# **Environmental Assessment Report**

# **Union Road (UNR)**

Name of the Sub-project: Dhudnoy Bazar-Gamaretola UP (Kolsindur GC) Road

Slice No. : UNR-25 (A)
Upazila : Dhobaura
District : Mymensingh



Second Rural Transport Improvement Project Local Government Engineering Department

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# 1. Sub Project Description

Name of the Sub-project: Dhudnoy Bazar-Gamaretola UP (Kolsindur GC) Road

ID No. :361163002
District Name :Mymensingh
Name of the Upazila :Dhobaura
Length of the Road :4.794 km

# **Location of the sub-project**

Dhobaura Upazila is located at 25.0917°N 90.5333°E and bounded by Assam (India), Durgapur, Purbadhala, and Haluaghat upazila. The road is 4.794 km long, starts at Doudol Bazar and ends at Kalisindur Bazar [details are listed in **Table-1.1**].

Name of the unions the road passes through	Name of the road side villages (at least 5 nos)	0 1	End point of the road	Year of construction/Last maintenance	Major items included in estimates
Kurakandulia&Gam aritola	DoudolKasinatpur, Gamaritola, Dorypara, Goalkhaly, Kolsindur	Doudol Bazar	Kalisindur Bazar	No Maintenance	Earth Work, WBM, ISG, Brick on End Edging, Dense Carpeting, Seal Coat & Surface Drain

# **Table-1.1**

# **Brief Description of the sub project**

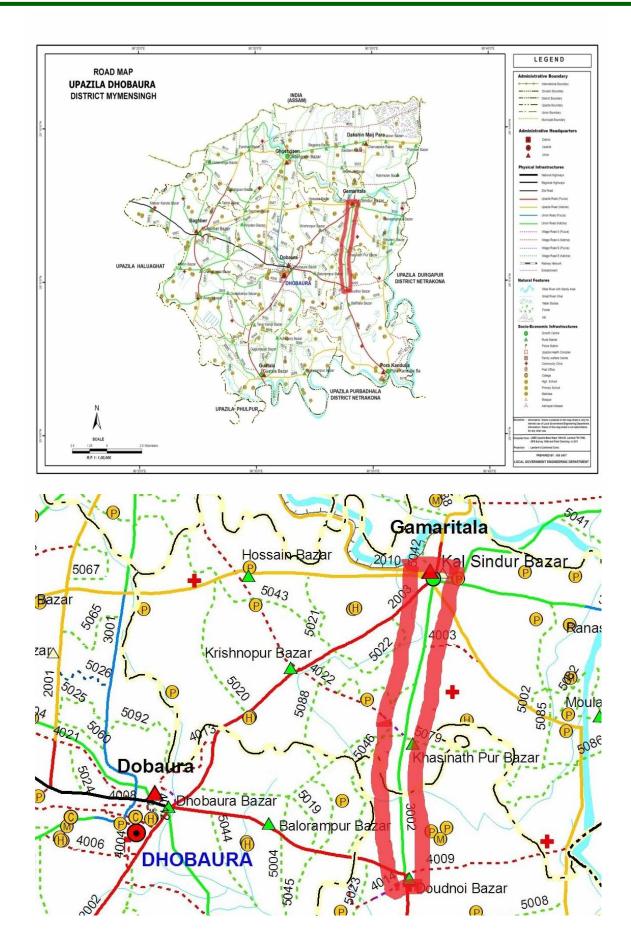
Union road (UNR) improvement includes construction of bituminous road on the existing earthen road. The road has a length of 4.794 km. Major components of the works includes earthwork (earth volume 26789.15 Cum), base coarse Improve sub grade, Brick atedge, 25mm dense carpeting etc. Drainage Structure such as Four numbers of X-drains at chainage 800m, 2230m, 4066m and 4476mand Two numbers of Box Culverts at chainage 266m and 3730m is required to avoid water accumulations or congestion. Protective work such as Palisading work is required at chainage 8920m (78m).







Photograph of the proposed Road



Location map of the sub project

# 2. Detail Environmental Features

The UNR has a length of 4.794 km.Detail Environmental features within 100m of the both sides from the centre line were collected @300m longitudinal intervals. The findings of the survey for the aforementioned road could be seen in the table below:

Chainage	Right	Left	<b>Environmental Features</b>
00-300			House, Bazar, Saw Mill
		$\sqrt{}$	Shop
200,600	$\sqrt{}$		Agricultural Land, House
300-600		$\sqrt{}$	Agricultural Land, House, Pond
600-900	$\sqrt{}$		House, Pond
000-900		$\sqrt{}$	Agricultural Land, House
000 1200	V		Pond, Mosque, Agricultural Land
900-1200	900-1200		Pond, Agricultural Land
1200-1500	$\sqrt{}$		Pond, Agricultural Land, House
1200-1300		$\checkmark$	Pond
1500-1800	$\sqrt{}$		Bazar, House
1300-1800		$\sqrt{}$	Bazar, Mosque, House
1800-2100	$\sqrt{}$		Pond, House
1800-2100		$\sqrt{}$	Pond, Agricultural Land
2100-2400	$\sqrt{}$		Agricultural Land
2100-2400		$\sqrt{}$	Pond, Agricultural Land
2400-2700	.2700		Agricultural Land
2400-2700		$\sqrt{}$	Agricultural Land
2700-3000	$\sqrt{}$		Agricultural Land
2700-3000		$\sqrt{}$	Agricultural Land
3000-3300	$\sqrt{}$		Pond, Agricultural Land
3000-3300		$\sqrt{}$	Pond, Agricultural Land
3300-3600	$\sqrt{}$		School, Pond, Agricultural Land
3300-3000		$\sqrt{}$	Pond, Agricultural Land
3600-3900	$\sqrt{}$		Pond, Agricultural Land
3000-3900		$\sqrt{}$	Agricultural Land
3900-4200	$\sqrt{}$		House, Agricultural Land
3900-4200		$\sqrt{}$	Canal, Agricultural Land
4200-4500	$\sqrt{}$		Agricultural Land
4200-4300		$\sqrt{}$	Pond, Agricultural Land
4500-4800	V		Agricultural Land
4300-4000		V	Pond, Agricultural Land
4800-5100	V		Agricultural Land, Bazar
4000-3100		V	Pond, Agricultural Land, Bazar

#### 3. Baseline Data

# 3 (a) Physical Environment

# 3. a.1 Atmosphere and Climate

Meteorological conditions of the area are more or less similar to the central part of the country with respect to temperature, rainfall and humidity. The subproject area is situated in humid subtropical climate with large variations between summer and winter temperatures and significantly influenced by monsoons during the months of May to September when most of the rainfall occurs. The annual averagemaximum temperature is about 33.33°C and minimum temperature is about 12°C. Annual rainfall is about 1,479 mm (ref. Mymensingh, 2012).

#### 3.a.2Topography

The sub-project area mainly comprises of plain agricultural land and almost flat with few undulations. River Nitai flows nearby the sub-project area. The depressions and canals are dominated by organic clay and peats. Most depression and canals are tectonically controlled. The average ground elevation of the project area is about 13m PWD. According to the information collected through public consultation, this area is considered as a flood free area and not affected in severe floods of 1998, 2004, 2007 and 2012. A general topographic condition is found in the following photograph:



# 3.a.3Drainage

Water logging and drainage congestion was observed in several places on the road. At chainage 800m, 2230m, 4066mand 4476m, in built-up market area, water logging was observed on the road due to insufficient drainage facilities. Water logging was also observed at chainages 266m and 3730m as the road has inadequate opening to drain out water.

### 3.a.4Water Quality

**3.a.4.1 Ground Water**: Information on ground water quality of the nearest tube-wells along the road has been collected on spot discussion and consultation with the villagers. The depth of ground water level varies from 5m to 8m. Potable ground water is available at an average depth of 120m to 160m. Ground water quality of HTWs for drinking purposes is provided in the following table:

Drinking water quality parameters	Contents of HTW water (mg/L)	Permissible limit (mg/L), Bangladesh standard	Comments
Arsenic	0.013	Up to 0.05	Within permissible limit
Iron	1.64	Upto 1.00	Exceed permissible limit
Chloride	6.00	150-600	Below the standard

Source: Bangladesh Drinking Water Quality Survey, 2009, BBS & UNICEF

**3.a.4.2 Surface Water:** The road sub project crosses large number of water bodiessuch as small and medium pondswhich are used for multiple purposes. The surface water in ponds is not saline but is not suitable for drinking purposes. All the ponds are man-made and used for fishing, water supply and domestic use.River Nitai is situated very close to the sub-project area. There are no remarkable sources of water pollution such as industries, brick fields, etc observed in the sub-project area.

#### 3.a.5Noise

Noise is not amajor impediment for the quality of the environment in the study area. Vehicles such as motor cycle, tempo, mini truck, votvoti, tractor trailer etc. move on the road during day and night. These vehicles generate noise in the subproject area but within tolerable limit in most cases. No other perceptiblesource of noise generation such as factories, industries, etc found near by the sub-project area.

### 3.a.6Air Quality

Ambient air quality data was not available. Quality of air appears to be clean but due to poor condition of road surface, dust is generated, especially during the movement of vehicles that causes air pollution. There are no remarkable sources of air pollution such as heavy industries, brick fields, etc observed in the sub-project area.

### 3.Base line data:(b) Biological Environment

#### Flora & Fauna

The project area has some flora of commercial importance. The major tree species found in the area are Mahogany, Betel nut, Rain-tree and (in Bengali and colloquial) Simul, Sishu, Arjun, Minjiri, Jarul, Hizal, Sheora, Krishnachura, Chambal, Kadam ,Royna, Koroi, Shilkoroi, Debdaru, Bot, Eucalyptus, Shilkoroi, Siris etc. No endangered floral species are reported. The dominant fruit-bearing trees include Mango, Jackfruit, Banana, Guava, Pine apple, Date, Palm, Coconut, Papaya etc.

Besides domestic animals, wild dogs, jungle cat, jackal, mongoose and rodents like ants and snakes of various species are reported, though having a decreasing trend. The endangered animals like Wild cow, Wild Buffalo, Peafowl, Mugger Crocodile etc. are not reported. Mammal

species like Monkey, Squirrel ,Forest cat, Mongoose are available to a lesser extent. Amphibians including Kola bang, Gecho bang and Sona bang are also found to fewer extent. Some birds found in common having Bangala name Chorui, Doel, Holudpakhi, Chil, Dahuk, Babui, Koel, Kath thokra, Ghugu, Shalik, Chil, Pecha, Tia, Bok, Kak, Tuntuni, Bulbuli, Kokil etc.

### **3(c)Stakeholder Consultation:**

During the data collection, public consultation meeting was held at Dhudnoy Bazar and Gamaretola UP. The list of participants, photographand details of the discussion meeting are attached as Annex-1 and their recommendations are highlighted below.

- Adequate drainage facilities at chainage 800m, 2230m, 4066m, 4476m, 266m and 3730m should be provided to avoid water accumulations or congestion.
- Steps to be taken for minimizing the air pollution by spraying water at the construction sites.
- Noise pollution should be effectively mitigated in order to reduce up to a tolerable limit.

# 4. Screening Format

Screening format was administered for identifying the impacts and their extents and the screening data sheet for this subproject is given below:

Screening Questions	Yes	No	Sca	le of Impa	act	Remarks
23333g <b>Q</b> 33333		110	High	Medium	Low	
A.Potential Environmental Impacts during planning and design phase/ Sub-project siting.						
Is the sub-project area adjacent to or within any of the following environmentally sensitive areas?						
■ Protected Area (Forest)		1				The area is not included in designated protected area.
■ Wetland (Beel, Haor)		V				The area is not located in designated Wetland.
■ National Park		1				The road has no encroachment of any national park.
■ Wildlife sanctuary		1				The road is not included in any wildlife sanctuary.
■ Buffer zone of protected areas		V				The area does not belong to buffer zone of any protected area.
<ul> <li>Special area for protecting biodiversity</li> </ul>		1				The area does not belong to any special area for protecting biodiversity.
<b>B.Potential Environmental Impacts from construction of new roads.</b>						
Will the sub-project cause						
Loss of agricultural land?		V				Required earth will not be collected from agricultural land.
■ Negative effects on rare (vulnerable), threatened or endangered species of flora or their habitat?		V				No rare species of flora and fauna occur near bythe subproject area.
■ Negative effects on designated wetlands?		1				The area is not included in any designated wetland.
Negative effects on wildlife habitat, populations, corridors or movement?		V				No wildlife habitat reported to exist nearby the sub-project area.
Negative effects on locally important or valued ecosystems or vegetations?	V				√	Care will be taken, so that local important or valued ecosystem or vegetation is not damaged. Turfing will be done to compensate the loss of

Screening Questions	Yes	No	Scal	le of Impa	act	Remarks
Screening Questions	168	110	High	Medium	Low	
						vegetation.
■ Destruction of trees and vegetation?	V					Vegetation may be removed during construction of road.  Turfing will be done after the
						construction.
■ Impact on fish migration and navigation?		√				The sub-project does not cross any water bodies.
Obstruction of natural connection between river and wetlands inside project area?		V				The sub- project does not cause any obstruction to any natural connection between river and wetlands
■ Water logging in areas?	V				V	Baseline data shows that water are logged at 800m, 2230m, 4066m, 4476m, 266m and 3730m. Water logging may also occur due to construction activities. Drainage structure and sufficient opening to drain out water at the above mentioned chainage will be provided to avoid water logging.
■ Insufficient drainage?	V				V	From baseline date it has been observed that there is insufficient drainage at the above mentioned chainage. So, drainage structure will be provided to increase drainage facility.
■ Negative effects on surface water quality?	V				√	No liquid / solid waste will be disposed off in water bodies
Negative effects on groundwater quality, quantity or movement?		√				Liquid / solid waste will not be allowed to dispose in ground directly.
■ Loss of existing buildings, property, economic livelihood?		V				No land acquisition or resettlement is required
■ Increased soil erosion and/or sedimentation?	V				V	Soil may erode during earth work at slope but turfing and compaction will be carried out after completion of earth work.
■ Negative impact on soil stability and	$\sqrt{}$				V	Turfing on embankment top

Screening Questions	Yes	No	Scal	le of Impa	act	Remarks
Sercening Questions	103	110	High	Medium	Low	Kemarks
compactness?						and slope will be provided to mitigate negative impact on soil stability and compactness.
• Impacts on sustainability of associated construction waste disposal?		V				Construction waste will be disposed in safe place.
■ Traffic disturbances due to construction material transport and wastes?	V				√	Minimum disturbance is anticipated
• Increased noise due to transportation of equipment and construction materials?	V				1	Occur some disturbance within acceptable limit
• Increased noise due to day-to-day construction activities?	V				1	Occur some noise disturbance but within acceptable limit
■ Increased wind-blown dust from material (e.g. fine aggregate) storage areas?	V				√	Proper environmental code of practice will be in place by spraying of water during construction to reduce dust emission.
• Health risks to labors involve in activities?	V				√	Some risk during construction is anticipated which will be taken care of by adopting remedial measures incorporated in the contract
C. Potential Impacts of the Improved road.  Will the improved road cause						
■ Negative effects on neighborhood or community characters?		√				No negative effect anticipated
Negative effects on local business, institutions or public facilities?		1				Improved road will increase the local business
■ Potential social conflict between occupational groups-farmers vs. fisheries?		√				The proposed road will not cause any conflict between occupational groups, e.g. farmers and fishermen
■ Degradation or disturbance of historical or culturally important sites (mosque, graveyards, monuments etc.)?	V					There exists no historical or cultural important sites to be damaged/degraded by the proposed road., there exist mosques, where some care to be involved during

Screening Questions	Yes	No	Scal	Scale of Impact		Remarks
Screening Questions	ies	s No	High	Medium	Low	Remarks
						construction, where communication will be improved afterwards.
■ Blockage of navigation system?		V				No navigation system will be blocked by the road. However, if such issue arises the road alignment to diverted to avoid blockage of navigation
■ Impediments to movements of people and animals?	V				V	No impediment to movement of people and impediment to movement of animals will be negligible since the road is not wide enough.
Conflicts in water supply rights and related social conflicts?		√				Will not create any social conflict over water supply rights.
• Air quality?	1				<b>√</b>	Construction work will involve Earth work, WBM, Brick on end Edging, Carpeting and Surface drain etc. will lead to increase in dust/suspended particulate matter (SPM) around the construction site.  Spraying of water; bituminous burning unit to be placed away from residential area, educational/religious institutions to reduce air pollution.

#### **Assessment:**

The proposed sub-project (Road improvement) is not located within any environmentally sensitive area and thus will not create intimidation to important environmental features. Drainage congestion has been observed at some locations and drainage system will be developed to minimize the water logging of those particular locations. Some earthwork will be involved, but no agricultural productive soil will be used for the purpose. Earth will be compacted for stabilization. The inputs will be mainly at construction phase and limited within project boundary. Moreover, mitigation measures will be taken according to the EMP for minimizing the air, dust and noise pollution.

# 5. Specific Impact and Mitigation

This sub-project involves the improvement work of 4.794km road, which passes through different types of environmental features like pond, agricultural land, shop/ bazar, mosque etc. For the purpose environmental studies have been carried out (with all the details of individual environmental components) since it is apprehended that, some adverse environmental effects will take place on the existing physical environment. The possible impacts of the improvement work on the road and their mitigation measures have been discussed (component-wise) below:

**5.1 Earth Work:** The road improvement work consists of earth excavation, earth filling and cutting, removal of of unsuitable materials or top soil, preparation of embankment layer, hard shoulder preparation, protective work, etc. These works lead to slope erosion, silt deposition on crop fields, dust blowing, noise and vibration disturbing the local people. As no massive earth work is involved atany specific location, severalsmall volumes of earth from different areas will be arranged by the contractor. However, if large volume of earth is required, the borrow pit may be converted to deeper pond (suitable for fish cultivation).

# Mitigation:

- Proper care will be taken during cutting and filling so that slope or toe of the road embankment remain within the right of way and does not disturb the crop.
- Turfing & compaction will be done on the shoulder and slope.
- 5.2 <u>Temporary interruption of natural drainage and local drainage congestion</u>: Drainage congestion was observed at chainage 800m, 2230m, 4066m and 4476m on the road that often causes local drainage congestion. Drainage congestion was also observed at chainage 266m and 3730m surrounding the area of the sub-project due to lack of adequate opening to drain out water. Temporary interruption of natural drainage and local drainage congestion may also occur during construction of drainage structures.

### Mitigation:

- Four numbers of X-drains at chainage 800m, 2230m, 4066m and 4476m will be provided to avoid water accumulations or congestion.
- Two numbers of Box Culverts at chainage 266m and 3730m will be provided to avoid water accumulations or congestion. These will be constructed newly, where no such structures exist in the locations.
- Proper diversion structure and sufficient opening to drain out water should be developed during construction work to avoid water congestion.
- **5.3** <u>Pollution from construction materials</u>: Dumping of construction spoils, including accidental leakage of bitumen, fuel etc. in equipment yards, is an important hazard. Both surface and groundwater might be polluted from these contaminants.

### Mitigation:

- Safe transport, storage and disposal provisions for construction materials, equipment especially bitumen, fuel etc have to be carried out in order to avoid accidental spillage and loss.
- Bitumen, fuels, lubricants etc. and other hazardous materials have to be stored over raised platform not directly on the ground.
- The playground of the educational institutions shall not be allowed to use as a stack yard or work camp site.

**5.4** <u>Dust:</u> Different construction activities, machinery movement and other works generate dust and impair the air quality. Road improvement work involves breaking up, digging, crushing, transporting and dumping of materials.

# Mitigation:

- Water will be sprayed to control the dust, which is the main way to suppress dust in the working site.
- **Noise:** Movement of vehicles generates noise. However, in this sub-project sensitive area like School (1 No.), Mosque (2 Nos.) etc. is likely to be affected from the road side noise.

# Mitigation:

- Transportation of the construction materials have to be carried with scheduled time, mainly day time.
- All powered mechanical equipment and machinery shall be fitted with noise abating gear such as mufflers for effective sound reducing.
- **5.6** <u>Water Quality:</u> The road passes by few number of water bodies and no remarkable sources of water pollution has been found. The water qualitymay deteriorate if construction materials including borrow/fill materials and sand, construction waste, effluent from work camps, food waste etc. are allowed to dump in the water bodies.

### **Mitigation:**

- Proper construction management including waste management, training of operators and other workers will be provided to avoid pollution of water bodies.
- Construction waste will be managed in specified bins opening a ditch (not in water bodies or lowland), for which contractor will be made aware.
- **5.7** Occupational Safety and Sanitation: It involves the safety problems of the construction workers and the provision for sanitation and drinking water facilities at work sites. Lack of the latter facilities might severely affect the construction workers' health condition and work efficiency.

# Mitigation

- Provision for tube well to ensure potable drinking water and separate toilets for male and female to maintain proper sanitation condition will be made.
- First Aid Box with health facility at each camp site will also be made available.
- Ensure wear of proper PPE (helmet, gloves, safety glass, safety shoes etc) of all workers during work to avoid any personal as well as construction related accident.

# 6. Environmental Management Plan

Specific Environmental Management Plan (EMP) has been prepared to eliminate, reduce or regulate the adverse impacts for this subproject. This EMP shall be a part of contract document.

# **6.1 Environmental Mitigation Plan**

One of the components of Environmental Management Plan is Environmental Mitigation Plan. The environmental activities and management measures for this sub-project of RTIP-II are addressed and shown in the table below:

Sub-project	Potential	Mitigation Measures	Estimated	Responsi	bility
Activity	Environmental Impact(s)		Mitigation Cost	Implementation	Supervision
Preconstruction	on				
	improper waste disposal may affect environment. Also improper sanitation facility will generate health hazard situation for the	construction camps so th	on all ts s. ad	Contractor	LGED & D & SC
Removal of Vegetation	erosion and their		in section-7	Contractor	LGED & D & SC
Hot mix	Emission of hot and polluting fumes affecting air quality, causing health hazard	Hot mix plants, crushers are batching plants shall be located at a safe distance from the nearest habitation and dense tree area. The contractor shall obtain necessary approvation LGED.	ed ne se	Contractor	LGED & D & SC

Sub-project	ub-project Potential Mitigation Measures		Estimated	Responsi	ibility
Activity	Environmental Impact(s)		Mitigation Cost	Implementation	Supervision
Identification	Indiscriminate	Location of debris dumpir		Contractor	LGED &
of debris	dumping may cause	sites shall consider th	ne in section-7		D & SC
dumping sites	nuisance to human habitat, cause	following and approved by the	ne		
	habitat, cause hindrance to natural	LGED.			
	drainage of the	• Shall not be located with	in		
	surrounding areas.	designated forest areas.	a4		
		<ul> <li>Dumping shall not impa natural drainage courses.</li> </ul>	Ct		
		Settlements are located at leas	st		
		1 km away from the site.			
Construction					
	Lava	[		Γ -	T
Earthwork	Slope erosion, silt	Proper care will be taken during cutting and filling so	As described in GCC and in	Contractor	LGED & D & SC
	fields, dust blowing	that slope or toe of the road	Section 7		Dase
		embankment remain within			
		the right of way and does not			
	*	damage the crop.		G i i	I CED 0
	Improper transportation of	Adequate safety precautions shall be ensured during		Contractor	LGED & D & SC
	construction	transportation of quarry			
	_	material from quarries to the			
Material	environmental pollution through	construction site. Vehicles transporting the material			
sources		shall be covered to prevent			
	spillage	spillage. Operations to be			
		undertaken as per the direction and satisfaction of			
		the LGED			
	Immuonen diamenta C		Λ a above: :	Contractor	I CED 0-
		The disposal of debris shall be carried out only at sites	As shown in Section 7	Contractor	LGED & D & SC
	2	identified for the purpose.			
	surrounding	All arrangement for			
	environment, particularly pollution	transportation during construction including			
Disposal of		provision, maintenance,			
Debris	courses and	dismantling and clearing			
	hindrance to traffic.	debris, where necessary will be considered incidental to			
		the work and should be			
		planned and implemented as			
		approved and directed by			
		LGED.			

Sub-project	Potential	Mitigation Measures	Estimated	Responsibility		
Activity	Environmental Impact(s)		Mitigation Cost	Implementation	Supervision	
Dust	Cause air pollution	<ul> <li>Vehicles delivering materials should be covered to reduce spills and dust blowing off the load.</li> <li>In laying sub-base, water spraying is needed to aid compaction of the material. After the compaction, water spraying should be carried out at regular intervals to limit the dust to below</li> <li>Plants, machinery and equipment shall be so handled (including dismantling) as to minimise generation of dust</li> </ul>	As shown in Section 7	Contractor	LGED & D & SC	
Noise	Increase of noise level of the construction site	<ul> <li>Noise standard at processing sites, eg. Aggregate crushing plants, batching plant, hot mix plant, any machinery will be strictly monitored to prevent exceeding of noise standards.</li> <li>Workers in vicinity of loud noise, and workers working with or in crushing, compaction, concrete mixing operations shall wear</li> </ul>	As described in GCC	Contractor	LGED & D & SC	
Surface water	Contamination of surface water	<ul> <li>No excavation from the bund of the water bodies.</li> <li>No debris disposal near any water body.</li> <li>Prior written permission from authorities is required for use of water for construction activity.</li> <li>Construction labours to be restricted from polluting the source or misusing the source</li> <li>Labour camps will be located away from water bodies</li> </ul>	As described in GCC	Contractor	LGED & D & SC	

Sub-project Environmental		Mitigation Measures	Estimated	Responsi	bility
Activity	Environmental Impact(s)		Mitigation Cost	Implementation	Supervision
Water Logging	During construction work or in rainy season water	Drainage structure will be built to drain out the rain water. During construction work, diversion structure and sufficient opening should be developed to drain out water	As per BOQ of bidding document	LGED	LGED & D & SC
Construction Safety	Improper stack yard (without fence, light, signboard) may cause accident/health hazard.  Improper equipment (not conforming the relevant standard) may lead to environmental pollution leakage of fuels, lubricants and emiting black smoke.	will be taken to prevent danger from electrical equipment.  No material or any of the sites will be so stacked or placed as to cause danger or inconvenience to any person or the public.  Fencing and lights shall be provided to protect the public.			
Health and Safety Measures	Working without health safety gear (PPE) may cause injury to the workers	readily available first aid	As described in GCC	Contractor	LGED & D & SC

Sub-project	Potential	Mitigation Measures	Estimated	Responsibility				
Activity	Environmental Impact(s)		Mitigation Cost	Implementation	Supervision			
Operation Pha	Operation Phase							
Traffic Movement	Road accidents may increase due to higher number of vehicles using the roads at increased speeds.	clear and speed breaker/rumble strip		LGED	LGED			
	also marginally	Awareness building and administrative measures should be taken		LGED	LGED			

# **6.2** Environmental Monitoring Plan

Environmental Monitoring Plan for this sub-project will help to evaluate the extent and severity of environmental impacts against the predicted impact and the performance of environmental protection measures. The following table has been prepared for monitoring the operation & maintenance phase activities of the sub-project:

Environmental	Parameters/Units	Means of	Frequency /	Responsibilities		Estimated
Indicator		Monitoring	Duration Standards	Implementation	Supervision	Cost
Air Quality	Measurement PM	Inspection	Once	Contractor	D&SC &	According
					LGED	to GCC and
						clause 7 of
	~			~		this report
Dust Control	Spraying of water	Visual	Daily	Contractor	D&SC &	According
					LGED	to GCC and
						clause 7 of
						this report
Noise Control	Measurement db	Inspection	Once	Contractor	D&SC &	According
					LGED	to GCC
Waste	Monitoring of	Inspection	Daily	Contractor	D&SC &	According
management	collection,				LGED	to GCC and
	transportation and					clause 7 of
	disposal of solid					this report
	waste. Inspection of					F
	construction camp.					
	construction camp.					
Health and	Monitoring health and	Inspection	Daily	Contractor	D&SC &	According
safety	safety of workers				LGED	to GCC and
						clause 7 of
						this report

# 7 Cost of Environmental Enhancement Works and Mitigation Measures in BoQ's of Bidding Document

In consideration to the above mentioned environmental impacts and their mitigation measures for this sub-project, the following items are included in the BOQ of this sub-project.

Item	Description of Item				
No.	ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION & ENHANCEMENT WORKS  Overall environmental management in addition to compliance to the clauses 27 & 29 of GCC to the entire satisfaction of E-I-C				
	a) Temporary camp site waste disposal facility improvement 1no@Tk.50,000.0	5,0000.00			
1	b) Dust suppression measures[4.70 km @Tk. 2000.00/Km]	9,400.00			
	c) Prevention of spillage, leakages of polluting materials	5,000.00			
	Providing and maintaining adequate potable water supply and sanitation facilities at camp site and work site to the entire satisfaction of E-I-C				
2	a) Water supply: 1 no of Tube well with test results @Tk.10,000.00	10,000.00			
	b) Sanitation: 2 nos. of Toilet (1 no for women and 1 no for men) @Tk. 5000.00	10,000.00			
3	Rehabilitation of ancillary sites including stockpile sites, brick crushing sites, borrow areas, workforce camp to the entire satisfaction of the Engineer in charge	30,000.00			
4	Drainage facilities improvement: Twonumbers of Box-Culverts, four numbers of Cross-drain would be provided.	7070946.00			
5	Turfing on embankment top and slope [33383.59 sqms @Tk. 15.5/sqm]	517445.6			
6	Clearing and grubbing	52500.00			

#### **Annex-1: Public Consultation**

Public Consultations Findings for Dhudnoy Bazar-Gamaretola UP (Kolsindur GC) Road

Site: Dhudnoy Bazar (chainage 0+000 km)

Road: Dhudnoy Bazar-Gamaretola UP (Kolsindur GC) Road

Date: 22. 12. 2013

Time: 11.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.

A public consultation meeting was held during 11.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m. on 22<sup>th</sup> December, 2013 at Dhudnoy Bazar located in the sub-project area. Around 17 people participated in the meeting. Md. Abu Sadek, a local UP member was selected by the participants to chair the meeting. Md. Ramjan Ali, a Farmer, Md. Julhash, a Businessman and Md. Abul Hasem, a Businessman were nominated by the participants to speak for them.

Md. Al Nomani, Field Engineer and Md. Anamul Kabir, Lab Technician were present as Facilitators.

The participants were spontaneous and expressed satisfaction on the proposed road improvement subproject. At present they are facing severe hardship in communication due to the poor road conditions. Construction of the proposed road will benefit them in various socio-economic aspects, as opined by them.

In the consultation meeting various environmental issues, which are potential to be affected during road construction work have been discussed. The issues included are, dust/air pollution, water pollution, improper waste disposal, noise pollution etc. Spraying of water to suppress air pollution was also discussed. The participants expected that all required step to be taken for reducing environmental pollution during the construction works of road improvement.

Various quarries of the participants were answered by Mr.Kabir.

The summary of the important suggestions during discussion are as follows:

- Effective measure to be taken to minimize all the adverse impact of construction works.
- Adequate drainage facilities at chainage 800m, 2230m, 4066m, 4476m, 266m and 3730m to be provided to avoid water accumulations or congestion.
- Steps to be taken for minimizing the air pollution by spraying water at the construction sites.
- Noise pollution to be effectively mitigated in order to reduce up to a tolerable limit.

# **List of Participants-01**

bow sommontal Screening of Subproject

Starting point: - Dhodney Bazar. ch. 0+00 (Start)
Date: -22/12/2013.

# Attendance of Local Participants in the Screening Exercise

Local Government representatives and community members & organizations

Name	Gender	Social Status	Contact Number	Signature/LTI
Md. Fazzlyl Haque		Business	0172185928	
Abdus Salam		Former.	019356323	
Mr. Julhash		Business	01944462031	3012m
Mukshidul Islam		Business.	01925007572	到如何是
Mr. Abdush Shalid		Farmer,	01724657939	
ud. Imdadul Haque		Farmer	01036338126	
Mr. Abul Hasem		Businees	01060100468	ENSEM SHOWS
Mrc. Ramzan Ali		Farmer	01932904637	CENISTENS!
MD. Totamiah.		Farcmar.		6767
Mr. Muktul Hussin		Former.		480 804 -
MIR. Abul Hasem	1	Business	01925464119	20021F16
Mr. Abdul Mannan		Farmer		LIGHT BONE
Sultan migh		Business	0193331330	Synolat



### **Photograph of the Public Consultation**

#### **Annex-2: Public Consultation**

Public Consultations Findings for Dhudnoy Bazar-Gamaretola UP (Kolsindur GC) Road

Site: GamaretolaUP(Kolsindur GC)(chainage 4+794 km) Road: Dhudnoy Bazar-Gamaretola UP (Kolsindur GC) Road

Date: 22. 12. 2013

Time: 2.00 p.m. to 3.30 p.m.

A public consultation meeting was held during 2.00 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. on 22<sup>th</sup> December, 2013 at Gamaretola UP located in the sub-project area. Around 14 people participated in the meeting, who were living around the area. Md. Abu Shadek, a local UP member was selected by the participants to chair the meeting. Md. Abul Bashar, a farmer, Md. Ashraful Islam, a Businessman and Md. Hafizul Islam, a student were nominated by the participants to speak for them

Field Engineer Md. Al Nomani and Lab Technician Md. Anamul Kabir, were present as Facilitators.

The participants were spontaneous and welcomed the proposed road improvement subproject, as according to them, it will improve their communication mode, which will provide various socioeconomic development in addition to communication development. At present they are facing various communication problems due to the poor road conditions.

Discussion was also made on various potential environmental problems which might take place during the road construction activities, like water pollution, air pollution, noise pollution. construction waste disposal etc. Spraying of water has also been discussed to suppress dust pollution.

The participants proposed to extend all types of cooperation during construction of the road and reducing environmental hazards. According to them noise pollution is not an important hazard, if kept within tolerable limit.

Their quarries were answered by Mr. Kabir up to their satisfaction.

The summary of the important suggestions during discussion are as follows:

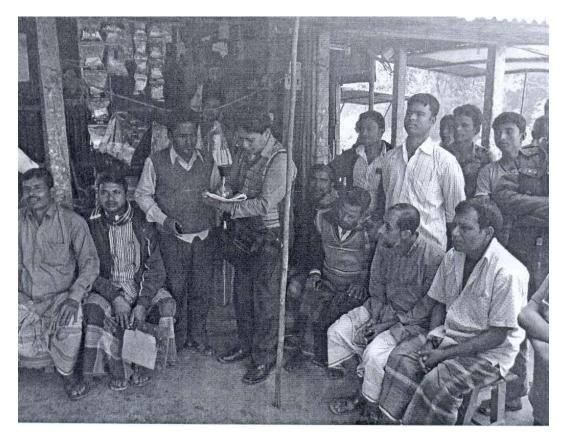
- All effective measures to be taken to minimize the adverse environmental impacts of construction works.
- Steps to be taken for minimizing the air pollution by spraying water at the construction sites.
- Noise pollution should be effectively mitigated in order to reduce up to a tolerable limit.

# **List of Participants-02**

End point: — Gramaretola U.P (Kolsindur Gre):

24. 00 — 4+794. Date: •22/12/13.

Name	Gender	Social Status	Contact Number	Signature/LT!
Md. Alauddin		Business	01918403813	Oमानामडिप्सिंग
Md. Abil Bashar		Harmere	0192566651	sucresting.
Md. Momtajuddin		UP member	01924316184	· Parson
Md Amzad		Driverc	01024800550	OMBES
Md. Abushadek		vise (u.p)	01916332376	SMG 26
Mr. Abubakkarı		Business	01919336033	6n/2 24N
Md. Arshadul Islam		Buxiness	01740561251	· Dublud.
Md. Moharmam Ale		Business	61724872292	इतिरेडिविष्ण
Mr. Nurul Hague		Business	01949814649	2.4001230
Md. Surrij Ali		Business	01925134759	12 . / /
Md. Shafique Islam		Bur Jab	01937388160	Solorm
Md. Habijul Jslam		Student	01942209869	fuliful
Md. Suman		Business	01911188102	Do Bac
Mr. AKKAS ALi		Business		12) Day



**Photograph of the Public Consultation**