Drive	15 Km		
Proposed Sub-project Interventions	Reinforced Cement Concrete (RCC) Three-		
	storied building.		
Status of Land Acquisition	No		
Status of Resettlement	No		
GPS Coordinates	Latitude Value: 21.032083 N & Longitude		
	Value: 92.240611 E		
Ownership of proposed Land owner	Respected Government Primary School		

#### **Expected construction period:** 540 working days.

Description of project intervention area and project influence area with schematic diagram (where relevant, indicate distance to sensitive environmental areas such as elephant corridors, water bodies, etc. and historical or cultural assets): Please also explain any analysis on alternative location was conducted:

**Answer:** The proposed new school cum resilience shelter building within the range of school premises have not found any Historical and Archeological structure, so no question to generate any adverse impact in this regard. In consultation meeting it has revealed that no elephants' corridors are exist in the proposed subproject Location. The school authority, Local community, D&SC and LGED jointly finalized the construction site after necessary survey.

#### **Section C: Social Screening**

Key Screening questions	Aspects to Consider	
Will the project potentially involve an influx of workers to	, ,	
the project location, and will	<b>Answer</b> : Foreign worker will not be needed for the construction work. Based	
the influx be considered	on consultation with Local authority, most of the workforces are available in	
significant for the local	the Community.	
community?	✓ Can the project hire workers from the local workforce?	
	<b>Answer:</b> Definitely, the project will hire workers from the local workforce as	

required by the project, because in sub project areas have an enough worker, both skilled and unskilled.

✓ If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet project requirements?

**Answer:** Labour is available in this area both of semi-skilled and unskilled. If the skill level of the local workforce does not fulfill the project requirement, then contractors will arrange skill conducting training within the time frame in assistance by LGED.

✓ How will the workers be accommodated? Will they stay reside on site?
If so, what size of site office will be required?

Answer: LGED has assured to community that local and outside workers accommodation will manage smoothly. Because most of the workforce will be hired from local community, so they have not require for accommodation in the construction site because they will come from their own house, but the skilled laborers who will be hired from the outside, they need to accommodate in temporary shed nearby site. The size of the shed will depend on the number of outside laborers. Proper monitoring shall be carried out in this regards by the local LGED office and consultants.

Is the project located in a rural or remote area?

What is the size of local population in the project area?

**Answer:** The size of local population in the project area are near about 9000. Male-4050 and Female-4950. Total Households are near about -1900.

✓ Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders?

**Answer:** Yes, local people are not allowed to visit school campus without the permission of School Authority.

✓ Are there sensitive environmental conditions that need to be considered?

**Answer:** Dust and noise and heavy vehicle can be generated by the sub-project during construction phases. Therefore, the following precautionary measures need to be considered;

• Proper fencing needs to make surrounding the construction site which will protect from dust and noise in close proximate.

Based on the socioeconomic, cultural, religious and demographic qualities of the local community, Rohingya population and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence or interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?

✓ Is it likely that the incoming workers and the local community come from a shared socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background?

**Answer:** Except little percentage of skilled workforces, most of the workforces are expected to come from local community and they belong to same socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background.

✓ What is the level of existing resources, and will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources?

**Answer:** Incoming workers are very low in numbers, so there will be no competition in using of resources.

✓ What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community?

**Answer:** The expected duration of the incoming workers duration is about 540 working days but it may be extended.

✓ Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any specific adverse impacts that may be anticipated?

**Answer:** Yes, there are some adverse impacts may occur those are;

- Price hiking of all necessary things.
- Crisis of water and sanitation
- In some extent of religious barrier

	<ul> <li>Crisis of vehicles and movement problem from one place to another.</li> </ul>
	Different Diseases may spread in the area for over population.
Consultation with Community People	<ul> <li>✓ Has the project authority and contractors conducted any consultation meetings with the community people and Rohingya population?</li> <li>Answer: The Project authority and contractors conducted consultation several times with local community where their opinions have received with great honor. The implementing contractor will conduct consultation meetings with the community people after finalization of contractor.</li> <li>✓ Are local people aware about the labors?</li> <li>Answer: Local people are very much aware of local labors but they do not have any idea about outside labor forces.</li> <li>✓ Has the project authority involved the local community with the project?</li> <li>Answer: Yes, local communities are closely involved with this project. Several consultation meeting and informal interaction with local community have been conducted effectively.</li> </ul>

C.2. Land Acquisition and Stakeholder Screening

Probable Involuntary Resettlement	Ye	N	Not	Daw J
Effects	s	О	Known	Remarks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Dona	tion/	Lan	d Taking	
1. Will there be any land acquisition?		٧		No land will be required for the construction
'				of shelter.
2. Is the site for land taking known?	٧			New school cum resilience shelter building will
				be constructed on respective school owned
				government land. If land is not available it will
				be omitted as negative list.
3. Is the ownership status and current	٧			This is respective Government primary school
usage of land to be required temporary				owned land under Ministry of Primary and
known?				Mass education (MoPME).
4. Will be utilized existing Right of Way	٧			If the shelter connecting road is needed it will
(RoW) for shelter connecting road?				be improved on existing RoW without
				acquisition.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and		٧		No additional land will be required to intend
residential land due to land acquisition?				the subprojects.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and		٧		No question of land acquisition. So, agricultural
other productive assets due to land				and other productive assets will not be
acquisition?				damaged or lost by the sub projects.
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and		٧		No standing crops, trees and fixed assets will
fixed assets due to land acquisition?				be lost due to avoiding and minimize land
				acquisition.
8. Will there be loss of businesses or		٧		Business entity, trade house will not be
enterprises due to land acquisition?		,		affected due to non-acquisition of land.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and		٧		It is confirmed that, income sources and means
means of livelihoods due to land				of livelihoods will not be hampered due to
acquisition?				avoided land acquisition.
Involuntary restrictions on land use or on	acces	s to √	legally d	
10. Will people lose access to natural		V		People access to communal facilities and
resources, communal facilities and services?				services will not be hampered by the project intervention.
		٧		
11. If land use is changed, will it have an		V		No scope to change site location.
adverse impact on social and economic activities?				
12. Will access to land and resources		٧		No
12. Will access to latin and resources		V		INU

owned communally or by the state be		
restricted?		

#### **Information on Displaced Persons:**

Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project? [V]No [] Yes If yes, approximately how many? N/A

Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [V]No [] Yes

Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority groups? [V] No [] Yes

During Screening, Project Authority Will Conduct Consultation With the Primary and Secondary Stakeholders and Provide their Observations in the Following Sections (13 to 18)

13: Who are the stakeholders of the project?

**Answer:** Students, Guardians of the Schools, School Management Committee (SMC), Parent, teachers and local community, implementing agencies and their agencies, Labors, CBO, Local elected representative, Local Administration, LGED, DoE, DoF, local and international NGOs working with communities are stakeholder.

14: What social and cultural factors affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project?

**Answer:** No social and cultural factors will affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy and then project. Moreover, conducive environment in terms of social and cultural perspective are exist in the project area that is why stakeholder will get positive benefit from the project considering the scope of equal participation.

15: Are project objectives consistent with their needs, interests and capacity?

**Answer:** Yes, obviously the EMCRP project objectives is very much positive consistent with the respective stakeholders needs interests identified by the community consultation and FGD.

16: What will be the impact of the project or sub-project on the various stakeholders, especially women and vulnerable groups?

**Answer:** During natural disaster stakeholders especially women and vulnerable groups will get easy access to Communicate in constructed new school cum resilience shelter building; Moreover, their children will get access to education with improved facility.

17: What social risks might affect project or sub-project success?

Answer: There are some social risks might be affected sub-project success;

- Price may be hike of essential commodities in local hat Bazar.
- Incoming labors may engage with anti-social activities which can challenge the values system of the society.
- Noise and sound pollution may be generated in the locality. It also can hamper the study of the children as well as old ages during the construction period.
- Heavy loaded vehicle movement for construction through the earthen road of the villages can damage the poor existing road which can hamper the mobility of the local people.
- During the construction work, any kind of accident may occur.

18: Has the project authority or any other organizations conducted any consultations with the affected community or people? If yes. Please provide a summary.

**Answer:** The project authority has been conducted several consultations with the potential affected community and people. During site selection LGED officials have been conducted several meetings with SMC and local community regarding the construction of new school cum resilience shelter building. During the screening, the consultant of D&SC also organized the consultation meetings and informed them about project objectives and other safeguard related issues. They also provided their feedback which are given below;

- The FGD results confirmed that decision of new school cum resilience shelter building construction will increase the sense of security of the communities.
- The schooling facilities will be increased after completion of new school cum resilience shelter building.
- Most of the participants are expressed that the number of schools cum resilience shelters is insufficient. The capacity of shelter is also inadequate.
- More than half of the total participants reported that they used to stay in their houses mostly during disaster because of on rush to the shelters, limited space for livestock and other social problems.

- There should be access facilities to the shelter such as connecting roads, which should be above flood level standard and good drainage system; and supply of pure drinking water and power supply facilities etc. should be included.
- People should be well informed the message of disaster (Cyclone) by the local administration, Red Cross, CPP, NGO and disaster forecast unit.
- Rainwater harvesting facility and filtering facility like Pond Sand Filters (PSF) may be adapted.

### Annex-09: Social Screening of Kharankhali Government Primary School (Package Number: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12)

## Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP) Additional Funding

Social Screening of Sub-Project (Filled Form)

#### **Section A: Sub-Project Overview**

#### Description of sub-project/component interventions:

The proposed sub-project is a new school cum resilience shelter building. It will be constructed on school owned vacant government land under the MoPME. This land situated at Kharankhali village under Whykong union of Teknaf Upazila in Cox's Bazar District. The school was established in 1964. The school currently has 353 students out of which 174 are boys and 179 are girls. The school has one building with four rooms. Of the four rooms, one is used as a head teacher, one as an assistant teacher and the remaining three rooms are used as classrooms. In consultation meeting, the school management committee informed that it has been decided to construction a new school cum resilience shelter building in the vacant space of the school. GPS Coordinates: Latitude Value: 21.041778 N & Longitude Value: 92.245694 E. The site location is relatively a high plain land and accessible through vehicles as of 10ft wide HBB road is present near the site which connects with Kharankhali to BDR Camp Road. Based on field survey, the villages in the catchment area of the Kharankhali Government Primary School school are Kharankhali, Nasorpara, Moheshkhalia Para, Godar Para and Natun Para. At North side of the selected Land Buddist Temple (10m), Pond (10m). At South side Chara (300m) & Salt field (300m). At East side BGB Camp (100m) & Naf River (800m). At West side Buddist Temple (200m), Ayesha Jame Mosque (400m), Pond (400m), Graveyard (400m) & Farang Khali Bazar (700m). A large number of Community people are expected to be benefitted by implementation of the sub-project directly.

#### Sub-project Location:

Kharankhali Government Primary School is situated under Village: Kharankhali, ward: 08, Mouza: Moddah Hnila, Union: Whykong of Teknaf Upazila in Cox's Bazar district.

Important Features of Sub-project Location				
Name of new school cum resilience shelter	Kharankhali Government Primary School			
building.				
Package No:	LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12			
GPS ID	91412060110			
District	Cox's Bazar			
Upazila	Teknaf			
Union	Whykong			
Ward No.	08			
Dag No.	12275 & 12272			
Khatian No.	05			
Mouza	Moddha Nhila			

Catchment Area House Hold	1150
Catchment Area Population	7500 (Male-3755 & Female-3745)
Total Land space	2419.53 square meter.
Proposed structural land space (Average)	537.59 square meter.
Distance from Upazila Head quarter	25 Km
Distance from Marine Drive	04 Km
Proposed Sub-project Interventions	Reinforced Cement Concrete (RCC) Three-
	storied building.
Status of Land Acquisition	No
Status of Resettlement	No
GPS Coordinates	Latitude Value: 21.041778 N & Longitude
	Value: 92.245694 E.
Ownership of proposed Land owner	Respected Government Primary School

**Expected construction period:** 540 working days.

Description of project intervention area and project influence area with schematic diagram (where relevant, indicate distance to sensitive environmental areas such as elephant corridors, water bodies, etc. and historical or cultural assets): Please also explain any analysis on alternative location was conducted:

**Answer:** The proposed new school cum resilience shelter building within the range of School premises have no Historical and Archeological structure has been found that is why no question to generate any adverse impact in this regard. In consultation meeting it has revealed that no elephants' corridors are exist in the proposed sub-project Location. The School Authority, Local community, D&SC and LGED jointly finalized the construction place after discussion.

#### Section C: Social Screening

Section C: Social Screening					
Key Screening questions	Aspects to Consider				
Will the project potentially	✓ How many foreign and local workers will be needed for the remaining				
involve an influx of workers to	period of the project, with what skill set?				
the project location, and will	Answer: No foreign workers are will not be needed to at this locality in				
the influx be considered	construction work. Based on consultation with Local authority, most of				
significant for the local	the workforces are available in the Community. If contractors need to hire				
community?	some skilled workers from outside to the project area for implementing				
	work as per contractors need. It clearly discussed in the FGD.				
	✓ Can the project hire workers from the local workforce?				
	<b>Answer:</b> Definitely, the project hire workers from the local workforce as				
	project required, because in sub project areas have an enough worker,				
	both skilled and unskilled. But labor function was how to manage, it's				
	totally depending on required by the implementation contractors.				
	✓ What is the size and skill level of the existing local workforce?				
	<b>Answer:</b> For the remaining period of the project, In the based on				
	approximately 20 skilled and unskilled workforces are expected to be				
	required for the construction work. Among them 04 will be skilled and 16				
	will be unskilled workforces.				
	✓ If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of				
	the project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet project requirements?				
	Answer: Labors is available in this area, enough unskilled and some				
	skilled. If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the need of				
	the project, they can serve the purpose of skill labor as conducting skill				
	training by the contractor within the time frame.				
	Training by the contractor within the time frame.				

✓ How will the workers be accommodated? Will they commute or reside on site or outside of the camp? If so, what size of camp will be required?

**Answer:** LGED has assured to community that local and outside workers accommodation will manage smoothly. Because most of the workforce will be hired from local community, so they have not require for accommodation in the construction site because they will come from their own house, but the skilled laborers who will be hired from the outside, they need to accommodate in temporary shed nearby site. The size of the shed will depend on the number of outside laborers. Proper monitoring shall be carried out in this regards by the local LGED office and consultants.

### Is the project located in a rural or remote area?

✓ What is the size of local population in the project area?

**Answer:** The size of local population in the project area are near about 7500. Male-3775 and Female-3745. Total Households are near about - 1150.

✓ What is the size of the community Rohingya community?

**Answer:** All the people in this proposed sub-project are local communities. So, no Rohingya people lives on the side of the proposed new school cum resilience shelter building.

✓ Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders?

**Answer:** Yes, local people are not allowed to visit school campus without the permission of School Authority.

✓ Are there sensitive environmental conditions that need to be considered?

**Answer:** Dust and noise and heavy vehicle can be generated by the sub-project during construction phases. Therefore, the following precautionary measures need to be considered;

- Proper fencing needs to make surrounding the construction site which will protect from dust and noise, small accidental cases both teacher and students and surrounding peoples who are living in close proximate.
- Based on the socioeconomic, cultural, religious and demographic qualities of the local community, Rohingya population and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence or interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?

✓ Is it likely that the incoming workers and the local community come from a shared socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background?

**Answer:** Except little percentage of skilled workforces, most of the workforces are expected to come from local community and they belong to same socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background.

✓ What is the level of existing resources, and will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources?

**Answer:** Incoming workers are very low in numbers, so there will be no competition in using of resources.

✓ What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community?

**Answer:** The expected duration of the incoming workers duration is about 540 working days but it may be extended.

✓ Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any specific adverse impacts that may be anticipated?

**Answer:** Yes, there are some adverse impacts may occur those are;

- Price hiking of all necessary things.
- Crisis of water and sanitation
- In some extent of religious barrier

	<ul> <li>Crisis of vehicles and movement problem from one place to another.</li> <li>Different Diseases may spread in the area for over population.</li> </ul>
Consultation with Community People	<ul> <li>✓ Has the project authority and contractors conducted any consultation meetings with the community people and Rohingya population?</li> <li>Answer: The Project authority and contractors conducted consultation several times with local community where their opinions have received with great honor. The implementing contractor will conduct consultation meetings with the community people after finalization of contractor.</li> <li>✓ Are local people aware about the labors?</li> <li>Answer: Local people are very much aware of local labors but they do not have any idea about outside labor forces.</li> <li>✓ Has the project authority involved the local community with the project?</li> <li>Answer: Yes, local communities are closely involved with this project. Several consultation meeting and informal interaction with local community have been conducted effectively.</li> </ul>

C.2. Land acquisition and stakeholder screening

Probable Involuntary Resettlement	Yes	No	Not	Remarks		
Effects			Known	Nema: No		
Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Donation/ Land Taking						
1. Will there be any land acquisition?		٧		No land will be required to new school cum		
				resilience shelter building construction.		
2. Is the site for land taking known?	V			New school cum resilience shelter building will be constructed on respective Government primary school owned land. Meanwhile, SMC, Local Community & Local government i.e., Union parishad has given their consent to intend the new school cum resilience shelter building construction.		
3. Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be required temporary known?	٧			This is respective Government primary school owned land.		
4. Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?	٧			N/A.		
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land due to land acquisition?		٧		N/A, no additional land will be required.		
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?		٧		No question of land acquisition. So, agricultural and other productive assets will not be damaged or lost by the construction of Service Center.		
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?		٧		No standing crops, trees and fixed assets will be lost due to avoiding and minimize land acquisition.		
8. Will there be loss of businesses or enterprises due to land acquisition?		√		Due to respective government primary school owned land (existing alignment), So, business entity, trade house or livelihood option will not be affected or any business infrastructure will be displaced by the subproject.		
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?		٧		It is clearly revealed that income sources and means of livelihoods will not be hampered or lost by the Sub projects.		

Involuntary restrictions on land use or on access to legally designated parks and protected areas				
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?	٧	People access to communal facilities and services will not be hampered by the project intervention.		
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?	٧	No scope to change site location.		
12. Will access to land and resources owned communally or by the state be restricted?	٧	No		

#### **Information on Displaced Persons:**

Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project? [v]No [] Yes If yes, approximately how many? N/A

Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [V]No [] Yes

Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority groups? [V] No [] Yes

During Screening, project authority will conduct consultation with the primary and secondary stakeholders and provide their observations in the following sections (13 to 18)

13: Who are the stakeholders of the project?

**Answer:** Students, Guardians of the Schools, School management committee (SMC), Parent, teachers and local community, implementing agencies and their agencies, Labors, CBO, Local elected representative, Local Administration, LGED, DoE, DoF and local and international NGOs working with community.

14: What social and cultural factors affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project?

**Answer:** No social and cultural factors will affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project. Moreover, conducive environment in terms of social and cultural perspective are exist in the project area that is why stakeholder will get positive benefit from the project considering the scope of equal participation.

15: Are project objectives consistent with their needs, interests and capacity?

**Answer:** Yes, obviously the EMCRP project objectives is very much positive consistent with the respective stakeholders needs interests identified by the community consultation and FGD.

16: What will be the impact of the project or sub-project on the various stakeholders, especially women and vulnerable groups?

**Answer:** During natural disaster stakeholders especially women and vulnerable groups will get easy access to Communicate in constructed new school cum resilience shelter building; Moreover, their children will get access to education with improved facility.

17: What social risks might affect project or sub-project success?

Answer: There are some social risks might be affected sub-project success;

- Price may be hike of essential commodities in local hat Bazar.
- Incoming labors may engage with anti-social activities which can challenge the values system of the society.
- Noise and sound pollution may be generated in the locality. It also can hamper the study of the children as well as old ages during the construction period.
- Heavy loaded vehicle movement through the earthen road of the villages can damage the poor existing road which can hamper the mobility of the local people.
- During the construction work, any kind of accident may occur.

18: Has the project authority or any other organizations conducted any consultations with the affected community or people? If yes. Please provide a summary.

Answer: The project authority has been conducted several consultations with the potential affected community and people. During site selection LGED officials have been conducted several meetings with SMC and local community regarding the construction of new school cum resilience shelter building. During the screening, the consultant of D&SC also organized the consultation meetings and informed them about project objectives and other safeguard related issues. They also provided their feedback which are given

#### below;

- The FGD results confirmed that decision of new school cum resilience shelter building construction will increase the sense of security of the communities.
- The schooling facilities will be increased after completion of new school cum resilience shelter building.
- Most of the participants are expressed that the number of schools cum resilience shelters is insufficient. The capacity of shelter is also inadequate.
- More than half of the total participants reported that they used to stay in their houses mostly during disaster because of onrush to the shelters, limited space for livestock and other social problems.
- The participants informed that provision of emergency water supply, toilet, hygienic facilities and access road is not available, even insufficient.
- There should be access facilities to the shelter such as connecting roads, which should be above flood level standard and good drainage system; and supply of pure drinking water and power supply facilities etc.
- People should be well informed the message of disaster (Cyclone) by the local administration, Red Cross, CPP, NGO and disaster forecast unit.
- Rainwater harvesting facility and filtering facility like Pond Sand Filters (PSF) may be adapted.

#### Annex-10: Social Screening of Lambari Government Primary School (Pkg. #: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12)

## Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP) Additional Funding

Social Screening of Sub-Project (Filled Form)

#### **Section A: Sub-Project Overview**

#### Description of sub-project/component interventions:

The proposed sub-project is a new school cum resilience shelter building. It will be constructed on school owned vacant government land under the MoPME. This land situated at Mithapanir Chara village under 03 no. Teknaf Sadar union of Teknaf Upazila in Cox's Bazar District. The school was established in 1938. The school currently has 180 students out of which 88 are boys and 92 are girls. The school has three buildings, one of which is damaged. The three buildings have a total of six rooms. One of the six rooms is used as a teachers' room and the other five used as classrooms. GPS Coordinates: Latitude Value: 20.889028 N & Longitude Value: 92.252972 E. No tribal people found in the catchment area of the Sub-project. The site location is relatively a high plain land and accessible through vehicles as of 8ft wide HBB road is present near the site which connects with Longur bill BC 18ft road. Based on field survey, the villages in the catchment area of the Lambari Government Primary School are Mithapanir Chara, Chadra Killa, Utta Habib Chara, South Habib Chara, Jum Para & Wst Para Mitha Panir Chara. At North side of the selected Land Baitul Mamur Jame Mosque (500m), Mitha Panir Chara (50m). At South side Umme Hani Balika Madrasa (100m), Ashrafia Khademul Ulam Kaumi Madrasa/Mosque (100m), Mithapanir chara Graveyard (150m). At west side Marine Drive (1Km.) & Bay of Bengal (400m). A large number of Community people are expected to be benefitted by implementation of the sub-project directly.

#### **Sub-project Location:**

Lambari Government Primary School is situated under Village: Mithapanir Chara, ward: 01, Mouza: Longurbill, Union: Cox' Bazar Sadar of Cox's Bazar Sadar Upazila in Cox's Bazar district.

Important Features of Sub-project Location					
Name of new school cum resilience shelter   Lambari Government Primary School					
building.					
Package No:	LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12				

GPS ID	91412060304
District	Cox's Bazar
Upazila	Cox's Bazar Sadar
Union	Cox's Bazar Sadar
Ward No.	01
Dag No.	RS-1544, 1549, BS-2118
Khatian No.	BS-2, RS-339, RS-459/135, BS-484
Mouza	Langurbill
Catchment Area House Hold	2780
Catchment Area Population	14510 (Male-5800 & Female-8710)
Total Land space	4766.25 square meter.
Proposed structural land space (Average)	537.59 square meter.
Distance from Upazila Head quarter	06 Km
Distance from Marine Drive	01 Km
Proposed Sub-project Interventions	Reinforced Cement Concrete (RCC) Three-
	storied building.
Status of Land Acquisition	No
Status of Resettlement	No
GPS Coordinates	Latitude Value: 20.889028 N & Longitude
	Value: 92.252972 E
Ownership of proposed Land owner	Respected Government Primary School

Expected construction period: 540 working days.

Description of project intervention area and project influence area with schematic diagram (where relevant, indicate distance to sensitive environmental areas such as elephant corridors, water bodies, etc. and historical or cultural assets): Please also explain any analysis on alternative location was conducted:

**Answer:** The proposed new school cum resilience shelter building within the range of school premises have not found any Historical and Archeological structure, so no question to generate any adverse impact in this regard. In consultation meeting it has revealed that no elephants' corridors are exist in the proposed subproject Location. The school authority, Local community, D&SC and LGED jointly finalized the construction site after necessary survey.

#### Section C: Social Screening

Section C: Social Screening	
Key Screening questions	Aspects to Consider
Will the project potentially	✓ How many foreign and local workers will be needed for the remaining
involve an influx of workers to	period of the project, with what skill set?
the project location, and will	<b>Answer</b> : Foreign worker will not be needed for the construction work. Based
the influx be considered	on consultation with Local authority, most of the workforces are available in
significant for the local	the Community.
community?	✓ Can the project hire workers from the local workforce?
	<b>Answer:</b> Definitely, the project will hire workers from the local workforce as
	required by the project, because in sub project areas have an enough
	worker, both skilled and unskilled.
	✓ If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the
	project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet project requirements?
	Answer: Labour is available in this area both of semi-skilled and unskilled. If
	the skill level of the local workforce does not fulfill the project requirement,
	then contractors will arrange skill conducting training within the time frame
	in assistance by LGED.

✓ How will the workers be accommodated? Will they stay reside on site?
If so, what size of site office will be required?

**Answer:** LGED has assured to community that local and outside workers accommodation will manage smoothly. Because most of the workforce will be hired from local community, so they have not require for accommodation in the construction site because they will come from their own house, but the skilled laborers who will be hired from the outside, they need to accommodate in temporary shed nearby site. The size of the shed will depend on the number of outside laborers. Proper monitoring shall be carried out in this regards by the local LGED office and consultants.

Is the project located in a rural or remote area?

What is the size of local population in the project area?

**Answer:** The size of local population in the project area are near about 14510. Male-5800 and Female-8710. Total Households are near about - 2780.

✓ Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders?

**Answer:** Yes, local people are not allowed to visit school campus without the permission of School Authority.

✓ Are there sensitive environmental conditions that need to be considered?

**Answer:** Dust and noise and heavy vehicle can be generated by the sub-project during construction phases. Therefore, the following precautionary measures need to be considered;

- Properfencing needs to make surrounding the construction site which will protect from dust and noise in close proximate.
- Is it likely that the incoming workers and the local community come from a shared socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background?

**Answer:** Except little percentage of skilled workforces, most of the workforces are expected to come from local community and they belong to same socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background.

✓ What is the level of existing resources, and will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources?

**Answer:** Incoming workers are very low in numbers, so there will be no competition in using of resources.

✓ What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community?

**Answer:** The expected duration of the incoming workers duration is about 540 working days but it may be extended.

✓ Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any specific adverse impacts that may be anticipated?

**Answer:** Yes, there are some adverse impacts may occur those are;

- Price hiking of all necessary things.
- Crisis of water and sanitation
- In some extent of religious barrier
- Crisis of vehicles and movement problem from one place to another. Different Diseases may spread in the area for over population.

## Consultation with Community People

Has the project authority and contractors conducted any consultation meetings with the community people and Rohingya population?

**Answer:** The Project authority and contractors conducted consultation several times with local community where their opinions have received with great honor. The implementing contractor will conduct consultation meetings with the community people after finalization of contractor.

Based on the socioeconomic, cultural, religious and demographic qualities of the local community, Rohingya population and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence or interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?

Are local people aware about the labors?

Answer: Local people are very much aware of local labors but they do not have any idea about outside labor forces.

✓ Has the project authority involved the local community with the project? Answer: Yes, local communities are closely involved with this project. Several consultation meeting and informal interaction with local community have been conducted effectively.

C.2. Land Acquisition and Stakeholder Screening						
Probable Involuntary Resettlement	Ye	N	Not	Remarks		
Effects	S		Known			
Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Donation/ Land Taking						
1. Will there be any land acquisition?		٧		No land will be required for the construction		
				of shelter.		
2. Is the site for land taking known?	٧			New school cum resilience shelter building will		
				be constructed on respective school owned		
				government land. If land is not available it will		
				be omitted as negative list.		
3. Is the ownership status and current	٧			This is respective Government primary school		
usage of land to be required temporary				owned land under Ministry of Primary and		
known?				Mass education (MoPME).		
4. Will be utilized existing Right of Way	٧			If the shelter connecting road is needed it will		
(RoW) for shelter connecting road?				be improved on existing RoW without		
				acquisition.		
5. Will there be loss of shelter and		٧		No additional land will be required to intend		
residential land due to land acquisition?				the subprojects.		
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and		٧		No question of land acquisition. So, agricultural		
other productive assets due to land				and other productive assets will not be		
acquisition?				damaged or lost by the sub projects.		
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and		٧		No standing crops, trees and fixed assets will		
fixed assets due to land acquisition?				be lost due to avoiding and minimize land		
				acquisition.		
8. Will there be loss of businesses or		٧		Business entity, trade house will not be		
enterprises due to land acquisition?				affected due to non-acquisition of land.		
9. Will there be loss of income sources and		٧		It is confirmed that, income sources and means		
means of livelihoods due to land				of livelihoods will not be hampered due to		
acquisition?				avoided land acquisition.		
Involuntary restrictions on land use or on	acces	s to	legally d	lesignated parks and protected areas		
10. Will people lose access to natural		٧		People access to communal facilities and		
resources, communal facilities and				services will not be hampered by the project		
services?				intervention.		
11. If land use is changed, will it have an		٧		No scope to change site location.		
adverse impact on social and economic						
activities?						
12. Will access to land and resources		٧		No		
owned communally or by the state be						
restricted?						
Information on Displaced Persons:		-				

#### **Information on Displaced Persons:**

Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project? [v]No [] Yes If yes, approximately how many? N/A

Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [v]No [] Yes

Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority groups? [v] No [] Yes

During Screening, Project Authority Will Conduct Consultation With the Primary and Secondary

#### Stakeholders and Provide their Observations in the Following Sections (13 to 18)

13: Who are the stakeholders of the project?

**Answer:** Students, Guardians of the Schools, School Management Committee (SMC), Parent, teachers and local community, implementing agencies and their agencies, Labors, CBO, Local elected representative, Local Administration, LGED, DoE, DoF, local and international NGOs working with communities are stakeholder.

14: What social and cultural factors affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project?

**Answer:** No social and cultural factors will affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy and then project. Moreover, conducive environment in terms of social and cultural perspective are exist in the project area that is why stakeholder will get positive benefit from the project considering the scope of equal participation.

15: Are project objectives consistent with their needs, interests and capacity?

**Answer:** Yes, obviously the EMCRP project objectives is very much positive consistent with the respective stakeholders needs interests identified by the community consultation and FGD.

16: What will be the impact of the project or sub-project on the various stakeholders, especially women and vulnerable groups?

**Answer:** During natural disaster stakeholders especially women and vulnerable groups will get easy access to Communicate in constructed new school cum resilience shelter building; Moreover, their children will get access to education with improved facility.

17: What social risks might affect project or sub-project success?

Answer: There are some social risks might be affected sub-project success;

- Price may be hike of essential commodities in local hat Bazar.
- Incoming labors may engage with anti-social activities which can challenge the values system of the society.
- Noise and sound pollution may be generated in the locality. It also can hamper the study of the children as well as old ages during the construction period.
- Heavy loaded vehicle movement for construction through the earthen road of the villages can damage the poor existing road which can hamper the mobility of the local people.
- During the construction work, any kind of accident may occur.

18: Has the project authority or any other organizations conducted any consultations with the affected community or people? If yes. Please provide a summary.

**Answer:** The project authority has been conducted several consultations with the potential affected community and people. During site selection LGED officials have been conducted several meetings with SMC and local community regarding the construction of new school cum resilience shelter building. During the screening, the consultant of D&SC also organized the consultation meetings and informed them about project objectives and other safeguard related issues. They also provided their feedback which are given below;

- The FGD results confirmed that decision of new school cum resilience shelter building construction will increase the sense of security of the communities.
- The schooling facilities will be increased after completion of new school cum resilience shelter building.
- Most of the participants are expressed that the number of schools cum resilience shelters is insufficient. The capacity of shelter is also inadequate.
- More than half of the total participants reported that they used to stay in their houses mostly during disaster because of on rush to the shelters, limited space for livestock and other social problems.
- There should be access facilities to the shelter such as connecting roads, which should be above flood level standard and good drainage system; and supply of pure drinking water and power supply facilities etc. should be included.
- People should be well informed the message of disaster (Cyclone) by the local administration, Red Cross, CPP, NGO and disaster forecast unit.
- Rainwater harvesting facility and filtering facility like Pond Sand Filters (PSF) may be adapted.

### Annex-11: Social Screening of Hazi Gura Miah Government Primary School (Pkg. #: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12)

## Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP) Additional Funding

Social Screening of Sub-Project (Filled Form)

#### **Section A: Sub-Project Overview**

#### Description of sub-project/component interventions:

The proposed sub-project is a new school cum resilience shelter building. It will be constructed on school owned vacant government land under the MoPME. This land situated at Muchar Khula village under Palongkhali union of Ukhiya Upazila in Cox's Bazar District. The school was established in 2014. The school currently has 118 students out of which 54 are boys and 64 are girls. The school has one building with four rooms. Of the four rooms, one is used as an office room and the other three are used as classrooms. GPS Coordinates: Latitude Value: 21.149583 N & Longitude Value: 92.13925 E. The site location is relatively a high plain land and accessible through vehicles as of 10ft wide HBB road is present near the site which connects with Motcha Khola road. Based on field survey, the villages in the catchment area of the Hazi Gura Miah Government Primary School are Motchakhola, Jambunia, Natun Motcha khola and Bottali. At North side of the selected Land Motcha Khola Jame Mosque (500m), Natun Mochar Khola Jame Mosque (1 Km.) & Household (5m). At South side Hill (50m), old Motcha Khola Graveyard/Mosque /Forekania Madrasa (400m), Jamburia Jame Mosque (600m) & Paddy land (5m). At East side Palongkhali Khal (500m) & Paddy land (5m). At West side Graveyard/Hill (20m), Graveyard (10m), Hill (5m) & Household (5m). A large number of Community people are expected to be benefitted by implementation of the sub-project directly.

#### **Sub-project Location:**

Hazi Gura Miah Government Primary School is situated under Village: Mocher Khola, ward: 06, Mouza: Palongkhali, Union: Palongkhali of Ukhiya Upazila in Cox's Bazar district.

Important Features of Sub-project Location					
Name of new school cum resilience shelter	Hazi Gura Miah Government Primary School				
building.					
Package No:	LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12				
GPS ID	91412011584				
District	Cox's Bazar				
Upazila	Ukhiya				
Union	Palongkhai				
Ward No.	06				
Dag No.	RS-6373, 6378 & BS-3073 & 3078				
Khatian No.	BS-259				
Mouza	Palongkhali				
Catchment Area House Hold	1020				
Catchment Area Population	4930 (Male-2416 & Female-2514)				
Total Land space	1617.25 square meter.				
Proposed structural land space (Average)	537.59 square meter.				
Distance from Upazila Head quarter	13.5 Km				
Distance from Marine Drive	20 Km				

Proposed Sub-project Interventions	Reinforced Cement Concrete (RCC) Three-	
	storied building.	
Status of Land Acquisition	No	
Status of Resettlement	No	
GPS Coordinates	Latitude Value: 21.149583 N & Longitude	
	Value: 92.13925 E	
Ownership of proposed Land owner	Respected Government Primary School	

**Expected construction period:** 540 working days.

Description of project intervention area and project influence area with schematic diagram (where relevant, indicate distance to sensitive environmental areas such as elephant corridors, water bodies, etc. and historical or cultural assets): Please also explain any analysis on alternative location was conducted:

**Answer:** The proposed new school cum resilience shelter building within the range of school premises have not found any Historical and Archeological structure, so no question to generate any adverse impact in this regard. In consultation meeting it has revealed that no elephants' corridors are exist in the proposed subproject Location. The school authority, Local community, D&SC and LGED jointly finalized the construction site after necessary survey.

#### Section C: Social Screening

Section C: Social Screening		
Key Screening questions	Aspects to Consider	
Will the project potentially	✓ How many foreign and local workers will be needed for the remaining	
involve an influx of workers to	period of the project, with what skill set?	
the project location, and will	<b>Answer</b> : Foreign worker will not be needed for the construction work. Based	
the influx be considered	on consultation with Local authority, most of the workforces are available in	
significant for the local	the Community.	
community?	✓ Can the project hire workers from the local workforce?	
	<b>Answer:</b> Definitely, the project will hire workers from the local workforce as	
	required by the project, because in sub project areas have an enough	
	worker, both skilled and unskilled.	
	✓ If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the	
	project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet	
	project requirements?	
	<b>Answer:</b> Labour is available in this area both of semi-skilled and unskilled. If	
	the skill level of the local workforce does not fulfill the project requirement,	
	then contractors will arrange skill conducting training within the time frame	
	in assistance by LGED.	
	How will the workers be accommodated? Will they stay reside on site?	
	If so, what size of site office will be required?	
	Answer: LGED has assured to community that local and outside workers	
	accommodation will manage smoothly. Because most of the workforce will	
	be hired from local community, so they have not require for accommodation	
	in the construction site because they will come from their own house, but	
	the skilled laborers who will be hired from the outside, they need to	
	accommodate in temporary shed nearby site. The size of the shed will	
	depend on the number of outside laborers. Proper monitoring shall be	
	carried out in this regards by the local LGED office and consultants.	
Is the project located in a rural	What is the size of local population in the project area?	
or remote area?	<b>Answer:</b> The size of local population in the project area are near about 4930. Male-2416 and Female-2514 Total Households are near about -1020.	
	✓ Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders?	
	·	
	<b>Answer:</b> Yes, local people are not allowed to visit school campus without the	

permission of School Authority.

✓ Are there sensitive environmental conditions that need to be considered?

**Answer:** Dust and noise and heavy vehicle can be generated by the sub-project during construction phases. Therefore, the following precautionary measures need to be considered;

- Properfencing needs to make surrounding the construction site which will protect from dust and noise in close proximate.
- Based on the socioeconomic, cultural, religious and demographic qualities of the local community, Rohingya population and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence or interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?

✓ Is it likely that the incoming workers and the local community come from a shared socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background?

**Answer:** Except little percentage of skilled workforces, most of the workforces are expected to come from local community and they belong to same socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background.

✓ What is the level of existing resources, and will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources?

**Answer:** Incoming workers are very low in numbers, so there will be no competition in using of resources.

✓ What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community?

**Answer:** The expected duration of the incoming workers duration is about 540 working days but it may be extended.

✓ Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any specific adverse impacts that may be anticipated?

**Answer:** Yes, there are some adverse impacts may occur those are;

- Price hiking of all necessary things.
- Crisis of water and sanitation
- In some extent of religious barrier
- Crisis of vehicles and movement problem from one place to another.

Different Diseases may spread in the area for over population.

### Consultation with Community People

Has the project authority and contractors conducted any consultation meetings with the community people and Rohingya population?

**Answer:** The Project authority and contractors conducted consultation several times with local community where their opinions have received with great honor. The implementing contractor will conduct consultation meetings with the community people after finalization of contractor.

✓ Are local people aware about the labors?

**Answer:** Local people are very much aware of local labors but they do not have any idea about outside labor forces.

✓ Has the project authority involved the local community with the project? **Answer:** Yes, local communities are closely involved with this project. Several consultation meeting and informal interaction with local community have been conducted effectively.

#### C.2. Land Acquisition and Stakeholder Screening

Probable Involuntary Resettlement	Ye	N	Not	Remarks
Effects	S	0	Known	Kellidiks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Donation/ Land Taking				
1. Will there be any land acquisition?		٧		No land will be required for the construction
				of shelter.
2. Is the site for land taking known?	٧			New school cum resilience shelter building will
				be constructed on respective school owned
				government land. If land is not available it will

				be omitted as negative list.
3. Is the ownership status and current	٧			This is respective Government primary school
usage of land to be required temporary				owned land under Ministry of Primary and
known?				Mass education (MoPME).
4. Will be utilized existing Right of Way	٧			If the shelter connecting road is needed it will
(RoW) for shelter connecting road?				be improved on existing RoW without
				acquisition.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and		٧		No additional land will be required to intend
residential land due to land acquisition?				the subprojects.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and		٧		No question of land acquisition. So, agricultural
other productive assets due to land				and other productive assets will not be
acquisition?				damaged or lost by the sub projects.
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and		٧		No standing crops, trees and fixed assets will
fixed assets due to land acquisition?				be lost due to avoiding and minimize land
				acquisition.
8. Will there be loss of businesses or		٧		Business entity, trade house will not be
enterprises due to land acquisition?				affected due to non-acquisition of land.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and		٧		It is confirmed that, income sources and means
means of livelihoods due to land				of livelihoods will not be hampered due to
acquisition?				avoided land acquisition.
Involuntary restrictions on land use or on	acces	s to	legally o	designated parks and protected areas
10. Will people lose access to natural		٧		People access to communal facilities and
resources, communal facilities and				services will not be hampered by the project
services?				intervention.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an		٧		No scope to change site location.
adverse impact on social and economic				
activities?				
12. Will access to land and resources		٧		No
owned communally or by the state be				
restricted?				

#### **Information on Displaced Persons:**

Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project? [V]No [] Yes If yes, approximately how many? N/A

Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [V]No [] Yes

Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority groups? [v] No [] Yes

During Screening, Project Authority Will Conduct Consultation With the Primary and Secondary Stakeholders and Provide their Observations in the Following Sections (13 to 18)

13: Who are the stakeholders of the project?

**Answer:** Students, Guardians of the Schools, School Management Committee (SMC), Parent, teachers and local community, implementing agencies and their agencies, Labors, CBO, Local elected representative, Local Administration, LGED, DoE, DoF, local and international NGOs working with communities are stakeholder.

14: What social and cultural factors affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project?

**Answer:** No social and cultural factors will affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy and then project. Moreover, conducive environment in terms of social and cultural perspective are exist in the project area that is why stakeholder will get positive benefit from the project considering the scope of equal participation.

15: Are project objectives consistent with their needs, interests and capacity?

**Answer:** Yes, obviously the EMCRP project objectives is very much positive consistent with the respective stakeholders needs interests identified by the community consultation and FGD.

16: What will be the impact of the project or sub-project on the various stakeholders, especially women and vulnerable groups?

**Answer:** During natural disaster stakeholders especially women and vulnerable groups will get easy access to Communicate in constructed new school cum resilience shelter building; Moreover, their children will get access to education with improved facility.

17: What social risks might affect project or sub-project success?

Answer: There are some social risks might be affected sub-project success;

- Price may be hike of essential commodities in local hat Bazar.
- Incoming labors may engage with anti-social activities which can challenge the values system of the society.
- Noise and sound pollution may be generated in the locality. It also can hamper the study of the children as well as old ages during the construction period.
- Heavy loaded vehicle movement for construction through the earthen road of the villages can damage the poor existing road which can hamper the mobility of the local people.
- During the construction work, any kind of accident may occur.

18: Has the project authority or any other organizations conducted any consultations with the affected community or people? If yes. Please provide a summary.

**Answer:** The project authority has been conducted several consultations with the potential affected community and people. During site selection LGED officials have been conducted several meetings with SMC and local community regarding the construction of new school cum resilience shelter building. During the screening, the consultant of D&SC also organized the consultation meetings and informed them about project objectives and other safeguard related issues. They also provided their feedback which are given below;

- The FGD results confirmed that decision of new school cum resilience shelter building construction will increase the sense of security of the communities.
- The schooling facilities will be increased after completion of new school cum resilience shelter building.
- Most of the participants are expressed that the number of schools cum resilience shelters is insufficient. The capacity of shelter is also inadequate.
- More than half of the total participants reported that they used to stay in their houses mostly during disaster because of on rush to the shelters, limited space for livestock and other social problems.
- There should be access facilities to the shelter such as connecting roads, which should be above flood level standard and good drainage system; and supply of pure drinking water and power supply facilities etc. should be included.
- People should be well informed the message of disaster (Cyclone) by the local administration, Red Cross, CPP, NGO and disaster forecast unit.
- Rainwater harvesting facility and filtering facility like Pond Sand Filters (PSF) may be adapted.

### Annex-12: Social Screening of Mohammed Shafir Bill Government Primary School (Package Number: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12)

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)

Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)

Additional Funding

Social Screening of Sub-Project (Filled Form)

#### **Section A: Sub-Project Overview**

#### Description of sub-project/component interventions:

The proposed sub-project is a new school cum resilience shelter building. . It will be constructed on school owned vacant government land under the MoPME. This land situated at Moddha Shafir Bill village under Jaliapalong union of Ukhiya Upazila in Cox's Bazar district. The school was established in 1944. The school currently has 207 students out of which 96 are boys and 111 are girls. The school has two buildings. One of them, a two-storied building, was completely abandoned and was built in 1994 with the kingdom of Saudi Arabia funding after the 1991 cyclone. The other building is made of tin shelter with four rooms. Of the four rooms, one is used as an office room and the other three are used as classrooms.

GPS Coordinates: Latitude Value: 21.2103 N & Longitude Value: 92.04886 E. No tribal people found in the catchment area of the Sub-project. The site location is relatively a high plain land and accessible through vehicles as of 10ft wide HBB road is present near the site which connects with Marine Drive. Based on field survey, the villages in the catchment area of the Mohammed Shafir Bill Government Primary School are uttar Mohammed Shafir Bill, Dakkhin Mohammed Shafir Bill & Moddham Mohammed Shafir Bill. At North side PalongKhali Restaurant (20m), Mohammed Shafir Bill old Jame Mosque (300m), Hotel Royal Tulip (400m), North Mohammed Shafir Bill & old Graveyard (700m and Mahatir Chara (800m). At south side Baitul Mamur Jame Mosque (400m), Dakkhin Mohammed Shafir Bill Graveyard (1Km.), Dakkhin Mohammed Shafir Bill Baitul Rahman Jame Mosque (900m), Dakkhim Mohammed Shafir Bill Rahamania Madrasa (900m) and Paner Chara (400m). At east side Enani Hill (350m), Household (70m), Enani Soto Khal (1 Km.), cultivate land (10m), Noaka Bhada Chara (900m), Haramer Ziri (950m) and Shalbon Chara (500m). At West side Marine Drive (10m), Enani Beach (15m and Bay of Bengal (20m). A large number of Community people are expected to be benefitted by implementation of the sub-project directly.

#### **Sub-project Location:**

Mohammed Shafir Bill GovernmentPrimarySchool is situated under Village: Moddha Shafir Bill, ward: 07, Mouza: Enani, Union: Jaliapalong of Ukhiya Upazila in Cox's Bazar district.

Important Features of Sub-project Location				
Name of new school cum resilience shelter	Mohammed Shafir Bill Government Primary			
building.	School			
Package No:	LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12			
GPS ID	91412010105			
District	Cox's Bazar			
Upazila	Ukhiya			
Union	Jaliapalong			
Ward No.	07			
Dag No.	BS-4497, 4500, 4501, 4502, 4503, 4504, 4505,			
	4518, 4519 & RS-3521,3519, 3525 &3526			
Khatian No.	RS-383, 1153 & BS-1119, 1216			
Mouza	Enani			
Catchment Area House Hold	1315			
Catchment Area Population	5500 (Male-2755 & Female-2745)			
Total Land space	1200.56 square meter.			
Proposed structural land space (Average)	537.59 square meter.			
Distance from Upazila Head quarter	17 Km			
Distance from Marine Drive	10 Km			
Proposed Sub-project Interventions	Reinforced Cement Concrete (RCC) Three-			
	storied building.			
Status of Land Acquisition	No			
Status of Resettlement	No			
GPS Coordinates	Latitude Value: 21.2103 N & Longitude			
	Value: 92.04886 E			
Ownership of proposed Land owner	Respected Government Primary School			

Expected construction period: 540 working days.

Description of project intervention area and project influence area with schematic diagram (where relevant, indicate distance to sensitive environmental areas such as elephant corridors, water bodies,

#### etc. and historical or cultural assets): Please also explain any analysis on alternative location was conducted:

Answer: The proposed new school cum resilience shelter building within the range of School premises have no Historical and Archeological structure has been found that is why no question to generate any adverse impact in this regard. In consultation meeting it has revealed that no elephants' corridors are exist in the proposed sub-project Location. The School Authority, Local community, D&SC and LGED jointly finalized the construction place after discussion.

#### Section C: Social Screening Aspects to Consider **Key Screening questions** Will the project potentially How many foreign and local workers will be needed for the remaining involve an influx of workers to period of the project, with what skill set? the project location, and will Answer: Foreign worker will not be needed for construction work. Based the influx be considered on consultation with Local authority, most of the workforces are available significant for the local in the Community. If contractors need to hire some skilled workers from community? outside to the project area for implementing work as per contractors need. It clearly discussed in the FGD. ✓ Can the project hire workers from the local workforce? Answer: Definitely, the project hire workers from the local workforce as project required, because in sub project areas have an enough worker, both skilled and unskilled. But labor function was how to manage, it's totally depending on required by the implementation contractors. ✓ What is the size and skill level of the existing local workforce? Answer: For the remaining period of the project, In the based on FGD approximately 20 skilled and unskilled workforces are expected to be required for the construction work. Among them 04 will be skilled and 16 will be unskilled workforces. If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet project requirements? Answer: Labors is available in this area, enough unskilled and some skilled. If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the need of the project, they can serve the purpose of skill labor as conducting skill training by the contractor within the time frame. How will the workers be accommodated? Will they commute or reside on site or outside of the camp? If so, what size of camp will be required? **Answer:** LGED has assured to community that local and outside workers accommodation will manage smoothly. Because most of the workforce will be hired from local community, so they have not require for accommodation in the construction site because they will come from their own house, but the skilled laborers who will be hired from the outside, they need to accommodate in temporary shed nearby site. The size of the shed will depend on the number of outside laborers. Proper monitoring shall be carried out in this regards by the local LGED office and consultants. Is the project located in a rural What is the size of local population in the project area? or remote area? **Answer:** The size of local population in the project area are near about 5500. Male-2755 and Female-2745. Total Households are near about -1315.

What is the size of the community Rohingya community?

**Answer:** All the people in this proposed sub-project are local communities. So, no Rohingya people lives on the side of the proposed new school cum resilience shelter building.

✓ Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders?

**Answer:** Yes, local people are not allowed to visit school campus without the permission of School Authority.

Are there sensitive environmental conditions that need to be considered?

**Answer:** Dust and noise and heavy vehicle can be generated by the sub-project during construction phases. Therefore, the following precautionary measures need to be considered;

 Proper fencing needs to make surrounding the construction site which will protect from dust and noise, small accidental cases both teacher and students and surrounding peoples who are living in close proximate.

Based on the socioeconomic, cultural, religious and demographic qualities of the local community, Rohingya population and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence or interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?

✓ Is it likely that the incoming workers and the local community come from a shared socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background?

**Answer:** Except little percentage of skilled workforces, most of the workforces are expected to come from local community and they belong to same socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background.

✓ What is the level of existing resources, and will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources?

**Answer:** Incoming workers are very low in numbers, so there will be no competition in using of resources.

✓ What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community?

**Answer:** The expected duration of the incoming workers duration is about 540 working days but it may be extended.

✓ Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any specific adverse impacts that may be anticipated?

**Answer:** Yes, there are some adverse impacts may occur those are;

- Price hiking of all necessary things.
- Crisis of water and sanitation
- In some extent of religious barrier
- Crisis of vehicles and movement problem from one place to another.

Different Diseases may spread in the area for over population.

### Consultation with Community People

Has the project authority and contractors conducted any consultation meetings with the community people and Rohingya population?

**Answer:** The Project authority and contractors conducted consultation several times with local community where their opinions have received with great honor. The implementing contractor will conduct consultation meetings with the community people after finalization of contractor.

✓ Are local people aware about the labors?

**Answer:** Local people are very much aware of local labors but they do not have any idea about outside labor forces.

✓ Has the project authority involved the local community with the project?

**Answer:** Yes, local communities are closely involved with this project. Several consultation meeting and informal interaction with local community have been conducted effectively.

C.2. Land acquisition and stakeholder screening

C.2. Land acquisition and stakeholder screen Probable Involuntary Resettlement			Not	D				
Effects	Yes	No	Known	Remarks				
Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Donation/ Land Taking								
1. Will there be any land acquisition?		٧		No land will be required to new school cum				
				resilience shelter building construction.				
2. Is the site for land taking known?	٧			New school cum resilience shelter building				
_				will be constructed on respective				
				Government primary school owned land.				
				Meanwhile, SMC, Local Community & Local				
				government ie. Union parishad has given				
				their consent to intend the new school cum				
				resilience shelter building construction.				
3. Is the ownership status and current	٧			This is respective Government primary				
usage of land to be required temporary				school owned land.				
known?								
4. Will easement be utilized within an	٧			N/A.				
existing Right of Way (ROW)?								
5. Will there be loss of shelter and		٧		N/A, no additional land will be required.				
residential land due to land acquisition?								
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and		٧		No question of land acquisition. So,				
other productive assets due to land				agricultural and other productive assets				
acquisition?				will not be damaged or lost by the				
				construction of Service Center.				
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees,		٧		No standing crops, trees and fixed assets				
and fixed assets due to land acquisition?				will be lost due to avoiding and minimize				
				land acquisition.				
8. Will there be loss of businesses or		٧		Due to respective government primary				
enterprises due to land acquisition?				school owned land (existing alignment), So,				
				business entity, trade house or livelihood				
				option will not be affected or any business				
				infrastructure will be displaced by the sub-				
9. Will there be loss of income sources		1		project.  It is clearly revealed that income sources				
and means of livelihoods due to land		٧		and means of livelihoods will not be				
acquisition?				hampered or lost by the Sub projects.				
Involuntary restrictions on land use or o	2000	cc to	logally do					
10. Will people lose access to natural	acce	ss το ι √	legally de	People access to communal facilities and				
resources, communal facilities and		v		services will not be hampered by the				
services?				project intervention.				
11. If land use is changed, will it have an		٧		No scope to change site location.				
adverse impact on social and economic		٧		No scope to change site location.				
activities?								
12. Will access to land and resources		٧		No				
owned communally or by the state be		•						
restricted?								
Information on Displaced Persons:								
Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project? [v]No [] Yes								
If yes, approximately how many? N/A								
Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [v]No [] Yes								
Are any displaced persons from indigenous								
			-					
During Screening, project authority will conduct consultation with the primary and secondary								

#### stakeholders and provide their observations in the following sections (13 to 18)

13: Who are the stakeholders of the project?

**Answer:** Students, Guardians of the Schools, School management committee (SMC), Parent, teachers and local community, implementing agencies and their agencies, Labors, CBO, Local elected representative, Local Administration, LGED, DoE, DoF and local and international NGOs working with community.

14: What social and cultural factors affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project?

**Answer:** No social and cultural factors will affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project. Moreover, conducive environment in terms of social and cultural perspective are exist in the project area that is why stakeholder will get positive benefit from the project considering the scope of equal participation.

15: Are project objectives consistent with their needs, interests and capacity?

**Answer:** Yes, obviously the EMCRP project objectives is very much positive consistent with the respective stakeholders needs interests identified by the community consultation and FGD.

16: What will be the impact of the project or sub-project on the various stakeholders, especially women and vulnerable groups?

**Answer:** During natural disaster stakeholders especially women and vulnerable groups will get easy access to Communicate in constructed new school cum resilience shelter building; Moreover, their children will get access to education with improved facility.

17: What social risks might affect project or sub-project success?

Answer: There are some social risks might be affected sub-project success;

- Price may be hike of essential commodities in local hat Bazar.
- Incoming labors may engage with anti-social activities which can challenge the values system of the society.
- Noise and sound pollution may be generated in the locality. It also can hamper the study of the children as well as old ages during the construction period.
- Heavy loaded vehicle movement through the earthen road of the villages can damage the poor existing road which can hamper the mobility of the local people.
- During the construction work, any kind of accident may occur.

18: Has the project authority or any other organizations conducted any consultations with the affected community or people? If yes. Please provide a summary.

**Answer:** The project authority has been conducted several consultations with the potential affected community and people. During site selection LGED officials have been conducted several meetings with SMC and local community regarding the construction of new school cum resilience shelter building. During the screening, the consultant of D&SC also organized the consultation meetings and informed them about project objectives and other safeguard related issues. They also provided their feedback which are given below;

- The FGD results confirmed that decision of new school cum resilience shelter building construction will increase the sense of security of the communities.
- The schooling facilities will be increased after completion of new school cum resilience shelter building.
- Most of the participants are expressed that the number of schools cum resilience shelters is insufficient. The capacity of shelter is also inadequate.
- More than half of the total participants reported that they used to stay in their houses mostly during disaster because of onrush to the shelters, limited space for livestock and other social problems.
- The participants informed that provision of emergency water supply, toilet, hygienic facilities and access road is not available, even insufficient.
- There should be access facilities to the shelter such as connecting roads, which should be above flood level standard and good drainage system; and supply of pure drinking water and power supply facilities etc.
- People should be well informed the message of disaster (Cyclone) by the local administration, Red Cross, CPP, NGO and disaster forecast unit.

• Rainwater harvesting facility and filtering facility like Pond Sand Filters (PSF) may be adapted.

### Annex-13: Social Screening of Kamariar Bill Government Primary School (Package Number: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12)

## Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP) Additional Funding

Social Screening of Sub-Project (Filled Form)

#### Section A: Sub-Project Overview

#### **Description of sub-project/component interventions:**

The proposed sub-project is a new school cum resilience shelter building. . It will be constructed on school owned vacant government land under the MoPME. This land situated at Kamariar Bill village under Ratnapalong union of Ukhiya Upazila in Cox's Bazar district. The school was established in 1984. The school currently has 368 students out of which 195 are boys and 173 are girls. The school has two buildings out of which one building is completely abandoned. The abandoned building has 4 rooms. A new school cum resilience shelter building will be constructed on the vacant space including the space of the abandoned building. The school building in which the activities are conducted has six rooms, one of which is used as an office room and five as a classroom. GPS Coordinates: Latitude Value: 21.274444 N & Longitude Value: 92.133889 E. No tribal people found in the catchment area of the Sub-project. The site location is relatively a high plain land and accessible through vehicles as of 08 feet wide HBB road is present near the site which connects with 18 feet Yousuf Ali road. Based on field survey, the villages in the catchment area of the Kamariar Bill Government Primary School are Kamariar Bill, Jafor Fallan Para, Uttar Pukuria & Goalmara. At North side Haru Fokir Para Jame Mosque/Graveyard (1 Km.) & Kamariar Bill Natun Mosque (North-West). At south side Kamariar Bill Central Jame Mosque/Graveyard (300m), Uttar Pukuria Soto Khal (1Km.) and Pond adjacent to Kamaria Beel (300m). At east side Household (10m). At west side Pacchim Kamariar Bill Natun Mosque/Graveyard (700m). A large number of Community people are expected to be benefitted by implementation of the sub-project directly.

#### **Sub-project Location:**

Mohammed Shafir Bill GovernmentPrimarySchool issituated under Village: Kamariar Bill, ward: 06, Mouza: Ratnapalong, Union: Ratnapalong of Ukhiya Upazila in Cox's Bazar district.

Important Features of Sub-project Location						
Name of new school cum resilience shelter	Kamariar Bill Government Primary School					
Package No:	LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12					
GPS ID	99412010205					
District	Cox's Bazar					
Upazila	Ukhiya					
Union	Ratnapalong					
Ward No.	06					
Dag No.	BS-7319, 7316, 7317 & 1318					
Khatian No.	BS-2682					
Mouza	Ratnapalong					
Catchment Area House Hold	3615					
Catchment Area Population	18440 (Male-9410 & Female-9030)					
Total Land space	1600.86 square meter.					
Proposed structural land space (Average)	537.59 square meter.					

Distance from Upazila Head quarter	05 Km	
Distance from Marine Drive	10 Km	
Proposed Sub-project Interventions	Reinforced Cement Concrete (RCC) Three-	
	storied building.	
Status of Land Acquisition	No	
Status of Resettlement	No	
GPS Coordinates	Latitude Value: 21.274444 N & Longitude	
	Value: 92.133889 E	
Ownership of proposed Land owner	Respected Government Primary School	

Expected construction period: 540 working days.

Description of project intervention area and project influence area with schematic diagram (where relevant, indicate distance to sensitive environmental areas such as elephant corridors, water bodies, etc. and historical or cultural assets): Please also explain any analysis on alternative location was conducted:

**Answer:** The proposed new school cum resilience shelter building within the range of school premises have not found any Historical and Archeological structure, so no question to generate any adverse impact in this regard. In consultation meeting it has revealed that no elephants' corridors are exist in the proposed subproject Location. The school authority, Local community, D&SC and LGED jointly finalized the construction site after necessary survey.

#### **Section C: Social Screening**

Key Screening questions	Aspects to Consider							
Will the project potentially	✓ How many foreign and local workers will be needed for the remaining.							
involve an influx of workers to	period of the project, with what skill set?							
the project location, and will	<b>Answer</b> : Foreign worker will not be needed for the construction work. Based							
the influx be considered	on consultation with Local authority, most of the workforces are available in							
significant for the local	the Community.							
community?	✓ Can the project hire workers from the local workforce?							
	<b>Answer:</b> Definitely, the project will hire workers from the local workforce as							
	required by the project, because in sub project areas have an enough worker, both skilled and unskilled.							
	✓ If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet project requirements?							
	<b>Answer:</b> Labour is available in this area both of semi-skilled and unskilled. If the skill level of the local workforce does not fulfill the project requirement, then contractors will arrange skill conducting training within the time frame in assistance by LGED.							
	✓ How will the workers be accommodated? Will they stay reside on site? If so, what size of site office will be required?							
	<b>Answer:</b> LGED has assured to community that local and outside workers accommodation will manage smoothly. Because most of the workforce will be hired from local community, so they have not require for accommodation in the construction site because they will come from their own house, but the skilled laborers who will be hired from the outside, they need to							
	accommodate in temporary shed nearby site. The size of the shed will depend on the number of outside laborers. Proper monitoring shall be							
	carried out in this regards by the local LGED office and consultants.							
Is the project located in a rural	✓ What is the size of local population in the project area?							
or remote area?	<b>Answer:</b> The size of local population in the project area are near about							
	18440. Male-9410 and Female-9030. Total Households are near about -							
	3615.							

✓ Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders?

**Answer:** Yes, local people are not allowed to visit school campus without the permission of School Authority.

Are there sensitive environmental conditions that need to be considered?

**Answer:** Dust and noise and heavy vehicle can be generated by the sub-project during construction phases. Therefore, the following precautionary measures need to be considered;

• Properfencing needs to make surrounding the construction site which will protect from dust and noise in close proximate.

Based on the socioeconomic, cultural, religious and demographic qualities of the local community, Rohingya population and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence or interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?

✓ Is it likely that the incoming workers and the local community come from a shared socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background?

**Answer:** Except little percentage of skilled workforces, most of the workforces are expected to come from local community and they belong to same socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background.

✓ What is the level of existing resources, and will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources?

**Answer:** Incoming workers are very low in numbers, so there will be no competition in using of resources.

✓ What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community?

**Answer:** The expected duration of the incoming workers duration is about 540 working days but it may be extended.

✓ Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any specific adverse impacts that may be anticipated?

**Answer:** Yes, there are some adverse impacts may occur those are;

- Price hiking of all necessary things.
- Crisis of water and sanitation
- In some extent of religious barrier
- Crisis of vehicles and movement problem from one place to another. Different Diseases may spread in the area for over population.

## Consultation with Community People

Has the project authority and contractors conducted any consultation meetings with the community people and Rohingya population?

**Answer:** The Project authority and contractors conducted consultation several times with local community where their opinions have received with great honor. The implementing contractor will conduct consultation meetings with the community people after finalization of contractor.

✓ Are local people aware about the labors?

**Answer:** Local people are very much aware of local labors but they do not have any idea about outside labor forces.

✓ Has the project authority involved the local community with the project? **Answer:** Yes, local communities are closely involved with this project. Several consultation meeting and informal interaction with local community have been conducted effectively.

#### C.2. Land Acquisition and Stakeholder Screening

Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Ye s		Not Known	Remarks			
Involuntary Acquisition of Land/ Land Donation/ Land Taking							
1. Will there be any land acquisition?		٧	No land will be required for the constructi				
				of shelter.			

2. Is the site for land taking known?	٧		New school cum resilience shelter building will be constructed on respective school owned government land. If land is not available it will be omitted as negative list.
3. Is the ownership status and current	٧		This is respective Government primary school
usage of land to be required temporary			owned land under Ministry of Primary and
known?			Mass education (MoPME).
4. Will be utilized existing Right of Way	٧		If the shelter connecting road is needed it will
(RoW) for shelter connecting road?			be improved on existing RoW without
- 1000			acquisition.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and		٧	No additional land will be required to intend
residential land due to land acquisition?		,	the subprojects.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and		٧	No question of land acquisition. So, agricultural
other productive assets due to land			and other productive assets will not be
acquisition?		,	damaged or lost by the sub projects.
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and		٧	No standing crops, trees and fixed assets will
fixed assets due to land acquisition?			be lost due to avoiding and minimize land
8. Will there be loss of businesses or		-1	acquisition.
		٧	Business entity, trade house will not be
enterprises due to land acquisition?		-1	affected due to non-acquisition of land.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and		٧	It is confirmed that, income sources and means
means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?			of livelihoods will not be hampered due to avoided land acquisition.
·			•
-	acces		legally designated parks and protected areas
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and		٧	People access to communal facilities and
resources, communal facilities and services?			services will not be hampered by the project intervention.
	-	٧	
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic		V	No scope to change site location.
activities?			
12. Will access to land and resources		٧	No
owned communally or by the state be		, v	
restricted?			
restricted:	1	<u> </u>	

#### **Information on Displaced Persons:**

Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Project? [v]No [] Yes If yes, approximately how many? N/A

Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [V]No [] Yes

Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority groups? [v] No [] Yes

During Screening, Project Authority Will Conduct Consultation With the Primary and Secondary Stakeholders and Provide their Observations in the Following Sections (13 to 18)

13: Who are the stakeholders of the project?

**Answer:** Students, Guardians of the Schools, School Management Committee (SMC), Parent, teachers and local community, implementing agencies and their agencies, Labors, CBO, Local elected representative, Local Administration, LGED, DoE, DoF, local and international NGOs working with communities are stakeholder.

14: What social and cultural factors affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy or project?

**Answer:** No social and cultural factors will affect the ability of stakeholders to participate or benefit from the proposed policy and then project. Moreover, conducive environment in terms of social and cultural perspective are exist in the project area that is why stakeholder will get positive benefit from the project considering the scope of equal participation.

15: Are project objectives consistent with their needs, interests and capacity?

Answer: Yes, obviously the EMCRP project objectives is very much positive consistent with the respective

stakeholders needs interests identified by the community consultation and FGD.

16: What will be the impact of the project or sub-project on the various stakeholders, especially women and vulnerable groups?

**Answer:** During natural disaster stakeholders especially women and vulnerable groups will get easy access to Communicate in constructed new school cum resilience shelter building; Moreover, their children will get access to education with improved facility.

17: What social risks might affect project or sub-project success?

Answer: There are some social risks might be affected sub-project success;

- Price may be hike of essential commodities in local hat Bazar.
- Incoming labors may engage with anti-social activities which can challenge the values system of the society.
- Noise and sound pollution may be generated in the locality. It also can hamper the study of the children as well as old ages during the construction period.
- Heavy loaded vehicle movement for construction through the earthen road of the villages can damage the poor existing road which can hamper the mobility of the local people.
- During the construction work, any kind of accident may occur.

18: Has the project authority or any other organizations conducted any consultations with the affected community or people? If yes. Please provide a summary.

**Answer:** The project authority has been conducted several consultations with the potential affected community and people. During site selection LGED officials have been conducted several meetings with SMC and local community regarding the construction of new school cum resilience shelter building. During the screening, the consultant of D&SC also organized the consultation meetings and informed them about project objectives and other safeguard related issues. They also provided their feedback which are given below;

- The FGD results confirmed that decision of new school cum resilience shelter building construction will increase the sense of security of the communities.
- The schooling facilities will be increased after completion of new school cum resilience shelter building.
- Most of the participants are expressed that the number of schools cum resilience shelters is insufficient. The capacity of shelter is also inadequate.
- More than half of the total participants reported that they used to stay in their houses mostly during disaster because of on rush to the shelters, limited space for livestock and other social problems.
- There should be access facilities to the shelter such as connecting roads, which should be above flood level standard and good drainage system; and supply of pure drinking water and power supply facilities etc. should be included.
- People should be well informed the message of disaster (Cyclone) by the local administration, Red Cross, CPP, NGO and disaster forecast unit.
- Rainwater harvesting facility and filtering facility like Pond Sand Filters (PSF) may be adapted.

#### **Annex-14: Summary of Screening Findings**

Mitigation measures need to be proposed in referenced to ESMP Guidelines relevant to the type of the sub-project, proposed in Section 8.2 of ESMF. Accordingly, we have completed the task followed by FGD and public consultation for the sub projects. Those are given below;

\*Overall Impact Score: **High** = Likely to cause long-term E&S impacts; **Medium** = Likely to cause temporary impacts; **Low** = Likely to cause little, short-term impacts

Section	Main	Impact		Suggested Mitigation	Person/	Monitoring Suggestions	
	Environmental Impacts	Significance*		Measures	Institution Responsible	Indicators	Frequency
1. Sub-project	<b>Construction</b> of a	Under the	•	Limiting earthworks.	Contractor,	Visual	Throughou
Interventions	climate resilient	sub-project	•	Watering of dry exposed surfaces and	Environmental	monitoring	t the time
	multi-purpose	intervention		stockpiles of aggregates at least twice daily,	Specialists of	result of air	during the
	disaster shelter cum	the overall		as necessary.	PIU and D&SC	quality	constructio
	primary school	score is low	•	Precautions might be taken when rainstorms		condition,	n period.
	(degradation of air,			are likely, when a rainstorm is imminent or		Results of	
	water and soil			forecast, and actions to be taken during or		water test	
	quality, and local			after rainstorms.		parameters,	
	hydrology)		•	The earthwork sites where exposed land		blockage of	
				surface is vulnerable to runoff shall be		water flow with	
				consolidated and/or covered.		soil, debris or	
			•	The material stockpile sites shall be far away		stack materials	
				from surface water bodies and areas prone to		at site.	
				surface run-off. Loose materials shall be			
				bagged and covered.			
			•	Channels, earth bunds, netting, tarpaulin and			
				or sand bag barriers shall be used on site to			
				manage surface water runoff and minimize			
				erosion.			

Section	Main	Impact	Suggested Mitigation	Person/	Monitoring Suggestions		
	Environmental Impacts	Significance*	Measures	Institution Responsible	Indicators	Frequency	
2.Pre- construction Phase	Loss of land/and other physical assets impact will be generated		<ul> <li>The overall slope of the work areas and stack yards shall be kept to a minimum to reduce the erosive potential of surface water flows elsewhere.</li> <li>All precautions to store chemicals/oil/fuel properly so that no chance of spill.</li> <li>Workers must specify waste dump locations to avoid littering which in turn might negatively affect surface and ground water.</li> <li>Monitor water quality according to the environmental management plan.</li> <li>No Land, other physical assets &amp; Households will be affected by this sub-project. If found any grievance from the neighboring household need to consult on emergency basis in order to solve the problem by project GRC.</li> </ul>	PIU consultant, PSC and D&SC	<ul> <li>Number of Complaints</li> <li>Check Grievance register</li> <li>Resolutions</li> </ul>	Ensure regular supervision and Monitoring based on	
	Loss of livelihood	No adverse impact will be generated	<ul> <li>No significant impact will be generated by the sub-project but due to Rohingya influx, job opportunities may be reduced. Local people particularly women laborers shall get priority with equal payment at the time of labor recruitment.</li> <li>Code of conduct required for the local labours and outside labours.</li> <li>During construction work, social safeguard</li> </ul>	PIU consultant, PSC and D&SC	against the grievances	compliance Weekly basis	

Section	Main Environmental	Impact		Suggested Mitigation	Person/ Institution	Monitoring Su	iggestions
	Impacts	Significance*		Measures	Responsible	Indicators	Frequency
	Site planning (i.e. Labor camp, construction of material storage area etc.)	Under the sub-project intervention the overall score is low.	•	compliance will be maintained properly by the contractor.  The construction area is on a plain land. The entire construction area within the school boundary needs to be well fenced so that school children, teachers and others could be protected from any accidental events/injuries.  Construction camp and material storage area should be located at the site & approved by	Contractor, Environmental Specialists of PIU and D&SC	Copy of code of conduct     Location of stockpiles and labor shed	Prior to the start of Constructio n works.
	Conflicts with existing users due to the scarcity of resources	Under the sub-project intervention the overall score is low.	•	the Environmental Specialist of D&SC.  A detailed assessment of the available resources and consent of the local representative for withdrawal of water from existing surface water sources (outside of school area) shall be taken.  Local community must be consulted before start of any construction works.	Contractor and Consultant of PIU and D&SC	1-1	Before any interventio ns are started
	Material storage area for construction  (Creating dust/ air	Under the sub-project intervention	•	The contractor shall submit a method statement and plans for the storage of hazardous materials (fuels, oils, and chemicals) and emergency procedures.	Contractor, Environmental Specialists of PIU and D&SC	List of selected sites; Identified sources and storage place	During Design Stage

Section	Main	Impact		Suggested Mitigation	Person/	Monitoring Su	uggestions
	Environmental Impacts	Significance*		Measures	Institution Responsible	Indicators	Frequency
	pollution, Spillage of liquid/ hazardous substances i.e. oil, paint, chemicals, bitumen etc., Risk of crime, Access of students, children, animals, etc.)	the overall score is low.	•	Proper procedure for stockpiling/ storage of construction materials at the site will be proposed by the contractor & approved by the Environmental Specialist of D&SC.  Proper covering of dust producing materials with polythene sheet,  Proper fencing around the storage area in order to be secure, to minimize the risk of crime and to be safe from access by students, children, animals, etc.  Spills/ hazardous substances should be disposed off at the site proposed by the contractor & approved by the Environmental Specialist of D&SC to avoid soil/ water contamination.		of materials.	
	Setting up of labor camp(Generation of sewage waste; solid Waste; Water, soil, air & dust pollution/environmental pollution; health hazard of workers due to poor quality drinking water)	Under the sub-project intervention the overall score is low.	•	Construction camp should be located at a site favorable for the workers (in terms of access and distance from their living place) and proposed by the contractor & approved by the Environmental Specialist of D&SC.  No trees, shrubs will be removed or vegetation stripped without the prior permission of the Environmental Specialist.  Under no circumstances may open areas or the surrounding bushes be used as a toilet facility.	Contractor, Environmental Specialists of PIU and D&SC	Complaints from community; Regular inspection of waste management activity; Waste disposal record.	Prior to the start of Constructio n works

Section	Main	Impact	Suggested Mitigation	Person/	Monitoring Su	uggestions		
	Environmental Impacts	Significance*	Significance*	Significance*	Measures	Institution Responsible	Indicators	Frequency
			<ul> <li>Construction of sanitary latrine with septic tank for both male and female workers and staffs.</li> <li>Construction of the first tube well for drinking water and providing water filters for further ensuring access to the safe drinking water.</li> <li>Provision of waste bins/ cans, where appropriate,</li> <li>Litter is to be collected daily.</li> <li>Bins and/ or skips should be emptied regularly and waste/ debris should be disposed off at waste disposal areas and/ or at the site pre-approved by Environmental Specialist of D&amp;SC.</li> <li>Camp and working areas are to be kept clean and tidy at all times.</li> </ul>					
	Accidents	Under the sub-project intervention the overall score is low.	<ul> <li>Provision of standard safety protocol.</li> <li>Providing training on Environmental health and safety to the labors and associated field staffs is the responsibility of Upazila Engineer &amp; Contractors.</li> <li>Training should be scheduled twice, once before starting the construction &amp; another in the middle of construction period.</li> </ul>	Contractor, Environmental Specialists of PIU and D&SC	Complaints from community; Regular inspection of materials transport vehicles.	Before and during constructio n phase		

Section	Main	Impact		Suggested Mitigation	Person/	Monitoring Su	uggestions
550	Environmental Impacts	Significance*		Measures	Institution Responsible	Indicators	Frequency
3.	Noise Impacts	Under the	•	Safety & protection gears, first aid box etc. should be available in the site during construction period.  Avoid high noise making activities during	Contractor,	Number of	Weekly
Construction Phase	Noise impacts	sub-project intervention the overall score is low.	•	active school hours. One very effective method is to discuss with the school authority and settle for a time for heavy machinery usage.  Involve the community in planning the work program so that any particularly noisy or otherwise invasive activities can be scheduled to avoid sensitive times.  Avoid using of construction equipment producing excessive noise at school time & at night.  Ear protection devices for the workers & site staffs should be available in site during	Environmental Specialists of PIU and D&SC	complaints from stakeholders, Use of silencers in noise producing equipment and sound barriers, Noise Level following decibel meter (dB)	Weekiy
	Air Quality  Conducting works at dry season and moving large quantity of materials may create dusts and increase in	Under the sub-project intervention the overall score is low.	•	construction period.  Damp down exposed soil and any sand stockpiled on site by spraying with water during dry weather.  Use tarpaulins to cover soils, sand and other loose material when transported by trucks.  Unpaved surfaces used for haulage of materials within settlements shall be maintained dust-free.	Contractor, Environmental Specialists of PIU and D&SC	Location of stockpiles, Covering of trucks, Records of air quality inspection, Numbers of complaints	Monthly

Section	Main	Impact		Suggested Mitigation	Person/	Monitoring Su	uggestions
	Environmental Significance*	Measures	Institution Responsible	Indicators	Frequency		
	concentration of vehicle related pollutants which will affect people who live and work near the sites. The impacts are negative but short-term, site-specific within a relatively small area and reversible by mitigation measures.		•	Arrangements to control dust through provision of water sprinklers and dust extraction systems shall be provided at all stone crushers (if these establishments are being setup exclusively for the subproject). Limiting speed of construction vehicles in work sites to maximum of 20 km/h. Regular monitoring of air quality.		from sensitive receptors, Heavy equipment and pollution control devices, Maintain records	
	Biodiversity  (There are no protected areas in or around subproject sites, and no known areas of ecological interest.)	Under the sub-project intervention the overall score is low.	•	Prohibit employees from cutting of trees for firewood.  If during detailed design cutting of trees is required, compensatory plantation for trees lost at a rate of 5 trees for every tree cut.  Prevent workers or any other person from removing and damaging any flora (plant/vegetation) and fauna.	Contractor, Environmental Specialists of PIU and D&SC	If tree cutting required, to be determined during Design stage, Numbers of complaints from sensitive receptors	Monthly
	Worker's health and safety	Under the sub-project intervention	•	Prevent excessive noise.  Construction staff are to make use of the facilities provided for them (e.g. fires for cooking).	Contractor, Environmental Specialists of	Numbers of complaints from sensitive receptors;	Monthly

Section	Main	Impact		Suggested Mitigation	Person/	Monitoring Su	uggestions	
	Environmental Impacts	Significance*			Measures	Institution Responsible	Indicators	Frequency
4. Post- Construc tion Phase	Construction clean- up (Damage due to debris, spoils, excess construction materials)	Under the sub-project intervention the overall score is low.	•	No fires permitted on site except if needed for the construction works.  Staff must be trained up for operating equipment.  Availability and access to first-aid equipment and medical supplies.  Ensure the presence and use of safety gear at site: Ear protection devices, Goggles, Illuminating jackets, Masks, Gloves, Helmets, Uniforms etc.,  Ensure adequate supply of drinking water.  Sanitation facilities for male & female workers separately.  Remove all spoils wreckage, rubbish, or temporary structures (such as buildings, shelters, and latrines) which are no longer required.  All affected structures rehabilitated/compensated.  The area that previously housed the construction camp is to be checked for spills of substances such as oil, paint, etc. and these shall be cleaned up. Disposal of faecal sludge from latrines is to be undertaken properly, if management on site becomes problematic.	Contractor	Number of walkways signage, and metal sheets placed at project location;  Worksite is restored to original conditions; worksite cleanup is satisfactory; camp has been restored to pre project conditions.	After the completion of Works	

Section	Main	Impact		Suggested Mitigation	Person/	Monitoring Su	uggestions
	Environmental Impacts	Significance*	nificance* Measures	Measures	Institution Responsible	Indicators	Frequency
			•	All imported materials are to be removed and the area shall be re-vegetated as per specification that forms part of this document.  The contractor must arrange the cancellation of all temporary services.			
	Odor & waste disposal	Under the issue the overall score is low.	•	Use bin covers and/or tarpaulins during transport of wastes.	Contractor; and monitored by Consultant of D&SC and PIU	Complaints from communities	Site inspection daily / weekly basis.
	Vegetation	Under the issue the overall score is low.	•	After construction work, all structures need to be removed and the area shall be top soiled and re-grassed using the guidelines set out in the re-vegetation specification that forms part of the bidding document.	Contractor; monitored by Consultant of D&SC and PIU	Worksite is restored to original conditions.	Over the completion of Works

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Institutional Responsibilities	Supervision Responsibility
Pre-Construction	Loss of land / and other	• Subproject activities will be confined within the school-	PIU	Social
Stage	physical assets	cum-shelter premises, therefore any instances of losing		Development
		land or any physical assets by the neighboring households		Specialist and
		are not anticipated.		Gender Specialist
		• No land acquisition is allowed in or nearby areas of the sub-		of PIU, PSC
		project, or for any sub-project related activities. Therefore,		
		no mitigation measures are suggested in this respect.		
		• If and whenever any land/physical assets related grievances		
		are arised at any point of the subproject implementation,		
		project GRCs will take due course of actions to resolve the		
		issues or grievances.		
Pre-Construction	Loss of livelihood	• Under this subproject, there is no scope of negative impact	PIU & Contractor	Social
Stage		on livelihoods of the people of catchment area.		Development
		• As the Rohingya Influx has affected the local communities'		Specialist and
		income base drastically, Contractors are encouraged to		Gender Specialist
		engage local labors (both skilled and unskilled) as priority at		of PIU, PSC
		their construction works, and women labor would get		
		higher priority in recruitment.		
Pre-Construction	Stakeholders Engagement	All the project stakeholders will be consulted	PIU & Contractor	Social
Stage		• Separate community level consultation meeting with the		Development
		potentially affected HHs		Specialist and
		• Consultation meeting with nearby residents and other		Gender Specialist
		stakeholders about the project objectives, scope of works,		of PIU, PSC
		potential impacts, and provision of project GRM, etc.		

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Institutional Responsibilities	Supervision Responsibility
		<ul> <li>People living in nearby communities and SMC will be involved with the GRM system and representatively included in the project GRCs.</li> </ul>		
Pre-Construction Stage	Loss of right to access	<ul> <li>In case of unavoidable circumstances, alternative access will be provided.</li> <li>Access road shall be well demarcated and accessibly paved.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Social Development Specialist and Gender Specialist of PIU, PSC
Pre-Construction Stage	Site Selection & implementing interventions: Human-elephant conflict	<ul> <li>Selection of sub-project sites and all implementing interventions must take place outside of the elephant corridor/influence area.</li> </ul>	PIU	Environmental Consultant of PIU, PSC
Pre-Construction Stage	Site Preparation: Soil Erosion; Alteration of natural drainage	<ul> <li>Selected site will be sufficiently away from any water bodies or natural flow path to avoid the flash flood or any kind or surface runoff.</li> <li>Minimize cut &amp; fill operations, the site clearing and grubbing operations should be limited to specific locations only.</li> <li>The existing slope and natural drainage pattern on the site should not be significantly altered.</li> <li>The contractor shall ensure that site preparation activities do not lead to disruption of activities of the local residents.</li> </ul>	PIU & Contractor	Environmental Consultant of PIU, PSC
Pre-Construction and Construction Stage	COVID-19 effects (fatal events as well economic loss for the involved parties	<ul> <li>Contractor will set a comprehensive plan incorporating labor access and management issues, daily protocol for all involved parties, and employ H&amp;S Supervisor, necessary checking, etc. for containing the spread of disease.</li> </ul>	Contractor, Consultants from PIU and	Social and Environmental Consultants of

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Institutional Responsibilities	Supervision Responsibility
	as well as for the project).	<ul> <li>Other necessary measures and actions will be undertaken following the 'Guideline on Covid-19 related response and preparedness (SOP)'.</li> <li>Ensure training and dissemination of information related to Covid infections, personal cleanliness and hygiene, using PPEs, safe working protocol, and so on.</li> </ul>	D&S.	PIU, PSC
Construction Activity	Noise from construction works	<ul> <li>Construction activities will be finished at day time within 05:00 PM. Proper measures will be taken to avoid any disturbances.</li> <li>All Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) will be available in site before starting any kind of construction works.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Environmental Consultant of PIU, PSC
Construction Activity	Dust	<ul> <li>Construction machinery shall be properly maintained to minimize exhaust emissions of CO, particulate matter (SPM, PM2.5, PM 10) and Hydrocarbons.</li> <li>Provision of using water sprinklers to dust control.</li> <li>Construction materials should be covered properly while carrying in vehicles to the site.</li> <li>Vehicle movement will be controlled on haul roads/access roads for limiting dust generation.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Environmental Consultant of PIU, PSC
Construction Activity	Safety Issues	<ul> <li>Unauthorized entry to the site area is completely prohibited and the construction site including material storage area will be properly fenced with a single entry, for this purpose.</li> <li>It will be ensured that proper training and guidance are provided on general and occupational health and safety to Contractors' personnel and labors forces, and records of training sessions are to be kept on site.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Environmental Consultant of PIU, PSC

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Institutional Responsibilities	Supervision Responsibility
		All kinds of Child labor will be completely prohibited.		
Construction Activity	Traffic Management	<ul> <li>Contractors will discuss with traffic management authorities and take site specific traffic management measures to avoid traffic jam and any unwanted incidents or accidents.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Environmental Consultant of PIU, PSC
Construction		A detailed assessment of the available resources shall be	PIU & Contractor	Social
Activity	due to the scarcity of	undertaken, and water from any installed tubewell or an		Development
	resource base.	existing surface water bodies within the school boundary		Specialist and
		should be used for construction, if the available water		Gender Specialist
		quality satisfies the required standards for construction works.		of PIU, PSC
		<ul> <li>If ground or surface water is withdrawn for the use of construction works from outside of the school boundary, adequate approvals from the appropriate authority need to be taken before extraction or setting up bore wells.</li> <li>Any type of consent letter or agreement for withdrawing water from either surface or underground sources will be kept on site.</li> <li>Local community must be consulted before any construction work starts.</li> </ul>		
Construction	Increase in road accidents	Maintain safety measures during the movement and	Contractor	Environmental
Activity	mercase in road accidents	operation of heavy machineries and equipment.	Contractor	Consultant of PIU,
		<ul> <li>Local community will be trained up about traffic management and awareness.</li> </ul>		PSC
Construction	Labour Base Camp:	Awareness building session will be undertaken about	Contractor	Social
	Conflicts with the local	prevention of child abuse, child marriage, GBV, sexual		Development

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Institutional Responsibilities	Supervision Responsibility
Activity	residents	<ul> <li>harassment, trafficking of women and children as well as illegal drug trade. Written records of this awareness building session shall be kept on site.</li> <li>Work force should be prohibited from disturbing the flora, fauna including hunting of animals, wildlife hunting, poaching and tree felling.</li> <li>An alternate arrangement for fuel wood, heating and cooking should be arranged for the labors at labor camp.</li> <li>Adequate facilities ensuring sanitation for labor camps will be put in place.</li> <li>Treated water will be made available at site for drinking purpose.</li> <li>Adequate accommodation arrangements for labour forces.</li> <li>Labor code of conduct is to be disclosed through consultation.</li> </ul>		Specialist and Gender Specialist of PIU, PSC
Construction Activity	Waste Management: Improper management and handling of hazardous and non-hazardous waste during construction.	<ul> <li>Preparation of a waste management plan covering the following aspects:</li> <li>Ring slab septic tank will be installed before starting construction works in order to provide a better sanitation facility to the workers and staffs.</li> <li>Working areas are kept clean and tidy at all times.</li> <li>Construction site is to be checked for spills of substances i.e. chemical, oil, paint, etc.</li> <li>Bins and/ or skips should be emptied regularly and waste/ debris should be disposed off at waste disposal areas and/ or at the site.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Environmental Consultant of PIU, PSC

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Institutional Responsibilities	Supervision Responsibility
Construction Activity	Health & Safety Risks:  The potential for exposure to safety events such as tripping,	<ul> <li>Hazardous waste viz. waste oil etc. will be collected and stored in the paved and bounded area and subsequently sold to authorized recyclers.</li> <li>All construction equipment will be properly inspected timely.</li> <li>The risk assessment will be prepared time to time for all types of work activities on site.</li> </ul>	PIU & Contractor	Environmental Consultant as well as Social Development and
	working at height activities, fire from hot works, smoking, failure in electrical installation, mobile plant and vehicles, and electrical shocks.  • Exposure to health events during construction activities such as manual handling and musculoskeletal disorders, hand-arm vibration, temporary or permanent hearing loss, heat stress, and dermatitis.			Gender Specialists of PIU, PSC

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Institutional Responsibilities	Supervision Responsibility
		<ul> <li>Provision to first aid box containing adhesive bandages, antibiotic ointment, antiseptic wipes, aspirin, non-latex gloves, scissors, thermometer, etc. in sub-project sites will be ensured.</li> <li>Emergency evacuation response plan shall be prepared by the contractor and relevant staff shall be trained through mock-up drills.</li> <li>All safety equipment will be available in sub-project site (safety, size, power, efficiency, ergonomics, cost, user acceptability etc.), the lowest vibration tools will be provided that are suitable and can do the works.</li> <li>Awareness training will be given to all personnel involved during the construction phase in order to highlight/make aware of the heat related illnesses of working in hot conditions such as heat cramps, heat exhaustion, heat stroke, and dehydration.</li> <li>Adequate quantities of drinking water will be available at all Sites, on different locations within the site.</li> <li>Provision to maintain proper PPE wherever necessary and to ensure that there are satisfactory washing and changing facilities.</li> <li>Provision to ensure all workers exposed to a risk are aware of the possible dangers and also given thorough training on how to protect themselves and there should be effective supervision to ensure that the correct methods are being used.</li> </ul>		

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Institutional Responsibilities	Supervision Responsibility
Construction Activity	Pollution of water bodies	<ul> <li>Contractor will ensure monitoring of nearby surface and underground water bodies for signs of contamination.</li> <li>Parameter include: pH, TDS, TSS, Coliforms, Pb, Cd and Hg.</li> <li>Test results are to be compared with Bangladesh Environmental Quality Standards of DoE.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Environmental Consultant of PIU/D&SC, PSC
Construction Activity	Demobilization of structures, facilities and equipment used during the project implementation period (including site clearance after the construction). The impacts are similar to those listed in construction stage:  • Pollution from waste materials.  • Health & Safety risks to workers and local community	<ul> <li>Provision to proper measures of mitigation and monitoring to minimize or reduce the environmental and social impacts during demobilization, which are anticipated to be similar to those identified for the construction phase.</li> <li>Contractor must prepare a Waste management Plan considering relevant directives from "Waste management Plan Principles" given hereunder and follow the plan strictly.</li> </ul>	Contractor	Environmental Consultant of PIU/D&SC, XEN, Cox's Bazar, PSC.
Operation & Maintenance	Noise disturbances to fauna	<ul> <li>Provision to maintain noise from the operation and maintenance of machinery and equipment by proper monitoring and measures.</li> <li>Provision to take necessary lighting, caution for the works and necessary maintenance should be done in day light.</li> </ul>	UE, LGED	UNO, Upazila Chairman of Upazila Parishad
Operation & Maintenance	Odours and pollution caused by leaking latrines and faecal sludge impacting	Preventative maintenance schedule should be followed.	UE, LGED	UNO, Upazila Chairman of

Project Stage	Potential Environmental & Social Impacts/Issues	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Institutional Responsibilities	Supervision Responsibility
	surrounding water bodies,			Upazila Parishad
	flora and fauna			
Operation &	Maintenance of assets,	Periodic maintenance of building structures, plumbing,	UE, LGED	UNO, Upazila
Maintenance	properties and equipment	water filtering and electric equipment has to be carried out.		Chairman of
		Periodic cleaning and maintenance of solar panel, watering		Upazila Parishad
		to the storage batteries and maintenance/replacing of		
		associated equipment is to be ensured.		
		Water tanks should be cleaned properly at least once in a		
		quarter.		

#### **Demolition and Waste Management Plan:**

The Contractor shall develop a demolition plan and a waste management plan for various specific waste streams (e.g., reusable waste, flammable waste, construction debris, food and organic waste etc.) prior to commencing of construction and submit to LGED for approval. The plans must include following principles or series of actions, which will be carried out/followed by the contractor and supervised by the Field level Environmental Specialist and Social Development Specialist.

#### For demolition works:

- All electric, gas, water, sewer, and other energy services or power lines shall be capped/blinded and/or otherwise cut before the commencement of demolition work.
- All insulation materials, glass and other hazardous materials and substances shall be removed. Such materials shall not be stored within the structure to be demolished.
- Openings and weak flooring shall be prominently marked or barricaded before the commencement of demolition. Operators of machinery and equipment and workers involved in demolition work shall be informed of such hazardous location.
- Demolition work shall commence from the top of a structure and progress downward.
- Proper entrances of adequate strength to protect workers from falling materials shall be erected for access into the structure.
- The entire demolition site shall be effectively barricaded with appropriate safety signs displayed.
- The lower floor where demolition wastes are collected shall be properly barricaded and guarded to prevent materials from ricocheting and injuring workers or passer-by.

- Excessive debris shall not be allowed to accumulate inside a demolished structure. All demolition waste and debris shall be cleared from the work site on a daily basis.
- Refuse containers shall be provided at worksite for the storage of demolition wastes and debris.

#### For wastes and demolition debris:

- Preventing waste from throwing, leaching, or getting access to water bodies has to be maintained strictly by the contractor. Material storage site or the primary storage of waste materials shall not be closer to any water body (running or stagnant); the distance of the water body should be at least 10m from the edging part of storage.
- The quantity of waste materials shall be minimized by 3R (Reduce, Recycle and Reuse) approach, and wastes shall be segregated accordingly, wherever practical; and stored in designated places/facilities in the site.
- Construction site shall be maintained in a cleaner, tidy and safe condition and appropriate facilities shall be provided and maintained as temporary storage of all wastes before transportation and final disposal.
- Hazardous waste viz. waste oil etc. will be collected and stored in a paved and bounded area and subsequently sold to authorized recyclers.
- The scrap material generated from the erection of structures and related construction activities will be collected and stored separately in the stack yard and sold to local recyclers. Parts of construction debris (Brick, concrete and masonry) can be recycled as filling materials on the ground or be sold for using as sub-base material or driveway bedding.
- All wastes generated during construction shall be disposed off in an environmentally acceptable manner. This will include consideration of the nature and location of disposal site, so as to cause less environmental impact.
- Other leftover non-hazardous wastes, including construction debris shall be transported to an approved disposal site by pick up tracks or back loaded vehicles with proper care.
- Organic wastes produced in the camp site during the construction period shall be collected and transported in vehicles covered with tarps or nets to prevent spilling waste along the route to the designated disposal site;
- Burning of any type of wastes in the construction site shall be prohibited completely.

# Annex-16: At a Glance Public Consultation of 10 nos. new school cum resilience shelter buildings under package number LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12, LGED.

#### 1. Project Stakeholders:

The project Stakeholders includes School Management Committee (SMC), Parent teachers' association (PTA), Learners, affected people and communities within the catchment areas.

#### 2. Methodology:

Adoption of appropriate methodology plays very crucial role to prepare Social Screening of Subprojects. Participatory process has been followed to conduct Social Screening. Participatory public consultation has been held at each and every sub-project level with participation of community people, teachers, local elites, CSO members, local elected representatives and School management committee's representatives. There are some PRA tools are used for collecting data like; FGD, key informant interviews, Social Screening form (SSF). In public consultation meeting that held at sub-projects level, has taken adequate measures to inform the project beneficiaries and stakeholder about project related information like; Project Development objective (PDO), Project intervention and project benefit. The local communities also provided some valuable suggestions for smooth implementation of the project that also been incorporated in the report. In addition, an effective mitigation measures also been reflected in SMP in SL#15.

#### 3. Issues Raised by the Participants:

The following feedback, suggestions and recommendations came out from the participants:

- ✓ At the time of construction classes may hamper due to construction works which need to adequate measure.
- ✓ People of the catchment area are very much vulnerable to disaster such as cyclone, flood etc. So, shelter is very urgently needed;
- ✓ Cyclone is more devastating when hit at night;
- ✓ Lack of capacity of cyclone shelter, especially for livestock;
- ✓ Inadequacy of toiletfacilities;
- ✓ Lack of power supply during cyclone especially at night;
- ✓ Lack of the readymade dry foods and clothes at the time of disaster
- ✓ Lack of security for assets left at their houses;
- ✓ Inaccurate forecast and rumor of cyclones;
- ✓ Schooling of children at the existing sites during construction works will be hampered.

#### 4. Feedback, Suggestions and recommendations of the participants:

The following feedback, suggestions and recommendations came out from the participants:

- ✓ The FGD results confirmed that decision of new cyclone shelters construction will increase the sense of security of the communities.
- ✓ The schooling facilities will be increased after completion of new shelter.
- ✓ Most of the participants are expressed that the number of cyclone shelters is insufficient. The capacity of shelter is also inadequate.
- ✓ More than half of the total participants reported that they used to stay in their houses mostly during disaster because of onrush to the shelters, limited space for livestock and other social

- problems.
- ✓ The participants informed that provision of emergency water supply, toilet, hygienic facilities and access road is not available, even insufficient.
- ✓ There should be access facilities to the shelter such as connecting roads, which should be above flood level standard and good drainage system; and supply of pure drinking water and power supply facilities etc.
- ✓ People should be well informed the message of disaster (Cyclone) by the local administration during disaster forecast unit.
- ✓ Rainwater harvesting facility and filtering facility like Pond Sand Filters (PSF) may be adapted.

#### 5. Conclusion:

In conclusion, it can be clearly stated that sub-project will generate tremendous positive impact in the socio-economic context for the catchment area people regardless to caste, gender, ethnicity, religion. Particularly, poorer and vulnerable segment of the society will be benefitted more from this sub-project.

The benefits of sub-project could be summarized like that;

- ✓ Catchment area's children will get opportunity to study with improved facility.
- ✓ Literacy rate will be improved.
- ✓ Ensuring safe sheltering of the poor people in the event of any abrupt flooding, landslide and cyclone;
- ✓ Disaster affected people also will be able to bring their cattle to keep at safe shelters in the event of any natural disaster, which will generate socio-economic benefit;
- ✓ The Tube-wells to be installed on raised platform of the proposed shelters for safe drinking water supply will be of immense health (thus bringing improvement in the working period of the labor force) benefit to the people taking shelter at the natural disaster time.
- ✓ The First-Aid Boxes to be placed at the proposed shelters to take care of the ill-fated people will be of immense benefit to them for contributing to socio-economic betterment of the people.
- ✓ Benefitting the environment by planting trees in and around the shelter.

### 6. Recommended Measures:

However, at the time of the sub-projects (here Shelters) implementation, special attention needs to be given to the following issues/aspects, without which much of the anticipated sub-project benefits will be undermined

- ✓ Avoiding adverse social impacts in site selection, design and construction.
- ✓ Ensuring participation of the concerned civil society and local communities in the proposed project functionaries, which will also enhance their sense of belonging of the proposed sub-projects.
- ✓ Inclusion of the poor and vulnerable people including women and ethnic minorities in the project implementation activities, if available and suitable for them.
- ✓ Identification of unavoidable adverse social impacts for their effective mitigation.
- ✓ Social conflicts and grievances management during construction period;
- ✓ As much as possible, addressing gender issues and community needs during implementation period.
- ✓ Most importantly, for ensuring social safety net, particularly during the construction period, the Contractors should need to be put in a social and ethical binding. Moreover,

- during existing house (existing house on the proposed land, if any) demolishing time and aftermath, they will build temporary shelter for schooling and accommodation of the labors. Moreover, in case of need, they will temporarily install one deep tube well for ensure pure water for the proposed site people.
- ✓ Before starting construction work, the people to be engaged for construction of shelters should undergo a short orientation course (to be organized by the project implementing agency) on necessary awareness, motivation and compliance of their assigned responsibilities perfectly.
- ✓ Over and above, for necessary and effective supervision and monitoring of the construction work, the School Management Committees would need to strictly adhere to the terms and conditions

Annex-17: Photographs of 10 nos. new school cum resilience shelter buildings with Stakeholders



Palpara Government Primary School



**Wahederpara Government Primary School** 



**Purbo Jouarianala Government Primary School** 



**Naikhyong Khali Government Primary School** 



**Kharankhali Government Primary School** 



Lambari Government Primary School



**Hazi Gura Miah Government Primary School** 



**Mohammed Shafir Bill Government Primary School** 



**Kamariar Bill Government Primary School** 

Annex-18 to 29: List of Participants Attended in a Consultation Meeting of 10 nos. new school cum resilience shelter buildings under package number LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12, LGED.

# Aliapara Government Primary School (GPS)

Package Number: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12

Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP) চাকটা ডিবিচত বেনিলা সংকট মোকবেলত মান্টি নেইছ প্ৰকল্প

#### Additional Financing

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)
Public Consultation Participants List

### Focus Group Discussion

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# Palpara Government Primary School (GPS)

Package Number: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12

Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)
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### Additional Financing

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) Public Comultation Participants List

## Focus Group Discussion

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# Wahederpara Government Primary School (GPS)

Package Number: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12

# Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)

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#### Additional Financing

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)
Public Consultation Participants List

# Focus Group Discussion

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# Purbo Jouarianala Government Primary School (GPS)

Package Number: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12

Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP) कानी विविद्य दादिया भारती द्वाकाटलमा प्रान्ति दावह

#### Additional Financing

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) **Public Consultation Participants List** 

### Focus Group Discussion

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# Naikhyong Khali Government Primary School (GPS)

Package Number: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12

Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP) we'll fieldes লেখিল সংগঠ চেকাচলন্দ মান্তি নেউর রাক্ত

#### Additional Financing

Local Government Engineering Department (LGEO) Public Consultation Participants List

Focus Group Discussion

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# Naikhyong Khali Government Primary School (GPS)

# Package Number: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12

Emergency Multi-Sector Roblingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)

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#### Additional Financing

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) Public Consultation Participants Lint

Focus Group Discussion

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# Kharankhali Government Primary School (GPS)

Package Number: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12

Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP) জন্মী ভিত্তিতে বেহিঙ্গা সংকট মোকালেনৰ মাণ্টি সেবিং প্ৰকল্প

#### Additional Financing

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)
Public Consultation Participants List

**Focus Group Discussion** 

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# Lambari Government Primary School (GPS)

Package Number: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12

Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)

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#### Additional Financing

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) **Public Consultation Participants List** 

### Focus Group Discussion

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# Hazi Gura Miah Government Primary School (GPS)

Package Number: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12

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#### Additional Financing

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) **Public Consultation Participants List** 

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# Mohammed Shafir Bill Government Primary School (GPS)

Package Number: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12

Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP) ছকরী ভিত্তিতে হোহিলা সংকট মোকাকেশছ মান্টি সেইর প্রকল্প

#### Additional Financing

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) **Public Consultation Participants List** 

### **Focus Group Discussion**

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# Mohammed Shafir Bill Government Primary School (GPS)

Package Number : LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12



Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP) অকটা ভিত্তিতে বেহিলা সংভট যোকালেনাছ মান্টি সেইব প্ৰভাৱ

#### Additional Financing

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)
Public Consultation Participants List

### **Focus Group Discussion**

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# Kamariar Bill Government Primary School (GPS)

# Package Number: LGED/EMCRP/AF/W12

Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)
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#### Additional Financing

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)
Public Consultation Participants List

### Focus Group Discussion

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## Emergency Multi-Sector Rohingya Crisis Response Project (EMCRP)

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## **Additional Financing**

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) Public Consultation Participants List

## **Focus Group Discussion**

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# অংশগ্রহণকারীদের হাজিরা (পরিচয় ও স্বাক্ষর)

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